"CLARKS"
SALTS FOR FAT PEOPLE
ENTIRELY HARMLESS
Pharmacie Française
L. GRENARD & CO.,
79-81 Nanking Road.

North-China Daily News

THE "NORTH-CHINA HERALD" IS THE WEEKLY EDITION OF THE "NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

EASTER EGGS
BIANCHI
23 Nanking Road
Tel. C. 2264.

VOL. CXVI. No. 19560. SHANGHAI, WEDNESDAY, APRIL 6, 1927 TEN CENTS

CONSULADO GERAL DOS E. U. do BRASIL em SHANGHAI

I HEREBY declare that all former documents issued by this Consulate-General previous and up to January 1, 1927, are cancelled and considered null and void, unless again legalised

FLORIANO NUNES PEREIRA,
Acting Consul General for Brazil.
5645

MUNICIPAL INVESTMENT BANK

APRIL DEPOSITS

CARRYING interest at 4½% per annum will be received at the Finance Department of the Council, Administration Building, 16, Hankow Road (ground floor).

Friday	April 1
Saturday	" 2
Monday	" 4
Tuesday	" 5
Wednesday	" 6

Deposits will be in respect of the Loan of 1927, the terms of which will be announced after the next Annual Meeting of Ratepayers.
5334

FRENCH CONCESSION

NOTICE

BEGINNING from March 27, 1927, all traffic on the streets of the French Concession will be strictly prohibited between the hours of 10 p.m. and 4 a.m.

E. FIORI, Chief of Police.
5599

CUSTOMS NOTIFICATION
No. 1112.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Custom House will be closed, and the shipment and delivery of cargo suspended on April 15 and 16, 1927, (Good Friday and Saturday before Easter).

F. W. MAZE,
Commissioner of Customs.
Custom House,
Shanghai, April 5, 1927. 5731

POST OFFICE NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given that the acceptance of parcels and heavy postal matter is hereby suspended from April 6, 1927, until further notice.

POST OFFICE,
Shanghai, April 5, 1927. 5703

NOTICE

MESSRS. Li Ming and S. E. Lucas have this day resigned from their posts as Liquidator and Associate Liquidator of the Shanghai Branch of the Russo-Asiatic Bank.

LIQUIDATION OFFICE,
15 The Bund,
April 5, 1927. 5757

NOTICE

THE Ministry of Finance of the Nationalist Government has this day appointed Mr. Li Ming and Mr. Percy Chu to be Liquidator and Associate Liquidator respectively of the Shanghai Branch of the Russo-Asiatic Bank.

LIQUIDATION OFFICE,
15 The Bund,
April 5, 1927. 5758

NOTICE

THE interest and responsibility of Mr. Karl F. Melchers in our firm has ceased on December 31, 1926. Messrs. Carl-Gerhard Melchers and Dr. Adalbert Korff have been admitted partners in our firm as from January 1, 1927.

MELCHERS & CO.
5726

NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given that the business of LIGGETT & MYERS TOBACCO COMPANY in China will in future be carried on under the style of "LIGGETT & MYERS TOBACCO COMPANY (CHINA), LIMITED" (Incorporated in the State of Delaware, U.S.A.).

C. B. ARTHUR, Attorney.
Dated April 6, 1927. 5753

KALI GLIDIK COFFEE ESTATES, LTD.

(Incorporated under the Companies' Ordinances, Hongkong)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Fourth Annual General Meeting of Shareholders in the above Company will be held at No. 10 Canton Road, Shanghai, on Tuesday, April 19, 1927, at 12.45 a.m., for the purpose of receiving the Directors' Report and Statement of Accounts for the year ended December 31, 1926, declaring a Dividend, electing a Director and Auditors, and to transact any other ordinary business.

The Transfer Books and Share Registers of the Company will be closed from April 12, 1927, to April 19, 1927, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
J. A. WATTIE & CO., LTD.,
Secretaries and General Managers.
Shanghai, April 6, 1927. 5739

"China in Chaos"

Is on Sale TO-DAY

FIFTY CENTS
(postage anywhere 10 cents)

North-China Daily News Office
17 THE BUND
5734

PRELIMINARY ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MONTHLY DRAWING of the International Savings Society will be held on SATURDAY, the 16th inst. and not on Friday, the 15th, owing to the Easter Holidays.

All Bondholders who have paid their April Premium will participate in the MONTHLY DRAWING which will reimburse approximately $207,700.

INTERNATIONAL SAVINGS SOCIETY,
7 Avenue Edouard VII.
5699

REQUEST TO I.S.S. BONDHOLDERS

OWING to the difficulties our collecting shroffs encounter in finding bondholders at their offices or their homes, we shall be greatly obliged if bondholders will not wait for our shroffs but forward their premiums to Head Office by chit-book.

We respectfully beg to remind our bondholders that the sending of shroffs is a courtesy on the part of the Society and not an obligation.

M. Speelman, Director.

INTERNATIONAL SAVINGS SOCIETY,
7 Avenue Edward VII.
5611

SHANGHAI GAS CO., LTD.

(Incorporated in Hongkong)

TENDER FOR TAR DISTILLATES

THE Shanghai Gas Company Limited, is prepared to receive tenders for the purchase and removal of Tar Distillates produced at the Gas Works during the period of three years commencing on July 1, 1927, to June 30, 1930.

Full particulars may be obtained from the Engineer-in-Chief to whom sealed tenders must be addressed and endorsed "Tender for Tar Distillates" on or before April 30, 1927.
5752

ERNEST RICHARD PALMER

Deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all persons having claims upon the estate of ERNEST RICHARD PALMER, late of Shanghai, China, in the employ of the Shanghai Mutual Telephone Company, Limited deceased, who died at Shanghai aforesaid, on the 10th day of March 1927, and Probate of whose Will was granted by His Britannic Majesty's Supreme Court for China on the 1st day of April 1927 to me the undersigned JAMES PATRICK MACDERMOTT, of Shanghai aforesaid, the Executor named in the said Will, are hereby required to send particulars thereof in writing to Mr. HAROLD BROWETT, of No. 8 Museum Road, Shanghai, Solicitor, on or before the 7th day of May 1927, AND NOTICE IS HEREBY ALSO GIVEN that all persons indebted to the said Estate are hereby required to make immediate payment to him.

J. P. MACDERMOTT,
Executor.
Shanghai, April 6, 1927. 5723

TO CAR OWNERS

REPAIRS of all kinds done promptly by FOREIGN MECHANICS, regardless of strikes, etc. GARAGE ANGLO-BELGE, P.358 Avenue Haig (Tel. W. 2432). R. G. Seaborn, Manager. 5704

NOTICE OF REMOVAL

Dr. P. M. LAMBERT
Doctor of Medicine
removed to
812 RUE LAFAYETTE.
Telephone West 2742.
5669

BAGGAGE INSURANCE

C. E. SPARKE, Insurance Office
No. 44 Kiangse Road. Tel. C. 54.
Agents
EXCESS INSURANCE CO., LTD.

PASTEURISED GRADE A

CULTY'S MILK

Tel. W. 111
989 Avenue Joffre
5426

SHANGHAI PHILATELIC SOCIETY

AUCTION
TO-DAY, April 6, 1927
In the Reading Room of the
PALACE HOTEL
at 5.15 p.m.
D. N. DENNY, Hon. Sec.
5738

STREHLNEEK'S CHINESE ART STUDIO

7A NINGPO ROAD
OPEN UNTIL 6 P.M.
Chinese Art Objects of character and distinction. Superb Chinese pictures. Treasures of the Old Dynasties. 4151

SEFTON COLLEGE FOR GIRLS VICTORIA B.C. CANADA

EXCELLENT education on English lines. Beautiful grounds. Every home care. Pupils will be met at steamer on receipt of letter or cable.

For prospectus and further particulars, apply Miss Roberts, P. O. Box 937, Shanghai. 5701

SHANGHAI RACE CLUB

THIRD EXTRA RACE MEETING
Saturday, April 9, 1927
PUBLIC RECREATION GROUND WITHIN
THE SHANGHAI RACE COURSE

THE Race Club's Entrance to the Public Recreation Ground will be closed from 1 p.m. until after the last Race.

The Loong-fei (East) Entrance Gates will NOT BE CLOSED except only when ponies in a Race pass that Entrance.

By Order of the Stewards,
A. W. OLSEN, Secretary,
Shanghai Race Club.
5536

SHANGHAI RACE CLUB

SPRING RACE MEETING 1927
May 2, 3, 4 and 7, 1927

ENTRIES for the above Race Meeting will close at the Grand Stand at 4 p.m. on Monday, April 11, 1927.

ENTRIES must be deposited in the Boxes provided in the Coffee Room and Weighing Room or be forwarded by chit book by the time and date stated above.

ENTRIES received after the above time and date, even though received by post, will not be accepted. This stipulation will be strictly enforced.

ENTRY FORMS are obtainable at the Grand Stand.

By Order of the Stewards,
A. W. OLSEN, Secretary,
Shanghai Race Club.
5702

SHANGHAI RACE CLUB

NOTICE

(S. R. C. and I. R. C.)

Inter-Club Race Meeting 1927.
Saturday, April 16, 1927.

ENTRIES for the above Race Meeting will close at the Grand Stand at 7 p.m. on Saturday, April 9, 1927.

ENTRIES must be deposited in the Boxes provided in the Coffee Room and Weighing Room or be forwarded by chit book by the time and date stated above.

ENTRIES received after the above time and date, even though received by post, will not be accepted. This stipulation will be strictly enforced.

ENTRY FORMS are obtainable at the Grand Stand and from the Secretary, International Recreation Club.

SHOULD THE INTERNATIONAL RECREATION CLUB HOLD ITS ANNUAL RACE MEETING DURING EASTER, THE ABOVE INTER-CLUB RACE MEETING WILL BE ABANDONED AND ENTRANCE FEES RETURNED.

By Order of the Stewards,
A. W. OLSEN, Secretary,
Shanghai Race Club.
5535

CONSISTENTLY GOOD
CONSISTENTLY POPULAR

KUPPER BEER

SOLE AGENTS:
CALDBECK, MACGREGOR & CO., LTD.
(Incorporated under the Hongkong Companies' Ordinances)
ESTABLISHED 1864
4 Foochow Road Tel. C. 7216 (4 lines).

MUSIC
ORGANS
UKELELES AND STRINGED INSTRUMENTS
TALKING MACHINES
RECORDS—VICTOR AND H.M.V.
INSTRUMENTS FOR BANDS
EVERYTHING MUSICAL

May be obtained at

S. MOUTRIE & CO., LTD.
(Incorporated in Hongkong)
37 Nanking Road.

UNION INSURANCE SOCIETY OF CANTON, LTD.
(Incorporated in Hongkong)
THE YANGTSZE INSURANCE ASSOCIATION, LTD.
(Incorporated in Hongkong)
NORTH CHINA INSURANCE CO., LTD.
(Incorporated in Great Britain)

MARINE COMPREHENSIVE — FIRE MOTOR CAR

Yangtsze Insurance Building, 20 The Bund, Shanghai.
321

MRS. H. M. MANN

P.P.C. 5711

MR. and MRS. A. F. ALLAN AND SON

P.P.C. 5763

NOTICE

CONSEQUENT upon the closing of this Branch, we have transferred the following Agencies to Messrs. Westcott & Company:—

FOAMITE-FIREFOAM LIMITED, London
FOAMITE-CHILDS CORPORATION, New York.
per pro MacANDREWS & FORBES COMPANY.
T. A. WORRALL.
5525

NOTICE

WE have been appointed Sole Agents for Central and South China for the undermentioned Companies:—

FOAMITE-FIREFOAM LIMITED, London
FOAMITE-CHILDS CORPORATION, New York.
WESTCOTT & COMPANY.
6 Avenue Edward VII.
Telephone No. Central 8337.
5526

SYNAGOGUE OHEL MOSHE

MEMBERS and Careligionists are informed that orders for MATZOTHS for the coming Passover will be received daily between the hours 9 to 12 a.m. and 2 to 5 p.m. during April 4 to April 8 by Mr. Aaron Fein, 42 North Szechuen Road (opposite "Apollo" Theatre). Telephone North 683. There is only a limited quantity available and no complaints whatsoever will be entertained if not booked within the above date.

THE COMMITTEE.
5512

SHANGHAI STOCK EXCHANGE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an application has been received from Mr. ALBERT MENASHIH SOPHER under No. 8 of the Articles of Association for release of his Member's Security during his absence from Shanghai for an extended period, and that it is intended to make such release on April 13, 1927.

By Order of the Committee,
H. V. HUMMEL, Secretary.
March 30, 1927. 5220

IN THE MATTER OF
THE ESSEX UNION INSURANCE CO., LTD.
(In Voluntary Liquidation)

I, the undersigned, GEOFFREY BOSTOCK hereby give notice that all persons having any claims against the Essex Union Insurance Company, Limited, above named, whether as creditors, claimants or otherwise, are, under an Order made by the High Courts of Justice, Companies Winding-up in England, and dated the 13th day of January, 1927, required to send or deliver to me at 21 Ironmonger Lane, London, England, and so as the same reaches me at that address on or before the 13th day of September, 1927, their names, addresses and full particulars of their claims (other than claims already notified to creditors as admitted for dividend), and the names and addresses of their solicitors in England (if any), and if so required by notice in writing from me, to come in and prove any claims at such time and place as shall be specified by me in such notice AND FURTHER NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that under the terms of the said Order of the English Court of the 13th day of January, 1927, any persons not complying with the requirements above stated by the said 13th day of September, 1927 will thereafter be precluded from participating in any assets of the Company which shall have been distributed before their claims reach me AND NOTICE IS HEREBY FURTHER GIVEN that after the said 13th day of September, 1927 it is my intention to apply to the Court in England to empower me to close the liquidation and to exclude the claims of any person not complying with the terms of this advertisement above stated by the said 13th day of September, 1927.

Dated this 14th day of February, 1927.

GEOFFREY BOSTOCK,
Liquidator. 5612

A View of Chungking

Copies of a Drawing in Black and White
By
Ivan A. Donnelly
(A limited number will be signed by the artist)
ON SALE AT
WEEKS & CO., LTD.
Cabinet Dept.

On Exhibition Only
A Painting in Water Colour
"The Battle of Wanhsien"
An heroic episode in Naval history on the Yangtsze
5587

LOST

STRAYED, from 13 Kinnear Road, yesterday morning, English pointer dog (liver and white), answers to the name of "Bruce." Reward if necessary. G. E. O. Mayne, West 934 or Central 241. 5760

POSITION WANTED

ADVERTISER is open for engagement in any suitable capacity. Has held secretaryship of Hankow Municipal Council for a number of years, and previous to that has had wide mercantile experience. Address G. V. T. Marshall, Burlington Hotel, Shanghai. 5600

I WANT to buy and request offers for: Lessing & Othmer, Course of the North Chinese colloquial language.

Emil GRAEFE, Library,
Universitätsstrasse, LEIPZIG C. 1.
Germany.
5729

WANTED, unfurnished flat in Central district: two rooms, kitchen and bathroom with modern conveniences. Address Box 1345. 5713

WANTED to rent for early occupation, a furnished apartment, flat or house in Western or Central district. International Settlement. Address Box 1328. 5650

WOULD any dog lover give a home to a faithful chow? Please reply Box 1316. 5616

MORRIS - OXFORD for sale. Closed or open (1926 model), 4,700 miles. Mostly owner driven. Excellent condition. Address Box 1351. 5762

FRAU Generalkonsul Thiel beehrt sich anzuzeigen, dass sie von jetzt ab Mittwochs nachmittags nicht mehr zum Thee zu Hause sein wird. 5562

TO LET, with immediate occupation, five-roomed house, No. 12 Rue Chapsal near French Park with garden. Apply Messrs. Stewardson, Spence & Watson, 3 Peking Road. 5261

TO LET, ground floor godown, 3,100 sq. ft., Central district. Moderate rental. Apply Shepherd's, Ltd., 40 Kiangse Road. 5714

TO BE LET, Route Francis Garnier, nine-roomed house, three bathrooms, garage, garden, all modern conveniences, fully furnished, now available for six months or longer. Moderate rent to right party. Will consider sub-letting portion to two bachelors or married couple. Telephone Central 6258 West 1607. 5676

WEIHAIWEI

TO LET, for summer season, six-roomed, furnished bungalow at Narcissus Bay. For further particulars address Box 1350. 5743

155 ROUTE DE GROUCHY

TO LET, nicely furnished house. Very cool in summer, garden, garage. Rent Tls. 120. Telephone Central 1179 during office hours or West 1210 at other times. 5641

Apartments, Flats, Rooms with Bath and Offices To Be Let

in the SHAHMOON'S BUILDING
20 Museum Road
Ready for occupation about June
Rent moderate
Apply to S. E. SHAHMOON & CO.,
64 Peking Road.
4790

OFFICES TO LET

THE Ground Floor of the North China Daily News Building, now occupied by the Bank of Taiwan. Eminently suitable for a Bank, Insurance or Shipping business. For further particulars apply to

LESTER, JOHNSON & MORRISS,
2 Siking Road.
5408

OFFICES TO BE LET
IN THE
North-China Building
17 The Bund

For full particulars apply to
LESTER, JOHNSON & MORRISS,
2 Siking Road.
5409

SUPPLIES FOR SHANGHAI DEFENCE FORCE

WITH reference to previous advertisements, intending tenderers for contracts should note that the address of the Assistant Director of Supplies and Transport, Shanghai Defence Force, has been changed to the Palace Hotel Annexe (late Kaiser Hotel), and the tender box will be provided at that address.
5531

LANE, CRAWFORD & CO., LTD.
(Incorporated in Hongkong).
are now showing
CRETONNES, POPLINS, etc.
for
LOOSE COVERS and CURTAINS
Furnishing Department Tel. C. 3463

SHANGHAI RACE CLUB

Third Extra Race Meeting 1927, Saturday, April 9, 1927
There will be:—
1 STEEPLECHASE
5 HANDICAPS
AND
4 OTHER RACES
The Races will commence punctually at 7.15 p.m.

GUESTS TICKETS

Tickets of Admission to the Guests' Enclosure may be obtained on application to the undersigned.

Price ..... $5.00 each

NOTE:—No Guest's Ticket will be issued unless the name of the Guest is first declared.

THE PUBLIC ENTRANCE TO THE UNRESERVED PART OF THE ENCLOSURE IS NO. 14 MOHAWK ROAD WHERE THE PUBLIC MAY PURCHASE ENTRANCE BADGES.

Price ..... $1.00 each

ALL BADGES AND TICKETS MUST BE WORN VISIBLY. ADMISSION WILL BE REFUSED TO THOSE UNDER 17 YEARS OF AGE.

Tiffin, Tea and Refreshments will be obtainable at the Course after 12 noon.

By Order of the Stewards,
A. W. OLSEN, Secretary,
Shanghai Race Club.
5534

THE JADE TREE, INC.

New Consignment of our famous JADE TREE PEKING RUGS just received, also Exquisite selection of Peking Jewellery, Rings, etc., Artistic Pocket-books, Vanity cases, Embroideries, Unusual Lamp Shades of Real Parchment, Antiques, Jewelled Trees, Old Iron Pictures.

64 ROUTE GHISI
(A continuation of Route Pichon)
Telephone West 1440.
Open till 6 p.m.

INSHALLAH DAIRY FARM

GRADE A.
FRESH MILK AND CREAM
71 Ward Rd. 'Phone E. 415
5470

"RAFFLE"

$360.00
BRUNSWICK GRAMOPHONE
Winning Number
115
5644

KOREA MISSION CLOTH

for shirts, ladies' and children's dresses, uniforms, curtains, etc. Guaranteed not to fade or shrink and seldom wears out. NOW ON DISPLAY. A large variety of new designs.

EDWARD EVANS & SONS, LTD.,
17 Kiukiang Road,
(opposite the Cathedral)
5528

SHANGHAI INSURANCE OFFICE

10 Kiukiang Road
Representing:
AMERICAN, BRITISH & DUTCH INSURANCE COMPANIES
FIRE
MARINE
MOTOR CAR
BURGLARY
CASUALTY
LIFE
and all other classes of insurances transacted at lowest current rates.

Tel. C. 808 (2 lines) R. A. KREULEN, Gen. Manager.
264

WALTER DUNN & CO.

A.133 Szechuen Road. Tel. C. 805

Sole Agent
(Yellow Label)
VERY RARE OLD LIQUEUR WHISKY
Specially selected and shipped by William Grant & Sons, Ltd., Famous Distillery, Glasgow.

DAHLIA TUBERS AND GLADIOLI CORMS

Only a few left of our splendid collection, Tubers and Gladioli Corms

NOW IS THE TIME TO PLANT

SPECIAL PRICE

Dahlia Tubers $1.25 each net.
Gladioli Corms $2.25 dozen net.

WEEKS & CO., LTD.
(Incorporated in Hongkong)
SHANGHAI

PURE FRESH MILK

produced amidst pleasant surroundings, no expensive machinery, but under strict supervision of the proprietor. Inspection invited at any time and at any day.

ROSELAWN DAIRY FARM,
35 Tongshan Road.
Telephone East 321.
Licensed to sell Grade B. Produce.
5658

FRIBOURG & FRYER'S

FINEST EGYPTIAN CIGARETTES

A. R. BURKILL & SONS
Sole Agents
2 Canton Road.
5355

NORBURY, SNOW & CO., LTD.
Manchester

CHOP TICKETS AND TRADE MARKS
Special prices for
CHINESE ART CALENDARS
Represented by
W. G. R. MURPHY,
Foochow Road, Shanghai.
Telephone Central 308
569

ASK FOR
MARCEL'S CHOCOLATES
for they are the best and
Always Fresh.
32 Nanking Road,
242 Szechuen Road. 9334

THE NORTH-CHINA HONG LIST
FOR 1927
IS NOW ON SALE

Published in a new and more convenient form

Price:
With map of Shanghai $10.00
Without map 9.00

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS
17 The Bund, Shanghai

THE 1927 EDITION
OF THE CHINA
Stock & Share Handbook
IS NOW ON SALE

This edition is new and enlarged and contains a mass of information not previously included in the Handbook.

Every Stock and Share Broker should possess a copy; every Investor needs one.

388 pp. Price $8 net.

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS
SHANGHAI

BRITISH ENGINEERING STANDARDS

The Latest Specifications from Home; Revisions which have Recently been Made

British Standard Specifications for Charcoal Iron Ladwelded Boiler Tubes, and Cold Drawn Weldless Steel Tubes for Locomotive Boilers (B. S. S. Nos. 43 and 53-1927).

The British Engineering Standards Association has published revised editions of the British Standard Specifications for charcoal iron ladwelded boiler tubes (No. 43) and for cold drawn weldless steel tubes for locomotive boilers (No. 53).

The principal difference between the old and new issues of both specifications is the inclusion of standard sizes and thicknesses for boiler tubes, and tolerances on their thickness and external diameter, but whilst the specification for cold drawn weldless steel tubes has been drawn up so as to cover testing requirements for superheater smoke and element tubes, standard sizes for these tubes are not included.

The tensible strength for steel tubes, whether the test is made on pieces of tube or strips cut from the tubes, has been raised to 26 tons per square inch and a minimum of 20 is now specified. The minimum elongation required on pieces of tube remains the same as before, namely 28 tons per square inch, but in the case of strips cut from the tubes the minimum has been reduced to 22 tons per square inch.

Incandescent Electric Lamps

British Standard Specifications for watertight fittings for incandescent electric lamps No. 97-1926.

This specification, which is a revision of the 1920 edition, applies to fittings of the bulkhead and well-glass types for use in conjunction with British standard lamps (B.E.S.A. Specification No. 161), having an overall length not exceeding 150 mm. and 140 mm. respectively.

The general clauses deal with the material, finish of material, wire entry, earthing screw and lampholder, whereas the sectional clauses deal mostly with dimensions, packing rings and gauging. The dimensions standardized are those essential for interchangeability, but the full details of the design of the fittings are not standardized. It is mainly in the latter feature that the present specification differs from the old edition, where in the details of the design were very minutely specified. The general construction is now left in the hands of the manufacturer, who can thus work to his own design within the limits imposed by the dimensions necessary for interchangeability. These dimensions are clearly shown on a series of drawings covering several types of bulkhead and well-glass fittings.

An important item in the specification is the standardization of the screw-thread on the guard and in the body of screw-guard fittings, this being of Whitworth form with 16 threads per inch. In the past great inconvenience has been experienced owing to the existence of an alternative screw-thread having 19 threads per inch, and the universal adoption of the present standard will be to the benefit of both users and manufacturers.

The British Engineering Standards Association has just published three British standard specifications for different qualities of zinc, namely:—

No. 226-1926 *Fine Zinc* (or spelter) (Grades A and B).

No. 221-1926 *Special Zinc* (or spelter).

No. 222-1926 *Foundry Zinc* (or spelter).

The percentages of zinc in the two "fine" grades are specified as 99.95 per cent. minimum and 99.90 per cent minimum respectively, for special zinc the minimum zinc content is 99.50 per cent and for foundry zinc 98.50 per cent.

The specifications include particulars as to how the samples are to be taken for analysis, both as regards the means to be used and also the positions in the plates from which the samples are to be extracted.

Flame Proof Enclosures

British Standard Specification for flame-proof enclosures for electrical apparatus and tests for flame-proof enclosures (No. 229-1926).

The British Engineering Standards Association have just issued a British standard specification of flame-proof enclosures for electrical apparatus and machinery (for use in mines and other places where an explosive atmosphere may be encountered) and of tests for such enclosures. The specification defines the tests which the flame-proof enclosure must withstand. The additional features of design and construction are specified in other British standard specification dealing with particular flame-proof apparatus such as motors, switchgear etc. This definition has received acceptance in several parts of the world.

The test clauses have been associated with conditions which aim at securing that the certificates of compliance with the flame-proof test should be issued only when the apparatus conforms to British standard specification, where such exist and the request has been made that more complete specifications for control gear than those now existing should be prepared.

In this connexion it is of interest to note that committees acting conjointly under the Electrical and Colliery Sections of the B. E. S. A. are preparing specifications for mining motors, switchgear and controllers for use in mines which make use of the tests given in this specification in order to ensure the flame-proof properties of the gear.

Oxides of Iron, Etc.

British Standard Specification for red oxides of iron, zinc oxide, oil paste, white lead paints and extra hard drying varnish.

The British Engineering Standards Association has just issued the following five new British Standard Specifications for:—

Ready Mixed Linseed Oil Paint (Oil Gloss) Genuine White Lead, No. 261-1926.

Ready Mixed Linseed Oil Paint (Oil Gloss) Tinted Paints (White Lead Base), No. 262-1926.

Red Oxides of Iron (Class 1 Natural or Mixed Iron Oxides) for Paints, No. 272-1926.

Zinc Oxide Oil Paste for Paints, No. 273-1926.

Extra Hard Drying Varnish, No. 274-1926.

They contain clauses regulating the composition, together with standard reception tests, for the purchase of these materials together with appendices giving methods of carrying out the tests.

These specifications have been prepared at the request of the paint manufacturers by a committee representative of both the buying and manufacturing interests, and as in the case of all British Standard specifications, they will be reviewed as experience of their working or progress in the industry renders it necessary, and revised issues will be published from time to time. Amongst other specifications in hand which will be published as completed are the following:—red oxide of iron oil paste (class 1 and 2), lead chromes, prussian blues, lithophone, lithophone oil paste, carbon black, gold size, zinc oxide and tinted zinc oxide ready mixed paint.

Switchgear Cells

British Standard Specification for switchgear cells and cubicles constructed of moulded stone). No. 268-1926).

The specification is divided into two parts indicating the principles to be followed in the construction of:—

(I) Cubicles constructed from pre-cast units,

(II) Cubicles constructed in place.

It defines the terms "concrete," "slabs" and "mouldings," and indicates the materials to be employed and method of mixing in the preparation of "concrete." It defines the finish of "slabs" and "mouldings" and lays down acceptance tests to be made at periods from four to 12 weeks in the age of the slabs. In the case of mouldings, tests are to be taken on slabs taken from the same mix as the mouldings. The tests consist of the application of an evenly distributed load on a central area, the width of the slabs and parallel to the ends where they are freely supported. The specification indicates the general principles to be followed in the design of cubicles.

The specification is of special interest to all switchgear purchasers and manufacturers, since the sound construction of cells is of the utmost importance, in connexion with modern switchgear where complete phase separation and also the separation of individual apparatus are essential features, which can only be properly attained by the use of good quality materials, employed in a suitable manner.

Copies of any of the above specifications are obtainable from Mr. C. H. Whitaker, Hon. Secretary of the China Committee of the Association, care of The Asiatic Petroleum Co. (North China), Ld., Engineering Department, No. 1 The Bund, Shanghai. Price:—Mex. $1 per copy (for outports plus 2 cts. postage).

SHARE MARKET

Apr. 5, 1927

J. P. BISSET & CO.'S REPORT

STOCK	Closing Quotations	Value paid up
BANKS		
H. & S. Bank ..	M $1,165 N.	H $125
Chartered Bank ..		£1
INSURANCE		
Union ..	H $293 N.	£1
North-China ..	T140 N.	£1
Yangtsze ..	M $40 N.	M. $11
Far Eastern ..	T27 N.	T5
Canton ..	H $663 B.	H $10
Hongkong Fire ..	H $200 B.	H $50
China Fire ..	H $2500 B.	H $500
Fraser Assitgue ..	$450 N.	$300
SHIPPING		
Indo-China (Ord.	H $30 B.	£5
(Pref.	H $40 B.	£5
Shell T'sport (Ord.		£1
S'hai Tug .. (Pref.	T643 N.	T20
	T45 N.	T20
DOCKS & WHARVES		
Shanghai Docks ..	T102.50 N.	T75
New King & .. (Ord.	T5.75 N.	T5
Whfs. Yoks. (Pref.	T4.38 N.	T5
C'hai S. H. Wharves	T145 N.	T100
Hongkew Wfs. & Godown	H $86 B.	H $50
H'kong & Wpoo Dock	H $30 B.	H $40
MINING		
Chinese Eng. " B "	T14 N.	
do London	£1.12.6 D.	£1
LANDS & HOTELS		
Shanghai Lands ..	T173 S.	T50
Fonc. et Immob ..	T110 N.	T100
Hongkong Lands ..	H $13 B.	H $10
Willaiver Lands ..	T6 N.	T5
Astor House ..	T175 N.	£1
Astor House ..	T167.50 N.	H $10
Astor-French ..	T12 N.	£1
H'kong S'hai Hotels	M $160 N.	M $100
Carlton ..	T12 N.	£1
Asia Realty ..	M $160 N.	M $100
Raven Trust .. (Ord.	G $10 N.	G $10
(Def.	G $10 N.	G $10
PLANTATIONS		
Alma Estates Ltd.	T15 S.	£1
Amherst (New) ..	T1.25 N.	T1
Anglo-Dutch ..	T5.10 N.	10s.
Anglo-Java ..	T9.75 N.	10s.
Ayer Tawahs ..	T6.00 N.	T1
Bukit Anneke ..	T1.90 N.	T1
Bukit Tuk ..	T3.10 S.	T1
Bute (1923) ..	T1.80 B.	T1
Clunnor United ..	T2.90 N.	T1.00
Chempedaks ..	T28 N.	£1
Cheng ..	T3.85 N.	T1
Consolidated (1914)	T3 N.	T0.75
Dunlopiug ..	T6.05 N.	T1
Gula Kalumpang ..	T16 B.	£1
do. (15/-) ..	T16 B.	15/-
Java Consolidated ..	T2.75 N.	£-
Kali Gudik ..	T9.75 N.	T10
Kapayang ..	T4.50 N.	T0.75
Kota Bahroe (1925)	T1.70 N.	T1
Kumbang ..	T4.40 N.	£1
Kwala Lumpor ..	T2.75 N.	£1
Lemboh ..	T2.50 B.	£1
Lumut ..	T1.85 N.	£1
Malacca ..	T3.10 S.	£1
Malay ..	T1.80 B.	£1
Mayfield ..	T2.90 N.	£1
Merlimau ..	T28 N.	£1
Pataling ..	T3.25 N.	£1
Rubber Trust ..	T1.80 N.	£1
Semenyih .. (Or d. 1921) .. (Pref.	T3.25 N.	£1
Shanghai Kedah ..	T1.80 N.	£1
Shanghai Kelangs		
Shanghai Kinsman Co. (1925) ..	T1.20 N.	T1
Shanghai .. (Ord.	T18.75 N.	T10
Malay .. (Pref.	T13.25 N.	T10
Shanghai Pahang ..	T14 N.	£1
Shanghai Serambau	T1.50 N.	£1
Sungei Kruing ..	T16.50 N.	£1
Sin Manggis ..	T1.75 B.	£1
Sungalan ..	T3 N.	£1
Sungei Duris ..	T20 B.	£1
Taiping ..	T1.45 N.	£1
Tanah Merah ..	T1.44 N.	£1
Tehong ..	T2.15 S.	£1
Tjiandas ..	T9.30 N.	10s.
COTTON, ETC:		
Ewo Cot. Mills (Ord.	T7.35 N.	T5
(Pref.	T100 S.	T100
Oriental ..	T2 N.	T3
Shanghai .. (Ord.	T65 N.	T50
Cottons (New	T28 N.	T25
Loong Sing Mill ..	T8 N.	T10
INDUSTRIALS		
China Lumber ..	T950 N.	T100
China Sugars ..	H $17 B.	H $25
John Kinnards & Co.	T10 N.	T10
Queensland Cement	H $7.50	H $7.50
Laoktze ..	T9.50 N.	Gu. 10
Shanghai Loan ..	T9.50 N.	T5
C'hai Exploration ..	T4 N.	T5
Major Bros ..	T5 N.	T10
Shanghai Gas ..	T40 N.	T50
S'hai Waterworks ..	BNT138 N.	£1
do. " B " issue 7½	BNT102 N.	£1
do. Fitting & Co.	T28 N.	T1
STORES		
Hall & Holts ..	M $10 N.	M $20
Mantle	M $70 N.	M $20
Weeks	M $5.75 N.	M $10
Lane Crawfords ..	M $100 N.	M $100
MISCELLANEOUS		
Dairy Dairy Co. ..	T95 N.	T10
Horse Bazaar ..	M $70 N.	T50
S'hai E. Constr. "B" (London) ..	T15 N. £1.14.3 S.	£1
China General O'bus	15 N.	T10
S'hai Telephone ..	T63 N.	T50
Oriental Press ..	M $100 N.	M $100
Kelly & Walsh ..	M $10 N.	M $10

Full details of all shares and debentures etc., appear every Saturday in a special supplement. 4 Business Jones to-day

LONDON ASSURANCE

CORPORATION

Fire policies at Current rates.

SIMON LEVY & NISSIM, LTD.

SCOTT, HARDING & CO., LTD.

LOSS OF TITLE DEED

NOTICE is hereby given that the owner's copy of the Title Deed of British Consular Lot 1023 in the name of H. D. Camajee has this day been declared lost and that application will be made to the British Consulate-General for the issue of a duplicate Title Deed at the expiration of three months from date.

Solicitors for the Representatives of

WHITE-COOPER & CO.,

H. D. Camajee, deceased.

Dated January 1, 1927.

77

BEST PORTLAND CEMENT

Green Island Cement Company, Limited

The best Portland Cement in the East. The only cement used by the British Government in Hongkong

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS

Manufacturers of

DRAIN PIPES, FIRE BRICKS, FIRE CLAY AND TILES.

For further particulars apply to

ELLISTON & CO.

8 Yuen Ming Yuen Road

BANKS

THE CHINESE AMERICAN BANK OF COMMERCE

11 Nanking Road
Shanghai

Authorized Capital	$10,000,000.00
Paid-up Capital	7,500,000.00
Surplus and Reserves	1,741,000.00

Branches:

Shanghai, Peking, Tientsin, Tsinan, Hankow, Harbin.

A Commercial Bank with six Branches in the Principal Cities of China all working as one in the interests of sound business be it local, national or international.

RUH CHENG, Manager.

SAFES

See ours before buying

G.$54 up

DODWELL & CO., LTD.

Office Appliance Departments

Ground Floor of the Union Building

1 Canton Road.

1168

PAMPHLETS AND BOOKS

ON SALE AT THE OFFICE OF THE "NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS" SHANGHAI

All-in one Exchange Tables (10 currencies). Second Edition, by S. Krieger Mex.	$5.00
A Naturalist's Notebook in China, by A. de C. Sowerby	3.00
A Necklace of Peachstones, by W. A. Cornaby	3.00
Baron Richtofen's Letters, 2nd Edition	6.00
China Stock & Share Handbook	3.00
China Architects' and Builders' Compendium	6.00
Chinese Chess, by W. R. Wilkinson	1.00
Chinese Folklore, by John Macgowan	2.50
Currency and Banking, by S. R. Wagel	10.00
Exchange Tables, by T. Toledano	2.50
Daily Exchange Quotations, Addis	1.00
Fragments of Confucian Lore, by T. T. H. Ferguson	1.50
Finance in China, by S. R. Wagel	10.00
Guide to Shanghai	1.00
How to Avoid Collisions at Sea, by Capt. F. Davies	3.00
New Map of Shanghai	2.00
New Map mounted on cloth	5.00
On Tramp Among the Mongols, by John Hedley	1.50
North-China Desk Hong List, 1927	10.00
Old Tartar Trails, by A. S. Kent	6.00
Report of International Opium Commission held at Shanghai, February, 1902 (2 vols.)	5.00
Rules of H.B.M. Supreme Court in China	8.09
Shanghai: Its Mixed Court and Council, by A. M. Kotenev	20.09
Lease of Premises Forms	0.25
Powers of Attorney (full)	1.00
Powers of Attorney	0.50
Will Forms	0.25

MIXED COURT APPLICATION FORMS:

1 Distress for Rent	0.20
2 Auction Order	0.20
3 Removal of Seals	0.20
4 Summons for Rent (Less for quantities).	0.20

THE PRUDENTIAL ASSURANCE CO., LTD.

LONDON

Founded 1848

Total funds exceed £182,000,000

The Security Offered by the Company is Absolute

FIRE INSURANCE

General Agents for China

BLOM & VAN DER AA

H. C. A. VAN SOMEREN

Manager for China.

3 Edward Ezra Road, Shanghai. Tel. C. 69 and 70

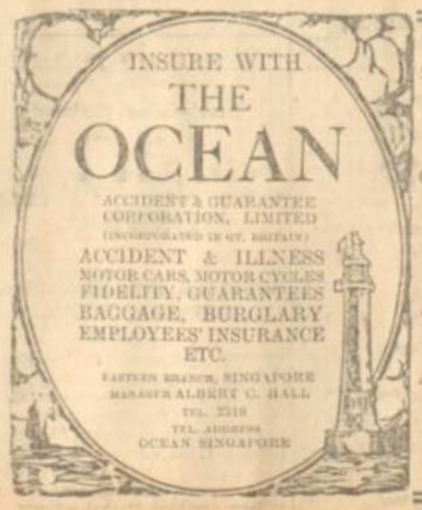
CAMMELL LAIRD & CO., LTD.

Controlling The Leeds Forge Co., Newlay Wheel Co., etc. Birkenhead, Sheffield, Nottingham, Birmingham, Leeds, Penistone and London

STEEL OR WOOD FREIGHT AND COAL CARS

"FOX" PRESSED STEEL TRUCKS AND CORRUGATED FURNACES

18 PEKING ROAD, SHANGHAI C. 6764



2 CANTON ROAD

TEL. C. 1169

GRAEME D. NICHOLL
Local Manager

Agents:

THOS. COOK & SON, LTD.

AMERICAN EXPRESS CO., INC.

F. L. MARSHALL.

6315

BANKS

THE NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK

Head Office:
55 Wall Street, New York, U.S.A.

CAPITAL, SURPLUS AND UNDIVIDED PROFITS U.S. $140,000,000.

Branches in:

ARGENTINE	ITALY
BELGIUM	JAPAN
BRAZIL	JAVA
CHILE	PANAMA
CHINA	PERU
CUBA	PORTO RICO
DOMINICAN REPUBLIC	STRAITS SETTLEMENT
LONDON	URUGUAY
FRANCE	VENEZUELA
INDIA	

1-A Kiukiang Road, Shanghai

THE BANK OF CANTON LIMITED

(Incorporated in Hongkong)

Nos. 1 and 2 NINGPO ROAD

Capital Authorized	$1,200,000
Capital Paid up	$1,078,530
Reserve Fund .... Hk.	$700,000.00

Head Office—Hongkong

Branches:—Shanghai, Canton, New York, Bangkok, Hankow

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

W. P. CHEUNG, Manager.

YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK LTD.

(Established 1880)

Capital (subscribed)	Y.100,000,000
Capital (fully paid up)	Y.100,000,000
Reserve Fund	Y. 92,500,000

Head Office: YOKOHAMA, JAPAN

Shanghai Branch: THE BUND

Branches:

Alexandria (Egypt)	Kobe	San Francisco
Batavia	London	Seattle
Bombay	Los Angeles	Shanghai
Buenos Aires	Lyons	Shimonoseki
Calcutta	Manila	Singapore
Canton	Mukden	Sourabaya
Changchun	Nagasaki	Sydney
Dairen (Dalny)	Nanchowfu	Tientsin
Hamburg	New York	Tokyo
Hankow	Osaka	Tsingtau
Harbin	Peking	Vladivostock
Hongkong	Saigon	Yokohama
Honolulu	Rio de Janeiro	
Kalgan	Saigon	
Karsahi	Samarang	

C. HASHIMUME, Manager.

THE FAR EASTERN BANK

("DALBANK")

(Established in Harbin)

Paid-up Capital—M.$5,000,000.00

Head Office—Harbin.

Branches: Shanghai, Peking, Tientsin, Kalgan, Manchouli and Hailar.

The Bank has Correspondents throughout the U.S.S.R. and also in England, U.S.A., Mongolia and elsewhere.

Every description of banking business transacted.

Shanghai Branch: 29a Szechuen Road.

N. M. FROMBERG, Manager.

4352

THE P. & O. BANKING CORPORATION, LTD.

(Incorporated in Hongkong)

Authorized Capital	£5,000,000
Subscribed Capital	2,594,160
Paid-up Capital	2,594,160
Reserve	180,000

Head Office: 117-122 LEADENHALL ST. LONDON, E. C. 3.

Branches: 16 COCKSPUR STREET, LONDON, S. W. 1;

Bombay; Ballard Pier Bombay; Calcutta; Canton; Colombo; Hongkong; Karachi; Madras; Shanghai; Singapore.

Affiliated Bank:

ALLAHABED BANK, LIMITED

Head Office: Calcutta; with 55 Branches and Sub-Agencies in India.

Authorized Capital	Rs. 4,000,000
Subscribed Capital	4,000,000
Paid-up Capital	3,550,000
Reserve	4,450,000

Every description of Banking business transacted. Correspondents in all parts of the world.

For the special convenience of passengers, PASSENGER LETTERS OF CREDIT are issued which can be cashed:

1. On board any vessel of the P. & O. S. N. Co., the B. I. S. N. Co. (Home Line) or the Orient Line.
2. At any Port of Call at the Offices of the Agents of the P. & O. S. N. Co. or B. I. S. N. Co.
3. At Head Office and Branches of The P. & O. Banking Corporation, Ltd., or of the Allahabad Bank, Ltd.

C. T. BEATH, Manager.

6 The Bund.

行 銀 鮮 朝

THE BANK OF CHOSEN

Incorporated by Special Imperial Charter 1909

Capital Subscribed Y.40,000,000

Head Office—SEOUL (Korea)

Shanghai Office—3 Kiukiang Road.

Telephones:—Manager—Central 2205, 6254. T.T. Dept.—C.2488, General Office—2294, 5194, 7231. Compradore—2295, 7971.

Branches

Japan—Tokio (Central Office) Kobe, Osaka.

Chosen (Korea) Chemulpo, Chinnampo, Changjin, Fusan, Hallyong, Kunsan, Mokpo, Pyengyang, Taiku Wonsan.

Manchuria—Antung, Changchun, Dairen, Fushiatien, Harbin, Kalyuan, Liaoyang, Lungchingtsun, Mukden, Ryujun (Port Arthur), Tiehling, Yingkow (Newchwang).

China—Shanghai, Tientsin, Tsingtao.

Siberia—Vladivostock.

U.S.A.—New York.

E. HAYASHI, Manager.

4474

BANKS

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION

(Incorporated in Hongkong)

CAPITAL:

Authorised	$50,000,000
Issued and fully paid up	$20,000,000
Reserve Funds:	
Sterling	£ 6,000,000
Silver	$18,500,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors	$20,000,000

Head Office: HONGKONG.

Court of Directors

Hon. Mr. D. G. M. Bernard, Chairman

A. H. Compton, Esq. Deputy-Chairman

W. H. Bell, Esq.
Hon. Mr. A. O. Lang,
W. L. Pattenden, Esq.
J. A. Plummer, Esq.
T. G. Weall, Esq.
H. P. White, Esq.
G. M. Young, Esq.

Branches and Agencies:

Amoy	Harbin	Peking
Bangkok	Ipoh	Penang
Batavia	Iloilo	Rangoon
Bombay	Johore	Saigon
Calcutta	Kobe	San Francisco
Canton	Kuala-Lumpur	Shanghai
Chefoo	London	Singapore
Colombo	Lyons	Sourabaya
Dairen	Malacca	Sungei Patani
Foochow	Manila	Tientsin
Haiphong	Moukden	Tokyo
Hamburg	Nagasaki	Tsingtao
Hankow	New York	Yokohama

Acting Chief Manager:

A. C. HYNES, Esq.

London Bankers:

THE WESTMINSTER BANK, LTD.

Shanghai Branch: 12 THE BUND

Sub-Agency: 27 Broadway.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and on Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Local Bills Discounted.

Credits granted on approved securities and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, Africa, China, Japan and America.

Safe Deposit boxes to rent. Terms on application.

Savings Bank Office:

Deposits of not less than $1 will be received.

Not more than $200 will be received during one month from any single Depositor.

Interest at the rate of 3½ per cent. per annum will be allowed upon the monthly minimum balance.

The maximum balance on which interest will be allowed is $5,000.00.

Deposits may be withdrawn on demand. Account will be kept either in Dollars or Taels, Local Currency, at the option of the Depositor.

Depositors will be provided with Pass Books, in which all transactions will be entered. Pass Books must be presented when paying in or withdrawing money.

Office Hours—10 a.m. to 3 p.m.; Saturday, 10 a.m. to 12 noon.

A. B. LOWSON, MANAGER.

COMMERCIAL BANK OF CHINA

Subscribed Capital Sh. Tls. 500.000

Paid-up Capital 2,500.000

Head Office: Shanghai

Advances made on approved securities. Bills discounted.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels or Dollars according to arrangement.

FU SIAO EN, Managing Director.

Bank of Communications

(Specially authorised and made National Bank by Presidential Mandates of April 7th 1911 and October 21st 1914).

Capital $20,000,000.00

President: Liang Shih Yi
Vice-President: Lu Hseuh Pu

HEAD OFFICE: TIENTSIN

Branches and Agencies in Domestic Cities and Foreign Countries. Banking and Exchange. Interest allowed on Accounts and Deposits according to arrangement. Special Facilities for Transfers at all parts of China.

Shanghai Branch:

T. D. Woo, Manager, S. T. Huang, S. V. Yuen, S. C. Wu, Sub-Managers.

4369

BANQUE FRANCO-CHINOISE POUR LE COMMERCE ET L'INDUSTRIE

(Société Annonyme)

Capital (full paid)	Frs. 20,000,000
Reserve	11,500,000
Working Fund (supplied under contract by the Banque Industrielle de Chine)	Frs. 50,000,000

Telegraphic Address: GERANCHINE

Head Office: 74 Rue Saint Lazare, Paris

Branches:

Canton, Haiphong, Hanoi, Hongkong, Lyons, Marseilles, Peking, Pnom-Penh, Saigon, Tientsin and Shanghai. Correspondents all over the word.

The Bank was founded by:

The Banque de Paris and des Pays Bas. The Banque Nationale de Crédit. The Banque Française and Italienne pour l'Amérique du Sud, etc., and is under the supervision of the French Government.

M. DE CELLES

Delegate of the French Government; General Manager: Mr. CARRIER

All Bank and Exchange business transacted.

[illegible]

BANKS

BANQUE BELGE POUR L'ETRANGER, S. A.

(Affiliated to Société Générale de Belgique).

	Frs.
Capital (subscribed)	100,000,000
Capital (paid up)	75,000,000
Reserves	40,000,000

Head Office: BRUSSELS

Branches at:

London, Paris, New York, Constantinople, Bucharest, Braila, Cairo, Alexandria, Peking, Shanghai, Tientsin, Hankow.

Allied Banks:

Banco International de Industriary Comercio, Madrid, with Branches in Spain and Morocco, Wiener-Bank-Verein, Vienna, with Branches in Austria, Hungary, Rumania, Italy (Tyrol) and Yugo-Slavia, Allegemeiner Boehmischer Bank-Verein, Prague, with Branches in Czecho-Slovaka, Banque Franco Belge de Blugarde, S. A., Sonfia, Banque en Pay de Bosnie-Herzegovine, Sarajevo, with Branches in Yugo-Slavia, Société Generale de Banque for Societe Générale de Banque for Pologne, Warsaw, with Branches in Poland.

Correspondents in all ports of the World.

Every description of Banking business transacted.

L. STRAETMANS, Manager.

THE ITALIAN BANK FOR CHINA

BANCA ITALIANA PER LA CINA

Affiliated to The Credito Italiano

Capital	G.$1,000,000
Reserve	G.$ 150,000

Head Office: SHANGHAI
16 Kiukiang Road
Branches Shanghai and Tientsin

Bankers:

ITALY: Credito Italiano.
ENGLAND, LONDON: Credito Italiano, National Provincial Bank, Lloyds Bank, Midland Bank.
FRANCE: Banque Français et Italiano pour l'Amérique du Sud, Banque Nationale de Crédit, Banque Italo-Belge, Société Générale de Paris.
UNITED STATES: Credito Italiano, Equitable Trust Company, Irving Bank—Columbia Trust Company, Italian Discount & Trust Company, Bank of America.
CANADA: Canadian Bank of Commerce.
SOUTH AMERICA: Banca Italo-Belga.
SWITZERLAND: Banque Commerciale de Bale, Basle, Banco Unione di Credito.
BELGIUM: Credit Général Liégeois.

Current fixed and saving accounts carried in Taels, Dollars, Sterling, U.S. Gold, Italian Lire Francs. Terms on application.

General Banking business transacted Special facilities for Italian exchange.

Telegraphic Address: BANKENIT
Telephones:
General Office: Central 5090
T. T. Department: Central 5091
Manager's Office: Central 5094
Compradore: Central 5965

U. M. TAVELLA, General Manager.

W. A. STERLING, Manager.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED

(Incorporated in Great Britain)

Capital Authorized	£2,000,000
Capital Paid-up	1,050,000
Reserve and Undivided Profits	1,512,000

Head Office:
15 GRACECHURCH STREET, LONDON, E.C. 3.

London Bankers:
BANK OF ENGLAND
MIDLAND BANK, LD.

Branches and Agencies in

India	Malaya	Hongkong
Burma	Straits Sett:	China
Ceylon	Kuantan F.M.S.	New York
Mauritius	Java	Siam

Shanghai Branch:
26 THE BUND

Bill of Exchange purchased and Drafts granted on all commercial centres.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and on Fixed Deposits according to arrangements.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

T. MCDOWELL, Manager.

行 業 友 住

THE SUMITOMO BANK, LTD.

Capital	Y.70,000,000
Paid Up Capital	50,000,000
Reserve Fund	24,120,000

Shanghai Branch: 5 KIUKIANG ROAD

Telephones:

Manager	Central: 5121
All Depts.	" 5221-2-3
Compradore	" 4062

Branches:

Bombay	Kyoto	Sacramento
Hakata	London	San Francisco
Hankow	Los Angeles	Seattle
Hiroshima	Moji	Shanghai
Honolulu	Nagoya	Shimonoseki
Kobe	New York	Tokio
Kokura	Niihama	Wakamatsu
Kumamoto	Okayama	Yanai
Kure	Osaka	Yokohama
Kurume	Otaniehi	

General Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

S. IMAMURA, Manager.

行 業 亞 東

THE BANK OF EAST ASIA LIMITED

(Incorporated in Hongkong)

Head Office: HONGKONG

Shanghai Branch:
No. 19 Kiukiang Road.

Authorized Capital	$10,000,000.00
Paid-up Capital	5,000,000.00
Reserve Fund	1,200,000.00

Branches and Agencies:

Batavia	London	Samarang
Bombay	Manila	San Francisco
Canton	New York	Seattle
Calcutta	Paris	Singapore
Chicago	Peking	Sourabaia
Hankow	Rangoon	Talpeh
Kobe	Saigon	Tientsin

Every Description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

[illegible] SINGAPORE.

BANKS

NEDERLANDSCHE HANDEL MAATSCHAPPIJ

NETHERLANDS TRADING SOCIETY

Established 1824.

Paid Up Captial Guilders	80,000,000 (about £6,666,666)
Reserve Fonds: Guilders	21,177,440 (about £1,750,778)
Special Reserves: Guilders	23,650,000 (about £1,338,333)

Head Office AMSTERDAM

Head Agency: BATAVIA

Agencies in HOLLAND

THE HAGUE and ROTTERDAM

Branches:

Bandjermasin	Kobe	Rangoon
Bandoeng	Kota-Radja	Semarang
Bombay	Makassar	Sibolga
Calcutta	Medan	Singapore
Cheribon	Padang	Sourabaia
Djember	Pekalongan	Soerakarta
Djokjakarta	Palembang	Tegal
Hongkong	Penang	Tjilatjap
Jidda	Pontianak	Weltevreden

London Bankers:—

NATIONAL PROVINCIAL BANK LTD

Correspondents at the principal places in Europe, Asia, Australia and North America.

The Bank buys, sells and receives for collection Bills of Exchange, issues Letters of Credit on its Branches and correspondents and transacts Banking business of every description.

Shanghai Interest allowed on current and accounts and fixed deposites according to arrangement.

L. J. S. VAN LEEUWEN, Manager

2125

BANQUE DE L'INDO-CHINE

	Frs.
Subscribed Capital	72,000,000
Paid-up Capital	63,400,000
Reserve Fund (31/1/25)	85,000,000

Head Office: No. 96 Boulevard Haussmann, Paris (80)

Branches and Agencies:

Saigon	Battambang	Tourane
Haiphong	Hanoi	Tientsin
Hongkong	Yunnanfou	Mentse
Peking	Canton	Bangkok
Singapore	Pondicherry	Noumea
Papeete	Shanghai	Yunnanfu
Pnom Penh	Djibouti	Fort Bayard

London Bankers

The National Provincial & Union Bank of England, Ltd.

Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris Crédit, Lyonnais.

The Shanghai Agency undertakes all Banking and Exchange operations; grants credits on goods and approved securities; open Current and Fixed Deposits accounts in arrangement.

G. LEBOUCQ, Manager.

MITSUBISHI BANK, LIMITED

Capital	Y.50,000,000
Paid-up	30,000,000
Reserve Fund	28,380,000

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Telephones: Manager Central 532
All Depts. C. 2963, 2964, 3228.
Compradore C. 2348.

President: M. KUSHIDA, Esq.

Head Office: Tokyo, Japan.

Branches: Tokyo, Osaka, Kobe, Kyoto, Nagoya, Otaru, New York and London.

General Banking and Exchange business transacted.

M. SUZUKI, Manager.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA AUSTRALIA & CHINA

(Incorporated in England by Royal Charter, 1853).

Capital	£3,000,000
Reserve Fund	4,000,000

Head Office: 38 Bishopsgate, London
Shanghai Branch: 18 The Bund

Agencies and Branches:

Alor star (Kedah)	Delhi	Peshawar
Amritsar	Ipoh	Puket
Bangkok	Karachi	Rangoon
Batavia	Klang	Saigon
Bombay	Kuala Kangsar	Samarang
Calc

COMMERCE AND FINANCE

MONEY & EXCHANGE

YESTERDAY'S RATES

Hongkong & Shanghai Bank

Bank's Demand Selling Rate for £1 at 2/6⅛=Tls. 7.92 at 72.80 =$10.88

Bank's Demand Selling Rate for G.$100 at 61⅛=Tls. 162.92 at 72.80 =$223.79

Chinese Dollars, market rate 72.9875
Native Interest 02
Copper Cash 261,500
Bar Silver 26⅛
Bank rate of Discount 5 per cent.
Paris on London —
New York on London G.$4.85⅛

OPENING SELLING RATES.

	Per Tael
LONDON—Tel. Transfer	2/6⅛
Demand	2/6⅛
NEW YORK—Tel. Transfer	G.$0.61⅛
Demand	61⅛
PARIS—Demand Francs	15.65 nom.
INDIA—Demand	Rupees 1.68⅛
HONGKONG—Demand	80⅛
YOKOHAMA—Demand	Yen 0.80
BATAVIA—Demand	Gulden 1.52½
SINGAPORE—Demand	Straits $0.92

OPENING BUYING RATES.

LONDON—Demand	2/7⅛
4 m/s. credits	2/8⅛
4 m/s Docs.	2/8⅜
6 m/s. credits	2/8⅞
6 m/s. Docs.	2/8⅛
NEW YORK—Demand	..63⅛
4 m/s. credits	64⅛
4 m/s. Docs.	65⅛
PARIS—4 m/s. Docs.	F. 16.90 nom.

Closing business done at

London T.T.	2/7
New York T.T.	62⅛

Gold Bar Closing Tls. 178.40

American Oriental Bank

SELLING DEMAND DRAFT

CLOSING RATES

U.S.	G.$100.00	M	20.66
Stg.	£1.0.0	"	10.76
Frs.	100.00	"	8.80
Yen	100.00	"	109.63

BUYING DEMAND DRAFT

U.S.	G.$100.00	Mex.	$215.93
Stg.	£1.0.0	"	10.49
Frs.	100.00	"	8.38
Yen	100.00	"	106.38

Italian Bank for China

SELLING RATES

It. Lire 12.90	Tl. 1
Swiss Frs. 3.20	Tl. 1
It. Lire 10.06	Y. 1
It. Lire 9.37	Mex. $1

Banque Belge Pour l'Etranger

SELLING RATES

Belgas 4.45	Tl. 1
Belgas 3.23	Mex. $1

Dalbank

SELLING RATES

Chervonetz 10 (Rbls. 100)	Tls. 82.90
Chervonetz 10 (Rbls. 100)	M.$113.87
Harbin $100.00	Tls. 60.36
Harbin $100.00	Mex. $82.90

Subsidiary Coin Exchange

MEX. AND CHINESE DOLLARS:—

a.m.	100=Tls. 72.9875
p.m.	100=Tls. 72.975

KIANGNAN SILVER 20-CENTS:—

a.m.	500=$ 61.5
p.m.	500=$ 61.5

CANTON SILVER 20-CENTS:—

a.m.	500=Tls. 59.975
p.m.	500=Tls. 60

COPPERS:—

a.m.	378,500 coppers=Tls. 100
p.m.	378,500 coppers=Tls. 100

SMALL CHANGE:—

6 silver 20-cents & 2 coppers	=$1
272 coppers	=$1
21 coppers	=10-cents silver
Mex. $1	=Tl. 0.72.9875
Tl. 1	=Mex. $1.37

Native Interest (Per Day)

a.m. Tls. 0.02 per Tls. 1.000

Customs April Exchange Rates

Hk. Tls.	7.26	£1
"	1.49	G.$1
"	1	French Francs 17.13
"	1	Reich Marks 2.82
"	1	Guilders 1.67
"	1	Italian Lire 14.92
"	1	Swiss Francs 3.68
"	1	Yen 1.36
"	1	Rupees 1.84
"	1	Mex. $1.50

Domestic Exchange

CHEKIANG INDUSTRIAL BANK		RATES
Peking	Tls. 1,000=S'hai	1,057½
"	$ 1,000= "	1,012
Tientsin	Tls. 1,000= "	Tls. 1,065½
"	$ 1,000= "	1,013
Hankow	Tls. 1,000= "	1,011
"	$ 1,000= "	1,001
Tsingtao	$ 1,000= "	$ 1,001
Chefoo	$ 1,000= "	$ 1,006
Mukden	$ 1,000= "	$ 1,015
Hangchow	$ 1,000= "	$ 1,004

STOCKS & SHARES

YESTERDAY'S BUSINESS

Shanghai Stock Exchange

OFFICIAL

Tebongs, Tls. 3.05 Cash
Bukits, Tls. 3.10 Cash
Anglo-Java, Tls. 9.70 Cash
Tebongs, Tls. 3.15 Cash

Sharebrokers' Association

OFFICIAL

Tebongs, Tls. 3.15 Cash

UNOFFICIAL

S. M. C. 7% 1920 Debs., Tls. 92

The Small Investors, Ld.

(Incorporated in Hongkong)

The following report is issued by the Small Investors, Ld., and represents their view on the state of the market.

Latest raw rubber quotations received were as follows:—

	Spot	July/Sept.
London	1/7¼	1/8⅜
New York	40¾ cts.	42½ cts.
Singapore	70 cts.	74 cts.

London stocks decreased by 532 tons reducing the total to 62,634 tons.

The share market is very dull with little business recorded. The following were asked for at the opening:—Anglo-Javas at Tls. 9.70, Butes at Tls. 1.80, Gula Kalumpongs at Tls. 16, Gula Kalumpongs (15/- paid) at Tls. 10, Repahs at Tls. 2.60, Sua Manggis at Tls. 1.25 and Tebongs at Tls. 3.

Langkats Combined—All rates are purely nominal at last levels:—Combined at Tls. 20.50, Langkats Single at Tls. 9.50, Shanghai Loans at Tls. 6.50 and Shanghai Explorations at Tls. 3.50.

Cotton Mills remain dull and unchanged around last prices:—Ewo Mills at Tls. 7.50, Orientals at Tls. 2, Shanghai Cottons at Tls. 53, new issue at Tls. 25 and Zoong Sings at Tls. 8.

Shipping Shares—Shanghai Tugs changed hands at Tls. 60. New Engineerings are nominal at Tls. 5.25, likewise Shanghai Docks at Tls. 102.50 and Shanghai Hongkew Wharves at Tls. 148.

HANKOW MARKET REPORT

British Chamber of Commerce's Weekly Summary for March 23

FINANCE AND MONEY MARKET

Rates were nominal only, with hardly any business done on March 17, 18 and 19, as telegraphic communication was interrupted.

On March 21 the bank employees struck work and no rates have been published since as the banks are closed to business.

IMPORTS

Piece Goods & Yarn. No demand and no sales. Clearance poor.

TEA

No inquiry and no business.

PRODUCE

There is no change in the general export situation. Wood oil is unique in that it remains in demand at a new high level. There is some demand for gallnuts but very little stock available. Other commodities are neglected.

GENERAL

The left wing, that is the extremists, of the Nationalist party appear to have gained complete control of the Kuomintang for the time being.

On the afternoon of Saturday, March 19, the native employees of both foreign owned newspapers, one American and one British, were compelled by their unions, and against their own inclinations, to cease work. This attempt at muzzling the only "free" press has not been successful as small mimeographed editions appear daily.

The walk out of the foreign press employees accounts for:

(1) The statistics given here being for two days only as the issue of the Customs daily returns is suspended.
(2) This paper being mimeographed.

On Monday, March 21, the foreign bank employees failed, without notice, to report for duty. The banks functioned in a limited manner on Monday but decided that evening not to open on Tuesday or till a settlement with their employees had been effected.

On March 22 a Japanese subject, Korean, in the employ of the British newspaper was kidnapped and is still in the hands of the Printers Union.

On March 23 several cases occurred of British being held up in the streets, in a most menacing manner, by armed soldiers. No casualties occurred but the incidents are regarded most seriously and the general situation as very dangerous.

AMERICAN COTTON

Messrs. Anderson, Clayton & Co. quoted the following prices for American cotton yesterday, April shipment:—

	Cents per lb. C.I.F.	Tls. per picul ex. wharf
Strict Middling	17.24	39.05
Middling	16.54	37.50
St. Low Middling	15.64	35.55
Low Middling, f.a. 28/29 m/m.	15.04	34.25

LONDON QUOTATIONS

The following quotations current in London on April 4 have been received here, having been despatched at 4.25 p.m. Middle prices are quoted in each instance:—

	£
Chinese Govt. 5 per cent. Reorg. Gold Loan 1913 B.I.	41½
Chinese Govt. 5 per cent. Reorg. Gold Loan 1913 F.I.	40.15.0
Chinese Engineering & Mining Co., "B"	2.13.8

GULA-KALUMPONG OUTPUT

Messrs. Ilbert & Co. Ld., the local secretaries of the Gula-Kalumpong Rubber Estates Ld., are in receipt of the following telegram from their Penang agents:—

Output of dry rubber for March 1927	62,000 lb.
Shipped	60,454 lb.
Coconuts	200,000 nuts
Rainfall	6¼ inches

THE GERMAN MONEY MARKET

Recent Federal Loans Quickly Absorbed: The Domestic Money Source

Writing in the "Financial News" Dr. Kurt Schaffrath says:—

Throughout 1925 and during the greater part of 1926 a "borrowing contest" on the part of the German States, municipalities and industrial enterprises was witnessed in New York, London, Amsterdam and Switzerland. Since about September, 1926, the numerous German would-be borrowers have mainly approached the domestic market. The old wish of Dr. Schacht to take advantage of its plethora of day-to-day money in making it available for the placement of long-term credits is fulfilled, since every week one or several great loans are floated and easily absorbed. The domestic money sources appear inexhaustible.

All the various recent loans of Federal States (Thuringia, Baden), municipalities (Dresden, Frankfurt-am-Main) and industrial enterprises (Middle German Steelworks, Krupp, various breweries) have been quickly over-subscribed. These good results, naturally, had the effect of reducing progressively the interest rate—or the disagio—of every new issue. Yet this has not impaired the success of one single loan in recent weeks, whereas half a year ago the city of Chemnitz and the German post were unable to place loans on the domestic market at 7 and 6½ per cent. respectively.

Even the Reich—which is the most unpopular borrower because of the insufficient revaluation of pre-war debts—has now succeeded in placing £15,000,000 of its £25,000,000 5 per cent. loan in the open market. (The remaining £10,000,000 was previously taken up by savings banks, public insurance institutions, etc.) Yet the official contention that subscriptions were very satisfactory is not quite true.

Few Small Subscriptions

Orders for the new loan came in rather tardily, and small sums were subscribed only in exceptional cases. This is accounted for by the fact that private capitalists kept aloof, whereas in pre-war times their small but very numerous subscriptions regularly brought about the success of the loan, and were especially valuable, as these purchasers intended them to be lasting investments. This time the placement of the loan was only possible through the large subscriptions on the part of banks, private insurance companies, industrial enterprises, and great capitalists who momentarily knew no better means of employing their money. For instance, the German Railway Co., which borrowed repeatedly from the Reich in the last months, has subscribed not less than £2,500,000. The pretended success of the mark loan is therefore of minor value. However, it remains a success, and even an astonishing one, as the Reich risked to offer only 5 per cent. interest—a rate which no larger borrower on the German capital market has dared to propose since the stabilization of the mark.

Lower Interest Rates

Considering that the actual revenue from the loan is about 5½ per cent. (subscription price equals 92 per cent., redemption at par within twenty-five years!), the difference between this and the last 8 per cent. (Dawes) Loan, which was floated at the end of 1924 and also issued at 92 per cent., is remarkable. Less than two years ago first-class 10 per cent. gold mortgage bonds could only be placed at a disagio on the domestic market, so that the change of conditions seems simply miraculous. Still, six months ago no one would have dared to prophesy this rapid reduction of interest rates for long-term money.

In the first half of last year the revenue from mortgage bonds was still 9 per cent., and only in the very last months did it fall gradually to 8, 7, 6, and now even to 5 per cent., as some bonds of this latter type have recently reached par level. This sudden decline of interests is all the more astonishing as the amounts borrowed in Germany last year were enormous. There were 950,000,000 new mortgage bonds and £10,000,000 new loans of Federal States, municipalities, and industrial enterprises placed on the domestic market alone, which absorbed, moreover, about £70,000,000 new shares of joint-stock companies.

Foreign Borrowing

A good portion of these enormous resources certainly originated from foreign countries which have lent Germany in the past year approximately £8,000,000. But the proceeds of many a new foreign loan have been used partly or entirely for the repayment of older short-term credits. Therefore, the present strength of the German Money Market cannot result primarily from foreign loans. Nor can the reason have been last year's great influx of other foreign money (placed here by Americans for speculative purposes, and by Belgians and French to avoid depreciation of their francs), as the withdrawal of this money during the last months has not influenced in the least the liquidity of the German Money Market.

A relatively greater importance must be ascribed to the British coal strike, as the great demand for German coal abroad has brought much foreign money into this country. The abundance of money is to some extent also due to the rationalization of production, especially to the standardization of industrial articles, which allowed a diminution of costly stocks, and, consequently, released the great amounts of money tied up thereby. As an example the different types of motor-car tyres have been reduced to one-third of their former number.

Vicious Circle

However, all this cannot sufficiently explain the seeming inexhaustible condition of the German Money and Capital Market, and its ability to absorb continuously new loans at terms which steadily grow less favourable for the borrower. The key to the miraculous unceasing liquidity lies in the simple fact that during recent months the proceeds of most loans have been immediately replaced on the Money Market, so that the latter quickly regained, or never lost, its plethora. The reason is this: Whenever the interest rate for loans dropped it was feared that a rise rather than a further decline of the rate would follow. Consequently, all those who contemplated borrowing at a more or less distant date thought it wise quickly to take advantage of the cheaper money, lest the Capital Market again grew narrower (and money dearer) before their special loan was out. Thus every rate reduction entailed the issue of several new loans, although many of the borrowers had no immediate use for the money. Therefore, they had to offer the proceeds of the loan on the Money Market to compensate, at least in part, the interests due for the loan. Thus the abundance of day-to-day money grew again, the rates for short-term money fell further, and the wish to employ the available funds more profitably led to lower rates for long-term investments. This again caused the issue of new (and, for the time being, unnecessary) loans, and thus the vicious circle close again and again.

Even the great loan of the Reich is premature and has been emitted at so early a date only for fear that otherwise the cheaper money might be absorbed by loans intended to be placed by the Federal States. As the Reich has no need—certainly before April next—for the now borrowed money, this will in all probability be lent out as day-to-day money in the meantime.

Long v. Short Loans

These conditions are not only abnormal, they are unsound and dangerous. It may be of less importance that the borrowers burden themselves unnecessarily with interest payments, as they never can obtain the same returns from day-to-day money as they must pay to their creditors. Much more serious is the resulting confusion on the Money Market. If the proceeds of the loans are placed again on the market, its condition must become entirely opaque. The paramount danger, however, lies in the fact that in the course of next spring the proceeds of the numerous loans will be needed by the borrowers. Should they then recall the amounts now lent out as day-to-day money and, simultaneously, should the industry, because of its better occupation, need larger credits, a great scarcity of money will presumably ensue. This will lead to an abrupt breakdown of the unceasing boom at the German stock exchanges, which is foreshadowed already by the present nervousness of the Bourse. The rise of quotations during recent weeks is no longer justified by the inner value of shares or by reasonable expectations of satisfactory dividends. The latest upward movement has no other as its cause than the abundance of money and the easy terms at which is can be borrowed for speculative purposes. The present speculation mania is reminiscent of the wildest times of the inflation.

KALI GLIDIK COFFEE ESTATES

Dividend of One Tael

At a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Kali Glidik Coffee Estates, Ld., held yesterday, it was decided to recommend to the shareholders at the forthcoming annual general meeting that a dividend of Tl. 1 per share be paid.

FIRE, MARINE, MOTOR CAR INSURANCE

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CORRESPONDENCE

The Editor does not hold himself responsible for the opinions or assertions of correspondents; nor can he undertake to return unused MSS. Correspondents are requested to write on one side of the paper only, and always to send their real names and addresses.

JAPAN AND CHINA

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS."

SIR,— You were good enough to publish a letter of mine under this heading in your issue of to-day. By one of those little calamities that are unavoidable in these "curfew" times, one line of type slipped out of position, and a line of a quotation from the "*Osaka Mainichi*" was omitted. This latter line, after the words "being raised," read:—between their own country and the.

I would not trouble you over this little matter, were it not that it gives me the opportunity of informing you that in the "*Osaka Mainichi*" of April 1 that has just come to hand appears the significant announcement that "Mr. —— retires from the editorship of the '*Osaka Mainichi*,' English Edition, on April 1, 1927." The name of his successor is also given. Below this announcement appears a leading article very different in tone and orientation from any previously appearing.

I am, etc.,
F. L. P.

Shanghai, April 4, 1927.

VOLUNTEERS AND WAGES

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS."

SIR,—In view of the International Forces here to defend Shanghai, and especially in view of the number being sufficient to keep out all of China from the Settlement it is surely unnecessary to keep the Volunteer Corps mobilized as if in active service. The Corps might wear uniforms and be ready for call but to keep them from home and business seems absolutely unnecessary now. If it keeps on it is going to be a question of whether some of the firms in Shanghai can pay wages at the end of the month and consideration should be given to this point of view. All very well to allow employees to volunteer for an emergency, but if business is also to provide for a standing army of its employees, then many of us must close up. Also, all very well for big incorporated firms with a large capital and sure overdraft to draw on, but the small merchant with two or three employees, all of whom are doing volunteer work, is faced with a very different problem and even the question of a month's wages is serious, especially when no profits, but to the contrary, have been made for two or three years past.

I am, etc.,
MERCHANT

Shanghai, April 5, 1927.

TWO SALIENT FACTS

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS."

SIR,—In view of the present local conditions, I would like to point out two obvious facts which seem to have received less attention than might have been given to them.

(1). China is overpopulated. Her present state has developed into what it now is, in consequence of that fact, apart from Bolshevik propaganda or any other immediate causes, however, real these may be.

Whilst this is the cause, any form of stable government is out of the question and the only alternative solutions are, that either some natural or unavoidable event should assist in balancing the population in proportion to the country's ability to support it, or that the country should be assisted to develop itself sufficiently to unable it to support its population.

Whatever negotiations may be entered into by any or all of the Powers interested, that balancing factor is going to act one way or the other at no distant date and it depends largely on the Powers which way it acts.

(2). Foreigners outside of China have very little idea of what an International Settlement is. Their first impression is, that it is a colony of whites. Their second is that whites ought to know better than to seize another man's country and proceed to dictate to those who have been deprived of their rights.

I therefore suggest, Sir, that it would be opportune to put the matter in a nutshell by way of a leading article—First, why we cannot expect a stable government in China and what we must face before such is possible; and Secondly, what is an International Settlement in China, pointing out in what measure it differs from a colony of whites.

At the same time I would suggest that your readers should forward a copy of the edition containing this information to quarters where it may be of value.

I am, etc.,
R. A. Y.

Shanghai, April 4, 1927.

CURFEW AND CURFEW-BREAKERS

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS."

SIR,—In view of the fact that curfew has been in force for quite a while, yet, daily, the various patrols are making numerous arrests due to the indifference of the parties concerned, may I suggest a means which I trust will have a better effect on the inveterate curfew-breakers than a few hours in a prison cell?

In these troublesome times, it is only fair that each and every one should do his bit to help in the defence of Old Shanghai, and it hardly seems considerate on the part of the curfew-breakers to give the Tommies and the Volunteers extra work when they already have so much on their hands.

I am of the opinion that, if all curfew-breakers be made to pay a fine of say $1. or so each time they are arrested, in a very short time Tommies and Volunteers, Marines and others, will find the rank of curfew-breakers greatly decreased.

As regards the sums collected in this manner, they could be given to some charity organization, perhaps that for the relief of the refugees will be the best?

Thanking you for the space accorded me in your valuable paper,

I am, etc.,
AT HOME-AT-TEN

Shanghai, April 5, 1927.

THE SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL COUNCIL

PROCLAMATION

EMERGENCY MEASURES

FOR the better Preservation of the Peace and Good Order of the Settlement and for the Protection of all Peaceful Residents, WARNING IS HEREBY ISSUED by the Council for the Foreign Settlement as follows:—

1.—Chinese Troops, Soldiers or Police of Whatsoever Description are not permitted to Enter or Remain in the Settlement or on Roads belonging to the Settlement.

2.—No Person unless a Consular Officer or a Member of the Naval or Military Forces landing in aid of the Civil Power or unless duly authorized by the Council for the Foreign Settlement shall under any pretence whatsoever appear in the Streets or in any Public Place in Uniform or wearing any Distinctive Dress or Badge signifying membership of any particular Organization or Association.

3.—No Person shall under any pretence whatsoever carry any Flag or Banner or wear any Sash or other Device in the Streets or in any Public Place, bearing any inscription in Chinese or in any Foreign Language.

4.—All residents are required to remain within their houses between the hours of 10 p.m. and 4 a.m.

5.—Any Person contravening any of the Terms of this Warning, or interfering with the Police or other duly Authorised Officers of the Council engaged in the Maintenance of Peace and Good Order, or usurping the Authority vested in them, or otherwise Guilty of any Action whatsoever Prejudicial to Peace and Good Order, WILL BE ARRESTED FORTHWITH.

Compliance with the above regulations will be rigidly enforced.

By order,
S. M. EDWARDS,
Secretary.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, March 24, 1927. 4941

INDIGNITY TO PEERS

"Only Ourselves to Blame." Says Lord Carson

For nearly two hours recently 30 peers listened to a series of bitter lamentations on the diminishing authority and usefulness of their House.

The main grievance was not the restriction of their power of veto by the Parliament Act. That, indeed, was mentioned only by one speaker. The complaint was that owing to the inconsiderateness of the Commons the House of Lords is not permitted to perform its humbler duties of revising Bills before they reach the Statute Book.

Viscount Burnham, who introduced the subject, had given notice of motion asking the Government to agree to the setting up of one or more Standing Committees to which public Bills might be referred after second reading. No other speaker was attracted by this expedient, and the only alternatives suggested were that the peers should insist on better treatment from the other House, or in default of this that they should make the best of a bad position and attend to their duties with more diligence.

On one complaint they are unanimous. After months in which there is little for them to do they all resent the indignity of having Bills thrown at them in the last days—it may be the very last day—of the session, when adequate consideration is impossible.

Lord Burnham did not mince his words about this. "A scandal," he said. "Extreme indignity." He is sceptical about Second Chamber reform, and advised the House to insist on its right to take sufficient time to do its work efficiently and decently. There is neither efficiency nor decency now, he added.

Funeral Gloom

Lord Carson repeated all this, and said much more in a speech of funeral gloom. Listening to it, and remembering that only 18 years ago the peers threw out the Budget, one was impressed by the immense change that has since taken place.

With Lord Carson it was no question of the repeal of the Parliament Act and the restoration of the unlimited veto. He half admitted, indeed, that the Commons have the sole right of dealing with great political questions. All he asked was that in ordinary humdrum work the peers should be given fair opportunity to use their special knowledge and experience in revising legislation so as to make it workable.

He pointed out that loss of such opportunity is not the result of any act of Parliament. It is due to acts of the Government and the acquiescence of the peers.

"What are we for?" he asked in his saturnine way. "Are we for anything? Do we come here merely to look at one another?

"If the other House despises us as ciphers the reason may be that we have made ourselves ciphers. There are about 700 peers, but the business is done by 50 or 60. The others ignore their responsibilities.

"Are you going down to the House"? one asks another.

"What for?" is the reply. "There will be no division and the Government would much rather you said nothing."

"What a Bore"

And when a member puts down a motion there are muttering. "What a bore; I wish the old fellow would stop." Nobody takes the business seriously. It is looked on as terrible if anybody goes on after seven o'clock.

Lord Carson's conclusion was that it is futile to ask for larger powers, but that if the House does what the Constitution permits it to do it may have more confidence "when the Greek Kalends have arrived and the reform of the House of Lords takes place."

Then Lord Haldane, admitting the evil complained of but apparently believing that things will be all right if members are more diligent and read Bills before coming down to the House.

Lord Salisbury regarded the position much more seriously. He endorsed the complaints made by Lord Burnham and Lord Carson, and illustrated them from his own experience.

It is a pity Mr. Neville Chamberlain was not there to hear one of his comments.

Lord Salisbury described the Rating Bill as coming from the other House "in a foul condition of drafting." Even so, he would not admit that the Government were wrong in asking the House to pass it.

Commons Talk

The trouble is that the Commons talk so much.

"Is it conceivable," he asked, "that they will restrict their observations and all the petty manœuvres that take up Parliamentary time?"

He answered his own question with a sharp negative, and admitted that the prorogation is likely still to act as a guillotine. Lord Salisbury banged the table and declared that there "must" be a remedy. He does not share Lord Burnham's pessimism about House of Lords reform.

Lord Beauchamp suggested that there might be a change in the Commons' time-table that would permit Bills to come up earlier.

More Government Bills might be introduced in this House, said Lord Lincolnshire, and Lord Banbury, of course, prescribed his panacea of less legislation of any sort.

Another way out of the difficulty was counselled by Lord Darling. When they were threatened with the prorogation because the Commons wanted to go to Margate the Peers should reply that they would remain on duty until they had done their work properly.

A piquant debate ended shortly before six, when, as so often happens, "the matter dropped."

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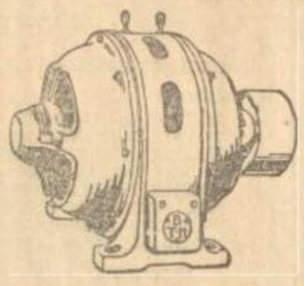

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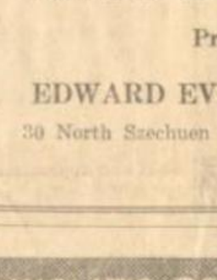

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TWO AMERICAN AVIATORS KILLED

Aviators Try to Leap From Burning Plane: Captain Woolsey and Lieutenant Benton Victims: Parachute Fails to Open

GOOD-WILL SHIPS COLLIDE AT BUENOS AIRES

Buenos Aires, Feb. 26.—Death came recently to two members of the United States army flight squadron at the end of the first half of their good-will visit to the Americas.

Captain Clinton F. Woolsey of Michigan, pilot of the Detroit and the squadron's maintenance officer, and Lieutenant John W. Benton of California, the relief pilot and youngest of the aviators, were killed when the New York and Detroit collided in the air and crashed to earth.

Major Herbert A. Dargue, flight commander and pilot of the New York, the flagship of the squadron, and Lieutenant Ennis C. Whitehead, his relief pilot, jumped from their machine and were landed by their parachutes safely.

The crash occurred as the planes were coming down for a landing on the Palomar flying field. They were in close formation and in the act of making a turn the wing of the New York crashed into the left wing of the Detroit. The plants became entangled and instantly began to fall.

The two pilots could be seen by the watchers attempting to restore the equilibrium of their falling machines, but to no avail. Within a moment the Detroit was afire. The four men prepared to abandon the planes, which were coming down rapidly, and were observed adjusting their parachutes and making ready to jump. Lieutenant Benton for some reason was not strapped to a parachute and after he left the plane he dropped like a plummet. Death was instantaneous.

Plane Completely Burned

Commander Dargue and Lieutenant Whitehead of the New York and Captain Wootsey of the Detroit succeeded in making the leap, but Woolsey's parachute failed to open and he was killed by the fall. Dargue and Whitehead came down safely and were not injured. The Detroit was completely burned, while the New York was wrecked.

Many persons who had gathered to witness the landing at the flying field saw instead a dreadful tragedy in which two American aviators who had only a few minutes before been complimented on their skill, meet death.

The bodies of Captain Woolsey and Lieutenant Benton will lie in state in the Officers' club until Monday when a memorial service will be held in the Anglican cathedral. They will then be taken aboard the liner Vauban, which sails the same day for New York.

Planes in Close Formation

Flying in close formation over the Palomar field, a few miles from Buenos Aires, the Detroit slipped down upon the New York when the signal was given to break formation for landing purposes. The wings of the two planes became entangled and they went into a spin together, the Detroit taking fire. The other two planes, the St. Louis and San Francisco, proceeded to the landing place.

Major Dargue and Lieutenant Whitehead succeeded in leaping from their plane, but according to Captain Baker of the San Francisco, Lieutenant Benton was thrown free and was killed by the fall. An early version had it that Benton was burned to death when the Detroit came down in flames.

Major Dargue and Lieutenant Whitehead, when they had unfastened their parachutes ran to the Detroit and attempted to dash into the flames to save the two men they thought were in the wreckage.

Commander Dargue announced later that the flight would be continued by the two undamaged machines, the fifth plane, the San Antonio, having only reached Coquimbo, Chile, recently.

The bodies of the two valiant airmen were taken to an emergency hospital and later brought to Buenos Aires.—"Oregonian."

DOHENY WILL LOSE MILLIONS

Wilbur Announces Plan Made for Conservation for Navy of Petroleum Deficit

Washington, D.C., March 1.—Edward L. Doheny will lose $21,686,928 as a result of the supreme court's decision of yesterday canceling his leases of Elk Hills, Cal., oil reserve from the navy department.

Of this amount $9,900,000 in cash is held by the receivers who have operated the reserve during the litigation. It represents the value of the oil he received as a royalty payment for working the deposits on the reserve.

The balance represents expenditures made by the Doheny interests in mining the oil and constructing fuel tanks at Pearl Harbour, Hawaii, and the oil stored there.

Oil to Stay in Ground

Secretary Wilbur said recently the policy of the navy department, which will now operate the reserve for itself, would be to conserve all the oil in the ground. He said an effort would be made to negotiate agreement with parties who are drilling along the border of the reserve.

The navy, he said, favoured an arrangement whereby the government, if it ceased to drill within the reserve, would derive some benefit from the increased flow accruing to wells outside the reserve.

New York, March 1.—Officials of the Pan-American Petroleum and Transport company recently indicated that a congressional appropriation will be sought to reimburse the company for money expended in the Elk Hills naval oil reserve development, which the United States supreme court, in a decree canceling the leases on the ground that they were conceived in fraud, has ruled must be refunded to the government, together with interest. Approximately $11,000,000 is involved.

The court's decision holds that the contracts were made without authority of congress, which alone can appropriate funds for such work. This is interpreted to mean that the company must refund money and oil received from the government, and later seek restitution through congressional action.

The company is declared to have on hand $20,000,000 in cash, and is therefore amply provided to meet any payments which it may be required to make.

While declining to comment officially on the situation, company officials took the position that it is inconceivable that the government will refuse to make restitution, and cite the firm position which Washington has taken regarding confiscation proceedings in connexion with the Mexican oil and law situation.—"Exchange."

COAL MINE STRIKE POSTPONED

Non-Union Operators Strongly Entrenched in District Held in Control

WORKERS HAVE NO INCENTIVE TO FORCE ISSUE

By Mark Sullivan

Washington, D.C.—The best informed judgment in Washington is that the meeting of union operators and union miners of soft coal will end in agreement, and no strike.

One of several reasons for this expectation is that the peculiar form of the proposal already made by the operators is one which under the circumstances would be fairly certain to work to the advantage of the miners. Another reason is that the amount of mined coal in stock is large enough to supply the demand for 30 to 40 weeks and consequently it would be more than six months before a strike could make itself effective in the shape of pressure on consumers.

Another question involved in the present negotiations is the whole fate of the soft coal industry in territory where the mines are unionized. In the soft coal industry, the unionized territory is roughly Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana and Illinois. The non-union territory is roughly Virginia, West Virginia and Kentucky. Between these two territories is a struggle as keen as the struggle between miners and operators.

Contract About to Expire

In the unionized territory three years ago this month the union leaders succeeded in getting a contract for wages at $7.50 a day. It is this contract that is now coming to an end. The contract was hardly in force a month before its effect was devastating on the unionized territory. The non-union mines farther south, paying at that time only $3 to $4 a day, could sell coal at a lower price and took the business. Mine after mine in the unionized territory, especially in Ohio, shut down. Mining villages were almost deserted. Trades and businesses depending on mining were paralyzed.

Many union miners went south to find work in the non-union field. The effect on the unions and on the prestige of the union leaders was almost as devastating as on the operators in the unionized districts. Membership in the soft coal union fell from about 600,000 in 1924 to about 270,000 now.

Non-Union Mines Prosper

Meantime the non-union territory prospered extravagantly. Their prosperity was given an additional stimulus recently by the paralysis of the British mines due to the strike there. As a consequence of prosperity the non-union operators have lately advanced wages to where they approximate the nominal union rate of $7.50 a day. Even so, of course, the non-union operators have the advantage, that the wages they pay are not fixed by contract. Consequently they can again reduce wages to adjust themselves to any future change of conditions.

To meet this advantageous wage condition in the non-union field, the operators in the union field have made a unique proposal to the miners' leaders. The proposal is, in effect, that in any month the current wages in the non-union field shall be taken as standard, and that the operators in the unionized field shall pay wages equal to 10 per cent. more than the current pay in the non-union field.

VANDERBILT SISTERS SELL BOX AT OPERA

New York.—New York social leaders who hold boxes in the famous "Golden Horse Shoe" at the Metropolitan opera house have learned of the withdrawal from their midst of two more members of the Vanderbilt family.

Mrs. Henry White and Mrs. Hamilton McK. Twombly, daughters of the late William H. Vanderbilt have sold parterre box 31 to H. E. Manville, president of the Johns-Manville corporation, it was learned.

Although no price in the transaction was made public, it has been indicated the sale involved the same amount as was involved when their nephews, Harold S. and William K. Vanderbilt, sold for $200,000 their box No. 6 last October.

Ownership of a parterre box at the Metropolitan carries with it one 35th of the stock of the Metropolitan Opera and Real Estate company, owner of the opera house and its site, which has an assessed valuation of $5,200,000.

No reason for the withdrawal of the Vanderbilt sisters from the parterre box circle was given. The withdrawal leaves only three members of the Vanderbilt family represented in the "Golden Crescent." They are Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt Sr., holder of box 31; Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt, box 3, and William H. Vanderbilt, who shares box 31 with Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt Sr.

COLLEGE GIRL BLASTS SAFE

Uses Stolen Tools to Force Entry, Leaves Telltale Evidence

Vermillion, S.D.—Need of $24 to pay her tuition for the second semester at the University of South Dakota prompted Miss Marion Meyers, 19-year-old co-ed, to turn burglar recently. Her venture terminated in arrest.

Her courage gone, broken and racked by sobs, she cried herself to sleep in the County Jail, where she will remain until her preliminary hearing on a charge of attempted robbery.

"For heaven's sake, don't tell mother," was her constant plea, not knowing that her widowed mother, Mrs. M. L. Meyers, was expected here from Woonsocket, S.D., where she works in a restaurant.

While State's Attorney H. O. Perkins and other officials sought for evidences of male accomplices, the girl steadfastly insisted that she had been alone. The finding of a boy's campus hat with her name printed on the brim led to her identification.

Equipped with the paraphernalia of the craft of the bank robber, Miss Meyers, a freshman, forced an entry to the First National Bank, but she was interrupted before she could attack the vault with an electric drill.

Needed $24 to Pay Tuition

Approach of a night watchman sent her scampering away just as she prepared to use the drill, and in her flight she left a hat bearing her name.

Her arrest resulted, however, when she returned a few minutes later, apparently for her tools, and was found by officers seated on a stairway in the rear of the building, crying bitterly.

Taken to the jail, the young woman told State's attorney Perkins she needed $24 for tuition and "didn't know any other way to get it."

She has lived at the home of Professor C. C. Josey, teacher of philosophy, where she worked for her board.

Recently an electric drill and some other tools were stolen from a metal concern, and these were used by Miss Meyers in forcing entry to the bank.—"Chronicle."

MANAGER DISMISSED BY YOUNG'S MOTHER

Los Angeles, Cal.—Repudiating the contract which gives Henry O'Byrne, trainer and manager of George Young, 17-year-old conqueror of the Santa Catalina channel, 40 per cent. of the swimmer's earnings, Mrs. Jane Young of Toronto, Ontario, the lad's mother, recently notified O'Byrne of his dismissal.

The notification was contained in a telegram sent by Mrs. Young to O'Byrne, who is now in San Francisco with the swimmer.

A similar notice was sent to the manager of a San Francisco theater, where Young is booked for an engagement starting Saturday. The theatre management was instructed to refrain from paying any salary due Young to anyone but his mother, who is also his legal guardian.

The telegram to O'Byrne reads:

"You are hereby notified that the paper held by you purporting to be a contract with my son and signed by me is hereby repudiated because of misrepresentation and other reasons rendering same invalid, and you will please cease acting for or in behalf of my son, George Young, who is a minor, under 18 years of age. Letter confirming your dismissal follows."

Mrs. Young is resting at the home of friends in Hollywood, according to her attorney, where she is much exhausted from her trip from Toronto and the excitement attending her arrival here.

CHICAGO BRIDE, 18, STRANGLED IN BATH

Chicago, March 1.—Strangulation caused the death of Mrs. Mabel Wood, 18, found dead in a bath tub at a hotel here. It was announced to-day by Dr. M. L. Traynor, coroner's physician.

The doctor said finger prints were found on the woman's throat and chin.

Carl Wood, the husband, was released by police but ordered to appear at the inquest. Al Prevo and Homer Cameron, residents of the hotel, were held for further questioning.

Police said they admitted having been in the Wood room prior to the finding of the body in the bath room across the hall.

There were no signs of a struggle in the apartment, but what appeared to be blood stains were found on the carpet between the rooms and the bath. Also, police were unable to find articles of clothing that Mrs. Wood had been observed wearing in the hotel lobby a short time before.

The husband, Carl Wood, steward in a south side hotel, told police he found his unconscious bride in the bath tub when he returned from work last night.

Mrs. Wood, formerly of Evansville, Ind., married Wood here last September.

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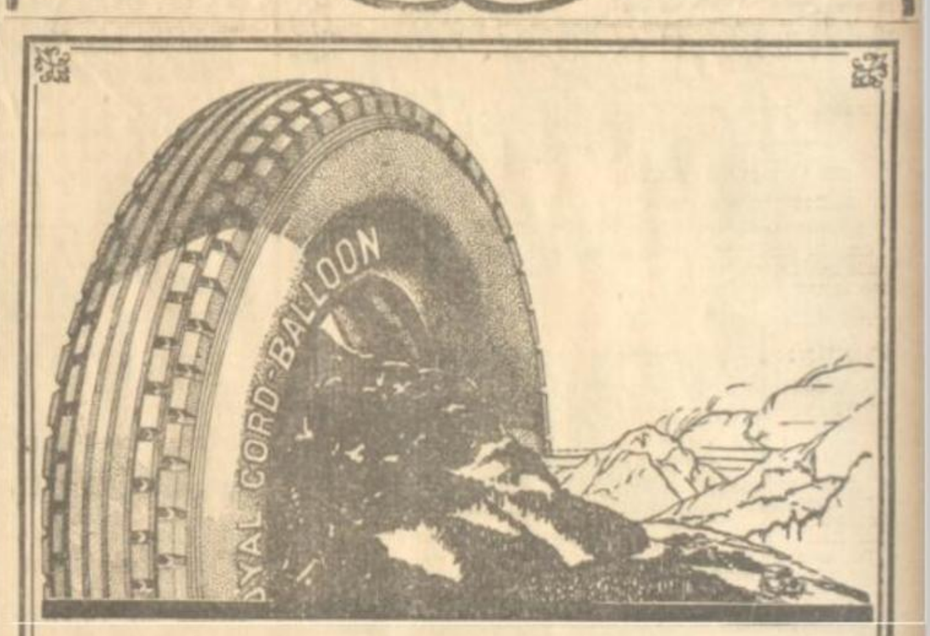

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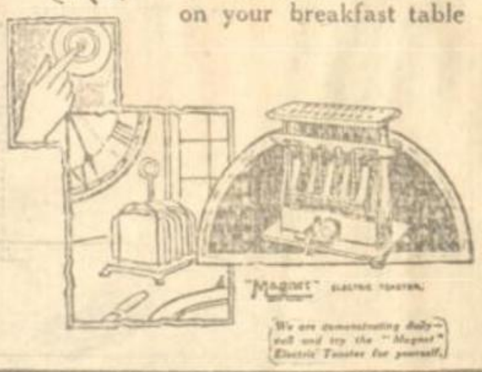

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NOTICE

ALL interests of Mr. JAMES LAW in the firm of Messrs. THOMAS MACDONALD & CO., Funeral Undertakers and Monumental Masons, 88 Sinza Road, Shanghai, cease as from April 2, 1927. The business will still be carried on under the same name and at the same address by Mr. WALLACE MACDONALD FERGUSON, who has been connected with the firm for the past seven years.

5657

NOTICE

WE beg to announce that owing to the merger of The Palmolive Company Delaware Corporation with The Peet Brothers Company Delaware Corporation, that the name of the new company will be The Palmolive-Peet Company Delaware Corporation.

This merger went into effect on January 1, 1927.

(Signed) W. T. ALEXANDER,
Manager of
THE PALMOLIVE-PEET CO.,
Far East. 5527

NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given that the owner's copy of the Title Deed of British Consular Lot No. 5622 in the name of Messrs. Davies & Thomas has this day been declared to be lost together with the Declaration of Trust relating thereto, and that application will be made to the British Consulate for the issue of a duplicate Title Deed at the expiration of three months from date.

DAVIES & BROOKE
Attorneys for DAVIES & THOMAS.
Shanghai, March 23, 1927. 4904

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The North-China Daily News
IMPARTIAL NOT NEUTRAL.
SHANGHAI, APRIL 6, 1927.

LABOUR PARTY EXTREMES

FROM among all of the trade unions in Great Britain, seamen of the British Mercantile Marine have just cause to be proud of their own leader, Mr. J. Havelock Wilson, who, by wise diplomacy and foresight, has saved them from disasters that have befallen workers in other industries whose interests have been sacrificed to satisfy the ambitions of trade union officials. Mr. Wilson had the courage to say, and strongly, what he thought of the men who engineered the ruinous general strike of last year, and is now warning his followers against having anything to do with these same apostles of industrial strife who are seeking to stir up trouble at Home over the action of the British Government in regard to China. The "Hands off China" cry, which is being raised in Great Britain by a small but noisy minority emanates undoubtedly from Moscow, and those who are asking British workmen to refuse to manufacture munitions or facilitate the movement of shipping destined for the Far East are nothing less than agents of Soviet Russia. Mr. Wilson, in the course of a letter which he addressed recently to the branches of the National Union of Seamen, who have been holding meetings of seafarers to protest against the action of the General Council of the Trades Union Congress in supporting the bogus policy adopted by the Reds, says that if the British Government failed to give British lives and interests in Far Eastern and other ports adequate protection, it would not be possible for seamen to pursue their calling. Engaged, as they are, in an international industry, it is essential to their livelihood that there should be no interference with their legitimate occupation of carrying on the trade and commerce of the Empire.

The attitude of some people at Home, who could be expected to be possessed of at least a modicum of commonsense and reasonableness, is almost beyond comprehension. There was, for instance, the recent amendment to the Address from the Throne, moved by Mr. Trevelyan, in which the action of the Government in sending troops to China was deplored and their immediate recall demanded. Mr. Trevelyan pooh-poohed the idea that there was or is or is likely to be any risk of British lives or British property in Shanghai or elsewhere in China being endangered, and suggested that the best way to ensure the safety of Britons in these parts was to leave them to shift for themselves. Sir Austen Chamberlain's cutting reply has already been telegraphed by Reuter, but Sir Alfred Mond really hit the nail on the head when he said that he found it difficult to understand why, whenever any question of policy in which Great Britain was involved, arose in Parliament, the Socialist party immediately assumed that their fellow-countrymen were scoundrels and robbers, that their lives were of no value, and that whether they got massacred or not was of little importance. Anyway, whatever the extremists at Home may think, we in the Far East have to thank our Government for the wise action it took in sending British forces out here before serious danger was really apparent. To the wisdom of their action, the Nanking incident has furnished shining testimony; but even with the irrefutable evidence of Nanking, it still is doubtful whether the Socialists at Home will reconcile themselves to the fact that the lives of their fellow-countrymen in the Far East are of such value as to warrant their being saved.

GEN. Yen Chung, commander of the 21st Nationalist Army Division, arrived in Shanghai from Hangchow yesterday.

UNDER WHICH FLAG?

JUST thirty years ago a small boy was given a shilling—some money then—to go by excursion steamer and see the Jubilee Naval Review at Spithead. Thirty-five miles of ships as accurately spaced as if the lines had been laid down with a foot-rule; and among the flags of all nations there represented, one of a peculiarly soft yet brilliant yellow, bearing upon it a most beauteous dragon. That was the first occasion of seeing the old Imperial flag of China. The last was a serene October day in the year 1911, when a Saturday afternoon's desire for fresh air had taken one for a walk to Woosung. Already for some days the Republican flag had been flying in Shanghai, but the Dragon still floated his curving body and ferocious jaws against the blue sky over Woosung Forts. Next morning he had fled even from this last refuge. He made a fortnight's reappearance in Peking during Chang Hsun's famous attempt to put back the Ching Emperor on the throne, but not, so far as we recall, in Shanghai. Doubtless, however, he might be found in many dusty cupboards of Nanking Road, in case some turn of the political wheel should make it advisable to deck the street with yellow as thickly as it is now plastered with red.

It is poor work criticizing a man's flag. Whatever we think of his politics, let us believe that his flag means something to him. But, æsthetically, it must be said that neither the Nationalist flag nor, still less, the Kuomintang is an improvement on their predecessors. The Dragon was one of the most beautiful flags in the world, glorious in colour, exquisite in design and of a most accomplished dignity. The five-barred Republican, red, yellow, blue, white, black, we did not care for much when it first appeared but at least it meant something, each colour representing one of the five great divisions of the Empire. But there is nothing distinctively Chinese in the new flags, nothing more suggestive of China than of any country and the design, mechanical enough in outline, is as alien to the Chinese sense of decoration as the doctrines which its red ground denotes are alien to Chinese nature and philosophy. Innovation in these things is always distasteful until we begin to grow accustomed to the new comer. But inasmuch as the Kuomintang have always maintained that they alone possess the true milk of the Republican doctrine, one would rather have expected them to cling to the five-barred flag and protest against their enemies making use of it, than seek a new one.

What does all this bunting mean to the shopmen who run it up with such sedulous haste? How many of them truly endorse the principles it denotes? For how many is its hoisting no more than an act of "shuddering prostitution?" And how many of them pause to reflect on their having a whole skin and unshattered arms to be able to fly any flag at all? For there are other flags—one in particular on which their countrymen have heaped every indignity which the villainous minds of Moscow can invent and transmit into action through their miserable dupes—without which the shopman's lot would be very far from the comfortable security they now enjoy. And while they pretend to despise that flag and to wish to drive it from the country, it represents, in a solid reality which every day they enjoy, freedom, justice, liberality and protection. Not two miles away Chapei laments thousands of ruined homes. But within the rampart of barbed wire and foreign guards not a home has been touched. Dragon, five-barred, Kuomintang, sickle and hammer—all are free to fly, under the emblems of a freedom that cannot be gainsaid.

ARRANGEMENTS are being made by the National Anti-Opium Association for the holding of the next anti-opium week, which will be observed locally from October 2 to October 8. There will be anti-opium meetings, speeches will be made, literature circulated and anti-opium demonstrations generally.

THE employees of the Shanghai-Chuansha (Pootung) motor bus service, some 200 in all, have struck for higher wages and so yesterday the service was suspended. The workers of the Chung Hua Book Co. and the Wen Ming Book Co. have also struck for better treatment, whilst those at the Arsenal have likewise presented their demands.

A MEMORIAL service for Dr. Sun Yat-sen was held at Lunghua on Monday when Gen. Pei Chung-hsi, commander of the local Nationalist Army, personally offered sacrifices and conducted the services, which consisted of bows to the dead leader and the reading of his will. Gen. Pei, standing in front of the late President Sun's photograph, read a statement to the spirit of the deceased, announcing the success of the Nationalist arms and swearing to carry out his revolutionary ideals until final success has been achieved.

THE SMALL ADVERT

Small as these are, there is nothing small about the advertiser as to expectation of results, though the announcements are in the main quite modest, especially those which conclude with "salary no objection." It brightens one's whole day to read.

"Disillusioned wife, with one sharp tooth, seeks position biting holes in Swiss cheese. Salary no objection."

So much for fiction. All of the following have actually appeared in print recently. To begin with:

"Suitable reward will be paid for information leading to the recovery of touring engine No——, painted black."

So sorry that we did not observe this ad. sooner, for we are certain we saw this very engine frisking like a young chamois on the Avenue Foch, trying to side-step shell-craters.

Next there is the childless lady who is anxious to care for the piano of someone who is going on furlough in return for the use of the instrument. Possibly she is expecting a family and wishes to begin their musical education in good season.

Will two young girls with 20 inch frames kindly step forwards? Here is the "hujao" for said advance:

"For Sale: two bicycles for young girls in excellent condition, 20 inch frames."

Volunteers are requested to be certain that they are in excellent condition. Here is an unusual chance to acquire some dwarf financiers.—

"For Sale, a few small Investors' shares. What offers?"

Isn't he the optimist, though? Yes! What offers? We are in the market provided each investor is not over 4 feet 3 inches in height, and 20 inches wide, and is economical to feed.

Next, the opportunity to become the proud owner of a milking bull, which rivals the hen's tooth for scarcity.—

"Cows and bulls, excellent milking strain. . . ."

What is really wanted is a diminutive milking bull that can be housed in the newer apartments in the Central District, and can supply condensed milk of a concentration corresponding to the size of the rooms.

The attention of those who feel they must go about fully armed, is directed to:

"American Indian collection of handicraft. . . bows, arrows, tomahawks."

No licence is required to carry these weapons. Besides, a tomahawk is bound to come in handy of a summer night when cats grow musical. Purchaser is exhorted to practise his aim in the mean time.

From an importer of Australian horses:

"Buy now, first hand from importers, all well educated, ladies can ride."

At last someone has awakened to the importance of the well-educated importer. On the other hand, if the advertiser is trying to tell us that all well-educated ladies can write, he is mistaken.

Naturalists to the fore, if you please, and explain what a bull bitch is, particularly a toy bull bitch of the Boston variety.

"Lost, strayed or stolen: Boston toy bull bitch pup, dainty of. . . Reward if necessary."

We take it that the animal in question answers to the name of John-Elizabeth. As to the "reward if necessary," it is reassuring to know that there is at least one among us who is imbued with the spirit of sacrifice.

For the timid ones.

"Protect your property: splendid Airedale terriers and bulldogs. Excellent watch dogs and companions. . . ."

Guaranteed not to strike unless fed too much Red meat.

Last but not least is the recent sad case of the lady from Muscovy who wished to inform the public that she desired to teach and who found herself in the wrong position in print. Even in these lax times, it is disconcerting to read:

"For Sale, Russian lady etc., etc., etc."

THE WEATHER

The temperature near the Cathedral, Shanghai, for 24 hours ending 7 p.m.

Yesterday Min. 40.6 Max. 54.0
Same date, 1926 Min. 47.5 Max. 71.2
Rainfall nil.

State on the morning of the 4th:—High pressure over northern China. Low area to the southeast of Japan. Northwesterly to northeasterly winds over the China Coast with local calms around Shantung. Fine weather in the north and in our regions. Overcast skies with rain in the south.

State on the morning of the 5th:—Cloudy and rather fine weather with light mist. Northeasterly breeze. Pressure above the normal value.

Probabilities 4.30 p.m. yesterday:—Cloudy and milder weather giving variable because of the low pressures over central China. Unsteady winds and local calms along the China Coast. —Siccawei Observatory.

DONATIONS TO CHARITY

The Hon. Secretary and treasurer of the Customs Benevolent Association acknowledges with thanks a donation of $20 to the funds of the Association from Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Innocent, in memory of the late Mr. F. Huber.

We acknowledge with thanks receipt of $5 for St. Dunstan's Fund from Willie and Trixie in memory of Miss Daphne White.

We have forwarded $29 to the Ministering Children's League in memory of the late Miss Sarah Gooch from her friends at 144 Seymour Road.

MORE than 1,000 employees of drug-stores in Shanghai and the Chinese sections met on Monday and decided to form a union, and prepared demands to present to their employers as follows:—that the masters should recognise their union and pay them a 20 per cent. increase in wages. The shops were closed in the absence of employees. About 200 employees from four book making concerns are on strike. They demand increased pay as a condition to their resumption.

BANDITS RAMPANT IN MANCHURIA

Sungari and Yalu Specially Bvd: Government Troops in Pursuit

FROM A CORRESPONDENT

Mukden, Mar. 17.

Bandits are again on the rampage in Manchuria and the Civil Governor has received a report from the chief of Tuyienhsien stating that on the 11th instant and on various dates thereafter several villages have been raided and looted by these desperadoes. Soldiers have been despatched to various districts for the purpose of keeping a sharp check upon bandit movements.

Manchuria has usually enjoyed a good reputation in respect of bandit depredations but in recent times the activities of the *Kanghatzes* in the Three Eastern Provinces have been as frequent and intense as in other provinces. Along the Sungari this winter not a week has passed without some motor-car being held up and the passengers robbed, while villages have been raided at frequent intervals and head villagers carried off as hostages. Along the Yalu, pretty much the same situation has prevailed, according to official reports.

Russians from Siberia

Not all the bandits are Chinese, however. On one or two occasions, after government troops and outlaws had engaged in pitch battles, the bodies of dead Russians were found amongst those of native bandits killed. Evidence points to the fact that these Russians came from the other side of the frontier although, in claiming that the Soviet authorities connived at their participation in bandits raids, the Chinese have probably stretched a point.

It is more certain that Russian smugglers on the frontier have found it more profitable to work with the bandits than to be entirely on their own since, very often, they have to hide in the mountains where the *kanghatzes* have their headquarters.

ROMAN YORK

Possible Monument to Constantine: Ninth Legion's Fate

"We have only begun to tap a soil which should prove a mine of precious information," was the opinion expressed by Mr. S. N. Miller, Lecturer in Roman history at Glasgow University, when describing the work conducted by the Roman Excavations Committee at York in the last two years.

Mr. Miller, who has done much valuable research work in the Roman remains of Great Britain, had charge of the excavations at York, and he gave an extended account of the results and their implications on the history of the Roman military occupation of Britain. Incidentally he threw light on the possible fate of the Ninth Legion, which disappeared mysteriously, and connected the finding of a bronze statue of the Emperor Trajan in Scotland with the disasters at York.

Mr. Miller said the 1926 excavations at York, which were concluded in October, confirmed the fact that the original rampart at York was of clay. The information obtained that the first stone wall of the garrison at York, probably built A.D. 104-108 in the reign of Trajan, had been considerably amplified by last year's excavation by the discovery of an Eastern Corner tower and the foundation of an early wall underlying the existing structure, obviously of pre-Antonine date. The excavations of that corner tower had produced evidence suggesting that the existing tower and the foundations of the existing wall were also pre-Antonine.

The pottery appeared to indicate that they had been constructed at the beginning of the reign of Hadrian. If that was confirmed it would establish the interesting and important fact that York had suffered a disaster connected with the loss of the Ninth Legion. Doubtless this Legion had been cut to pieces when campaigning, and before York had been adequately regarrisoned the fortress may well have been rushed by the enemy. It was possible that the fragment of a bronze statue, supposed to be that of Trajan, found in a Roxburgh bog, might have been looted from York at this period.

A still more serious disaster occurred in A.D. 180, when Scotland was abandoned. That in the restoration which followed the superstructure of the wall at Monk Bar was built was confirmed by every trench dug in that area. In that work the eastern angle tower appeared to have been filled up to form a solid ballisterium. The work in the Museum Gardens had proved that the multangular tower and the adjacent stretch of wall were one homogeneous structure of the same date, and the pottery from the accompanying ditch showed that the date was the early part of the fourth century, when Constantius was in Britain.

As Constantius was at York in A.D. 306, and his son, Constantine the Great, was proclaimed there, the multangular tower might be regarded as a monument of these great events. The discovery of the point of junction between the earlier and later defences round the tower would reveals the extent of the fourth century reconstruction, and that might turn out to be a discovery of the greatest importance.

More knowledge, said Mr. Miller, of the later history of our Legionary fortress at York was urgently required, and since, by the time the Second Legion had left Caerleon, and the Twentieth, stationed at Chester, had disappeared, it was only to York that we could look for that information.

ITALY'S FAMOUS AIRMAN

Colonel the Marquis de Pinedo, who flew from Rome to Tokio and back. He has left Italy intending to cross the Atlantic, traverse America, and return. "Either I win or I do not return," was his answer to Mussolini's command that the flight must be accomplished "for the honour of Italy."

THE RAPE OF THE PIANO

An Incident of the Looting of Nanking

"In one case, six Hunanese soldiers of Cheng Ch'ien's command were systematically removing furniture from two adjoining foreign houses on Socony Hill and discovered that the two grand pianos were too heavy for them. Extra men were therefore summoned from headquarters and the pianos were finally carried away to the barracks."—News Item.

It was a grand piano on Socony's famous hill
A young and comely instrument, whose notes were wont to thrill
An all-aesthetic taipan whom the day's exacting toil
Had left well-nigh fed up with selling lubricating oil.
How safe fair Clavichord was deemed amid her foreign friends:
Little dreaming that the Cantonese would steal her for their ends.
And, each evening, as the lid was closed and locked up for the night,
Her coy and maiden slumbers knew no element of fright.

How changed the scene—the dogs of war so suddenly unchained
While on the undefended heights shrapnel and bullets rained!
And oh! the pity of that flight—the need to get aboard
The gun boats—that entailed abandoning sweet Clavichord!
Unchaperoned, she cowered in the empty drawing room,
Her maiden instincts telling her of her impending doom.
From deep within her there came sobs, as plaintive as could be:
(A minor chant constructed in the common key of C.)

Now hark! Upon the porch there sound the dreaded footsteps. These
Are the unhallowed tread of the untutored Hunanese.
They spy her! In a twinkling, all the brute within them, roused,
They marvel at so fair a thing with foreign devils housed.
Spake one, "Here are more foreign goods. Let us proceed to share 'em;
But as for yonder lovely thing, she's for our General's harem."
With this remark, they stole on her without formality,
To find that she they thought a sylph was heavy as could be.

She bit and scratched: the strength of six did not suffice to lift
Fair Clavichord. Then Headquarters sent a brigade to shift
The stubborn one, who thence was dragged through the embattled street,
Her three legs kicking vainly, and her pedals in retreat.
Dishevelled, breathless, next she stood before the great Chen Ch'ien
Who forthwith barked in angry tones,—most harassed, he, of men—
"Go, bear her hence and work your will! I've not the time to play.
It looks to me as if there'd be a battle any day."

Oh, reader! If you have a heart then shed a furtive tear
For her who from great luxury was dragged to barracks drear.
Her cover gone, her case all scratched, her strings all out of tune,
Her tender feelings played upon both morning, night, and noon.
To add insult to injury, the soldiers rest their heels
On her once ivory countenance, no matter how she feels.
And what is worse, her music's sped to far Hankow by boat,
That Eugene Chen may learn just how to write a foreign note!

R. R. L. F.

OUR PARIS LETTER

Question of the Petroleum Monopoly: Will France Become Dependent on the Soviet for her Supplies?

CONSTRUCTION OF DEFENCES ON EASTERN FRONTIER

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT

Paris, Mar. 2.

According to a clause in the Finance Act, a monopoly is to be established in France in respect of the importation and refining of petroleum on April 1 next. The Government, however, has shown no disposition to move in the matter, and the present Minister of Commerce, M. Bokanowski, who would naturally have a good deal to say about it, is known to be hostile to the monopoly. In all probability the Government will ask for an adjournment, but this of course will not solve the problem.

The State would naturally derive a large revenue from petroleum in all its forms if it could obtain supplies wherever and whenever they were wanted, but this is where the difficulty begins. From the world point of view, France is only a small consumer, and while she needs the big oil trusts, they can do without her. The Americans have always objected very strongly to the creation of national monopolies, as was shown in 1920, when the Standard Oil Company cut off all credits to France; and, according to M. Engerand, a member of the National Liquid Fuel Committee, this is the origin of the difficulty over the United States war debt question.

The Socialists' solution of the problem is to be found in an understanding with the Soviets, who could supply more than half the crude oil required to keep the monopoly going in France. It is suggested that there should be a company in which the French Government would hold a majority of the shares and pay the Soviet Government a percentage on the profits. At present France is dependent on foreign countries for 96 per cent. of her requirements in liquid fuel, but the output in France and Algeria is increasing steadily, the oil resources of Syria and Mesopotamia are being developed, and synthetic petroleum and alcohol have ceased to be mere chemical curiosities and are becoming practical propositions.

On these grounds, the French War Minister, points out that hitherto the work has been delayed by lack of funds, but, now that the period of Allied occupation of the Rhineland is approaching, its end, it is necessary to put the work in hand. The old French defence line which ran from Verdun to Toul and the Swiss frontier is now many miles to the rear of the new frontier, and consequently the new fortified line has become necessary.

According to M. Painlevé, there were two main theories as to what this fortified line should be. One was to build a complete line of concrete trenches from Dunkirk to Switzerland. The other was to build fortified centres with storehouses and embryo lines between them. The Government has chosen a compromise between the two systems. The Alsace-Lorraine frontier is being taken in hand first, and the rest of the east side of France will be covered as time and money may permit. It is quite possible that, before the next conflagration takes place, the conditions of warfare will have changed to such an extent as to make frontier fortifications useless, but, in the meantime, France feels that she must protect herself by every possible means, and that a trench line along the frontier is of more practical utility than reliance on the League of Nations.

A Louis XIV Exhibition

The National Library is fortunate in having a remarkably enterprising curator, M. Roland Marcel. Like many other State institutions, the National Library is always short of money for repairs, alterations and improvements. Instead of sitting down, wringing his hands in despair, and complaining that nothing can be done until Parliament grants an extra vote, M. Roland Marcel sets to work and organizes exhibitions on the premises, by which exercise of the principle that Heaven helps those that help themselves, he has raised quite a respectable sum of money.

His latest effort in this line is a Louis XIV exhibition which is an extraordinarily interesting collection of fragments of history. The Roi Soleil's suit of armour stands at the door, his equestrian statue occupies the place of honour, and his portrait, engraved by Robert Nanteuil hangs on the principal. A more intimate *souvenir* is one of his Latin exercises, written when was only nine years old. To a later period of his life belongs a curious note in which, with the pride of an owner, he tells his loving subjects how they can best visit the park and gardens at Versailles.

Among the State documents on view, we have the original of the treaty which put an end to the war with Spain, the Revocation of the Edict of Nantes, the warrant for the arrest of Fouquet, the Superintendent of Finance, and the prison admission record of the Man with the Iron Mask. The exhibition also contains autograph letters by Louvois, Colbert, Turenne, Vauban, Mme. de Segigne, Descartes and Corneille, the original MSS of Saint-Simon's "Memoirs," and Pascal's "Thoughts," rare editions of Scarron, La Fontaine, and Cyrano de Bergerac, and hundreds of other treasures.

THE END OF YUAN TSU-MING

How the Nationalists Proved Their Superiority on Wu Pei-fu's General

FROM A CORRESPONDENT

A very belated confirmation of the murder of Yuan Tsu-ming, the Kuomintang military adventurer, has just come in from Changsha. The reliable account of his death that we have received throws some light upon the alleged superiority of the civilised "Nationalists" over the savage northern barbarians.

It transpires now that Yuan Tsu-ming who had crossed bits of Kueichow and most of Hunan in a zig-zag way, in the course of his retreat from Chungkiang, was never entirely out of correspondence with his old master, Wu Pei-fu. When he and his horde arrived at Changsha, however, he was tactfully flying the Red flag, claimed to be a "Nationalist" enthusiast and was welcomed, with all his unkempt mountaineer following, as a soldier of the Cause. It appears that all this enthusiasm for the new Boxerism was a pose, dictated by Wu Pei-fu. Telegrams were intercepted and decoded in Hankow that proved it. According to high "Nationalist" theory, the traitorous villain should, of course, have been brought before a tribunal of the proletariat, should have been publicly faced with the evidence of his bad faith and then condemned by the voice of the mob.

Foully Seized

Instead of this, General Yuan was cordially invited to a feast, given by all the distinguished Reds in Changsha, on Chinese New Year's Eve, and while he was sampling the delicacies and thrilling to the sweet pipings of the sing-song ladies, he was suddenly seized, pinioned, taken out and executed. Several of his senior officers were similarly dealt with. The troops of course became good followers of the San Min Principles on the spot and a couple of thousand of them recently proved their earnestness in the cause by seizing and thoroughly befouling the British steamer Kiangwo between Kiukiang and Hankow.

In poor Old China these events would have been routine matters, eliciting pleased chuckles from the irreconcilable Mandarinate. It is a pleasure to find that in the gorgeous and glorious New China, just glimmering in the dawn that has broken over Russia, contact with the traditions of the past is not altogether broken.

VOICES ACROSS THE SEA

The great Wireless Station at Rugby, where is housed the marvellous apparatus of the wireless telephone service to New York. Masts 820 feet high carry the aerial. The first section of the mast seen in the background is the height of Nelson's Column; the second, that of St. Paul's Cathedral.

PARLIAMENT NOT THE DRAW IT WAS

More Excitement in Motor Accidents, the British Industries Fair, Literary Sensations and New Fashions

AND ALWAYS IN MODERN GIRLS AND BOYS

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT

London, Mar. 10.

In the old days Parliament provided much of the news of the week; it now contributes very little. A study of the daily press for the last week shows that apart from the debate on the Red Menace in this country the doings of the House of Commons have practically passed unnoticed. Even as regards the Red Menace there is no new development. Mr. Chamberlain, who is now at Geneva, has stated that our relations with Russia are "bad" and that is all that is to be said at present.

Traffic Disasters

Motor car traffic has, with the advent of fairly fine weather after 17 consecutive days of rain, once more burst into evidence on every public road. We have started quite up to tradition by having a death roll of about 15 to 20 people within a week, and as is always the case, the majority were motor cyclists.

The death of Mr. Parry Thomas, the motorist, on Pendine Sands (with which I have dealt elsewhere) has produced much biographical matter which puts quite a romantic light on his life since apparently he was a silent and unknown benefactor to the Hospital for Sick Children in Gt. Ormonde Street. It also appealed to the public imagination that his wrecked car "Baba" was buried in the sands at Pendine and that the hearse taking his remains to the cemetery went along a portion of the Brooklands track around which in life he had so often driven.

The Marconi Debacle

Drastic alterations in Marconi's Wireless Telegraph Company, Ld., including the appointment of five new directors, are recommended to shareholders in the report of the directors, just issued. It is proposed to reduce the capital from £4,000,000 to £2,374,954 by cancelling capital to the extent of 10s. per share on 3,250,938 Ordinary shares of £1 each, and cancelling shares forfeited, and afterwards to restore the capital to the former amount by the creation of 3,250,092 new shares of 10s. each. In a statement from Marconi House a vigorous and detailed reply is given to criticisms by the English shareholders' sub-committee. An accusation is made of breach of confidence in not honouring an agreement not to divulge information from the confidential report of the investigating accountants. The board have agreed to the vacation of the chairmanship by Senator Marconi, at his own request, so as to permit him to devote more of his time and energy to the technical side of the company. He will be appointed president of the company if the shareholders agree. Many big industrial concerns are also reducing their capital.

A Literary Revelation

Another very interesting literary secret has just leaked out. A short time ago the well-known Scottish firm of Foulis & Co. published a very original first novel called "The Riding Light," by Neil Scot. It was evident from the masterly handling of Scottish life that the writer belonged across the border, while the striking analysis of the feminine temperament, and the very individual literary style, lent colour to the alleged masculine identity of the writer. One passage in the book suggests the main theme, and is placed in the mouth of the heroine, Leslie Raith:—

"There are so many different kinds of women. There is the most wonderful—the mother—the kind that is most likely to find happiness in marriage. Then there is the woman who dislikes passion—the naturally cold. Then there is the woman who is quite the reverse, with whom Fate has played a trick by sending her to face the world half-tamed and far more passionate than the average man."

It is with the third type that Neil would consider daring, but which displays an extraordinary and most up-to-date insight into character. And now, to the general surprise, it appears that Neil Scot is Lady Sybil Grant, well-known as a poet, Scot deals in a book which many writer and journalist. The remarkable insight into character, and strong sense of humour, do not come as a surprise when it is remembered that her father is the Earl of Rosebery.

British Industries Fair Closes

The British Industries Fair at the White City and at Birmingham, which closed on Saturday, has resulted in a record number of orders being placed by home and overseas buyers. At the White City one of the features has been the increased demand for Empire products. The Birmingham Section estimate that orders booked represent about £4,000,000, and that the business which will ultimately accrue will reach £18,000,000 to £20,000,000. Sixty-one foreign countries have been represented, and about 20,000 of the general public also visited the Fair. "Several sections in the London group have applied for twice as much space next year as they had in 1927," said an official of the Fair to a "Morning Post" representative yesterday, "and some even wish to treble it."

Lord Aberconway, aged 76, who celebrated his golden wedding a few days ago, thinks the modern girl is better than her mother. He said: "In some quarters the girl of to-day is depreciated. I don't think it is fair. I find that the girls of the present age are really sensible. They cultivate the society of older men than their mothers used to do. They say they find us more interesting and reliable and that so many of the boys are vain. The girl of to-day will become a fine type of woman. The sports in which she engages are helping to turn her out capable of being the mother of the finest men that the world has seen. As for the boy of to-day, I know many excellent young fellows, but I am afraid they are being handicapped by being over-educated. The consequence is that when they have public school and college, many of them want to start where their father left off, and the standard of social life having come up, they are not able to compete with the boys who have spent years at a trade. That is particularly noticeable in the engineering trades."

Monks of Smithfield

What are believed to be the remains of a monk and a prior who lived in London 600 years ago have been found in two coffins, one of stone and the other of lead, under a stable near Smithfield Market. The discovery was made by workmen engaged in excavating the eastern side of the original cloisters of the twelfth century Priory of St. Bartholomew the Great. The cloisters were sold by the Church of St. Bartholomew the Great when Henry VIII dissolved the monasteries. They were converted into workshops, warehouses and stable for lay purposes. The coffins bear no inscription, but their age can be told by their design. The fact that one contained a monk and another a prior is thought to be established by the position in which they were buried. The City authorities have been informed of the discovery, and it is understood that the remains of the bodies will be reburied at Ilford.

Court Breeches for Girl Dancers

The extensive Court dressmakers of Mayfair who are now launching the 1927 fashions at a series of smart mannequin parades have hit upon dancing breeches to provide the sensation of the spring season. The first pair made their appearance at a salon in the West End. Of black satin, they were worn under a black lace frock by a mannequin who glided round the room with a demure expression on her face and occasionally pulled aside the folds of the black lace so that the red buttonholes at the knee might be seen. They are cut to Court pattern, but with not an inch of unnecessary fulness and are held at the waist with elastic. "But will women wear them?" a fashionable Court dressmaker was asked. "Some women will wear anything that is new," she said, "but I can hardly see knee breeches being displayed in a Society ballroom for many seasons."

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NOTICE

THE owners copy of the Title Deed of the British Consular Lot 3305, in the name of Bruman Atkinson and Arthur Dallas has been declared to be lost and application has been made to H.B.M.'s Consulate-General for the issue of a new Deed at the expiration of three months from this date.

ATKINSON & DALLAS, LTD.
3805

NOTICE

THE declaration of trust No. 543, relative to B. C. Lot 3305, in favour of SHENG A ZUNG (盛芝臣) has been declared lost and notice is hereby given that the said declaration of trust will be treated as null and void and a new declaration of trust will be issued to the beneficial owner three months from date hereof.

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FROM DAY TO DAY

DR. R. E. Cameron returned to Shanghai on Monday night, having travelled by the P. & O. S. Malwa. Mrs. Cameron is meanwhile remaining at Home.

MRS. Allister St. Clair Campbell has moved to the Majestic Hotel where she will remain until she sails for England in the P. & O. S. Malwa on April 26.

MR. G. L. Wilson F.R.I.B.A., F.S.I., Chartered Architect and Surveyor, has again been nominated for election at the forthcoming annual meeting of ratepayers as a Land Commissioner for the ensuing year.

THE number of foreign newspaper correspondents in Shanghai was yesterday augmented by two, who arrived from Paris by the French mail. These are M. Jean Fontenoy, who represents the Havas News Agency, and M. Manue, who is on the staff of "*Le Journal*".

THROUGH the generosity of some of the members of the Shanghai Club a sum was collected enabling the purchase of 38,500 cigarettes which have been forwarded to the Administrative Committee for the entertainment of the British Forces for free distribution.

THE American Marines in our midst are a thoroughly cheery crowd. Yesterday a Marine service truck was observed proceeding along the Bund, having aboard her half a dozen men in shirt sleeves. They were engaged in singing love songs, and each wielded a spade which he strummed in proper banjo fashion. The effect was thoroughly picturesque.

IN the course of a report on labour conditions in Chapel published by us on Saturday it was stated that the China Amalgamated Nail & Wire Products Co. (which had been affected by the strike) was a German concern. We are asked to state that there are no German interests in this concern, the capital being entirely British, also neither now nor in the past have there been any German employees. In connexion with this firm, work was resumed on March 25.

THE Chinese Telegraph Administration announces that the following unclaimed telegrams are awaiting delivery:—From Harbin to Moller Chinadirec; from Hankow to Thacher; from Harbin to Grigorenko; from Dairen to Vivbowden; from Hankow to Riggs, 3 Yates Road; from Changsha to 0794; from Tientsin to Carte, Seymour Road; from Hankow to Branch 109 Seymour Road.

WE are asked to announce that there will be a specially arranged Lenten Service in the Holy Trinity Cathedral this afternoon at 5.30. This will be the sixth in the series of mid week services on Wednesday during Lent. Simple and familiar hymns have been chosen and certain members of the choir will be present to lead the singing. The devotional part of the service will be conducted by the Dean. The Sub-Dean will deliver the concluding address in his Lenten series, the topic being "The Repentance of St. Peter."

WE have received a brochure entitled "Manchuria and the South Manchuria Railway Company," which has been compiled by Mr. Henry W. Kinney. To those intending to proceed to Manchuria or who have interests there it constitutes a very valuable work, as it covers fully the field of activity of the Railway. In the introduction it is pointed out that Japan's aims and policies in Manchuria are neither political nor for colonization purposes but the development of the resources of the country, and in connexion with this the activities of the railway, which include much more than transport, are especially important. A very great deal of information of the utmost usefulness is given, while illustrations and a map add to the attractiveness of the publication.

A CHINESE press telegram says that Admiral-General Pih Shou-chen, commander of the 8th Shantung-Chihli Army and director-general of the 5th army route, who deserted his troops in Shanghai, was shot by order of Marshal Chang Chung-chang at Hsuchowfu on March 28. The charges preferred against him were (1) that he accepted a Southern appointment as commander of the 41st Nationalist Army and (2) that he surrendered Shanghai without offering any resistance. It will be recalled that, when Admiral-General Pih retreated, Marshal Chang at once deprived him of his positions, including the commandership-in-chief of the Pechihli Squadron, the military governorship of of Tsingtao, the defence commissionership of Kiaochow and eastern Shantung, etc.

THE Secrtaries of the English National Council of Y.M.C.A's. working with the Shanghai Defence Force wish to thank the undermentioned for gifts of books, magazines and periodicals for distribution to the men of the British Forces:—Dr. J. L. Maxwell, Miss Maxwell, Miss L. Wells, Mr. C. T. Freeman, Miss McLevy and Mrs. W. W. Wagstaff. Many further contributions are requested. The donors may be assured that the men on scattered outposts will heartily welcome literature, games, gramaphones or anything else of recreative value distributed through the Y.M.C.A. This Association is endeavouring to avoid the duplication of work which is being done by any other organization catering for the entertainment of the troops. Recreation rooms have been opened in two of the camps.

H.M.S. Daundless made up river yesterday afternoon, swung round at The Bund, and dropped down river again to her moorings.

THE Shanghai Chinese Women's Amalgamated Organizations have sent out a number of letters and telegrams to the Nationalist authorities demanding that prompt steps should be taken to suppress trafficking in opium and other drugs.

YESTERDAY there was a trial flight of seaplanes belonging to H.M.S. Argus. Three planes took the air, and shortly after 11 a.m. attracted much interest as they flew over the Settlement and the Pootung hinterland. Another two had a flight in the afternoon.

THE Chinese merchants in the French Concession, says the Chinese Press, have requested the French Consul-General to instruct the police to open the barbed wire entanglements in order that firewood and rice stocks may be brought in from the Chinese City.

THE Nanking Post Office has been functioning as usual since the morning after the looting. All mail matter for Americans whose address is not known is being forwarded by the Nanking Post Office marked as follows:—Nanking Refugee, care of U.S. Consul-General, Shanghai. Mail matter for British subjects is being sent to H.M. Consul-General, Shanghai.

A PARTY of 150 of Chinese, claiming to represent 200 public organizations and 100,000 Chinese citizens, held a meeting in Nantao on Monday "to welcome Gen. Chiang Kai-shek", who, however, did not turn up. They demanded that he should secure the return of the International Settlement and demand the withdrawal of all foreign military and naval forces.

WE have received from the Grand Hotel of the Chinese Eastern Railway, Harbin, copies of time tables and pamphlets for the use of those travelling from the Far East to Europe and *vice versa*. Full details regarding the times of departure of trains, booking agencies, etc. are given. Those desiring copies of the traffic directory and other publications should communicate with the Grand Hotel.

"Bob your hair, girls, oppose the binding of feet, and do not beautify your faces with powder and cosmetics, as you did before. If you do this, you will be showing an independent spirit. You will be throwing off all bondages and enter into a new revolutionary spirit. Be a Joan of Arc." Such is the text of a circular issued to the Chinese ladies of Shanghai by the Shanghai Women's Suffrage Association, which is a branch of the Women's Department of the Kuomintang, yesterday.

THE Nationalist Government in Hankow has telegraphed to the local commercial and banking organizations, announcing that, with a view to readjusting and unifying the finances of Kiangsu and Chekiang, the Minister of Finance, Mr. T. V. Soong, has been sent here to make personal arrangements. As full power is vested in Mr. Soong, only such obligations that he may enter into will be recognized. Without his authority, no persons may arrange for loans or collect revenues. Acts carried out without Mr. Soong's permission will not be recognized and they will be declared null and void.

BRITISH troops in Jessfield Park are now receiving daily small slips of paper entitled "bull's eyes". They are obviously the work of some propagandist desiring to create discontent among the men, as, for instance, they suggest a comparison of the men's conditions in Jessfield Park with those of the staff officers living in hotels, etc. It may be remembered that when certain of these battalions were leaving England similar pernicious leaflets were showered amongst them, but neither at that time nor at the present has such distribution had the slightest effect. Nor is it likely to.

MR. S.M. Joseph has forwarded to us a cheque for Tls. 100 with the request that it be applied as follows:—Tls. 50 to the British and Indian Defence Forces: Tls. 25 to the American Marines: Tls. 25 to refugees who suffered in their recent frightful flight from the interior. Mr. Joseph left Shanghai by the R.M.S. Empress of Canada, and in his letter enclosing the cheque he writes:—"With a thousand thanks for the presence of the British and foreign forces in Shanghai, and every success to the defenders of humanity and civilization". The cheque has been forwarded to the correct quarter.

TO-DAY is *Ching-ming*, according to the Chinese calender. It is known elsewhere as Arbor Day. The occasion was formerly observed to perpetuate the memory of a famous Chinese scholar, Kai Tz-chu, who, in the year 500 B.C., was burnt to death with his mother in a forest, where he lived a retired life. It is said that the people longed to get him back into power again because of his benevolence and his good acts and they hoped to force him from retirement by setting fire to the forest. The scholar, however, preferred to die a hermit, rather than live in unwelcome surroundings. Just as he was dying, he thanked the people, through the flames, for their kindness. The day was made a holiday by President Yuan Shih-kai by mandate and nowadays it is the custom to observe it by planting a tree. In western China, the people refrain from making fires and eat raw meat in memory of the great scholar.

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Special House Coal @ $24.00

Best House Coal No. 1 @ $22.00

Best House Coal No. 2 @ $20.00

Best Kitchen Coal No. 1 @ $22.00

Best Kitchen Coal No. 2 @ $20.00

Kitchen Coal No. 3 @ $18.00

BEST UNSCREENED COAL

Steam Coal No. 1 @ $17.00

Steam Coal No. 2 @ $16.00

Steam Coal No. 3 @ $15.00

Firewood for 30 bundles @ $ 1.00

Charcoal per large basket @ $ 0.25

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58-494. This advertisement is issued by the British-American Tobacco Co., (China)

CHEMOR UNITED RUBBER CO.

Increase of Standard Production Assessment: Profits Greater than in 1925

The annual general meeting of the Chemor United Rubber Co., Ld., was held yesterday at the offices of the secretaries and general managers, Messrs. J. A. Wattle & Co., Ld., 10 Canton Road. Mr. E. E. Clark presided and he was supported by Messrs. A. W. Burkill, A. J. Welch and F. W. Sutterle (directors) and Mr. C. J. L. Stewart (secretary). The attendance represented 83, 837 shares.

In the course of his speech, the chairman said:—

Gentlemen,—The report and accounts having been in your hands for several days I propose, with your permission, to follow the usual procedure and to take them as read.

During the year 30 acres of reserve land on Chemor Estate were planted with rubber and there is now no further land that is suitable for rubber, neither, I regret to say, is there any land suitable for an extension to the planted area available in the vicinity of either estate.

Pests and diseases gave very little trouble during the year, only 217 trees being lost from this cause on Chemor Estate and 128 trees on Batu Dua Estate.

Labour was sufficient for all requirements on both estates and I am pleased to be able to state that the health of the force was, on the whole, satisfactory.

Standard Production

Standard production for the fifth year of restriction has been reassessed at 570,333 lb., or an increase of 134,369 lb. over the previous figure, but, in spite of this large increase, the new figure is within the producing capacity of the estates without unduly straining the trees.

Green cover crops are being established on both estates, which should have the effect of enriching the soil and reducing the cost of weeding.

Silt pitting is being done wherever it is considered desirable and only obviously malformed or bad yielding trees are being thinned out.

Speaking generally, affairs on both estates are progressing normally and satisfactorily.

The Accounts

Turning now to the accounts the profit for the year was Tls. 4,527 greater than that earned in 1925 in spite of the fact that the average price realized for our product was 10⅛d. per lb. less. The factors that enabled us to show this satisfactory result were an increase in the crop of 121,902 lb., and a reduction of 1/4d per lb. in the cost of production.

Interest earned on our surplus funds amounted to Tls. 4,526.58, which went a long way towards paying the expenses of this office. Capital expenditure during the year only amounted to Tls. 9,836.32, the bulk of which represented the cost of planting and upkeeping the extension of 30 acres and of a new coolie line on Chemor Estate. The other buildings and the machinery were given the necessary repairs and upkeep and are reported to be in good condition.

After paying the final dividend now recommended, we shall be left with a surplus of liquid assets amounting to Tls. 57,666.13, which is more than sufficient to see us through any contingency that may arise.

During the year there were several changes in the personnel on the estates. Mr. Murray, the manager for many years of Batu Dua Estate, retired in April owing to ill-health, and I take this opportunity of thanking him for valuable services to the company in the past and of wishing him a speedy restoration to health, and a pleasant sojourn in the old country.

His place was taken by Mr. L. Kirby but, in November, Mr. Johnson, who has managed Chemor for some years past, left to better himself on another estate, and Mr. Kirby was then moved to Chemor Estate, and Mr. E. G. Morgan was appointed manager of Batu Dua.

Our thanks are due to all these gentlemen, to Mr. Pinching, our technical advisor, and to Messrs. Kennedy, Burkill & Co. Ld., our Straits agents, for the efficient manner in which they have looked after the interests of the estates.

That is all I have to say, gentlemen, but if anyone has any questions to ask, I shall be pleased to answer them before I formally propose the adoption of the report and accounts.

The Resolutions

There were no questions, and the following resolutions were then formally proposed, seconded and carried unanimously:—

That the directors' report and statement of accounts for the year ended December 31, 1926, as presented, be adopted and passed.—Proposed by Mr. E. E. Clark and seconded by Mr. A. J. Welch.

That a final dividend of 20 candareens per share, be paid, making a total of 40 candareens per share for the year.—Proposed by Mr. E. E. Clark and seconded by Mr. A. W. Burkill.

That the directors be authorized to donate the sum of Tls. 250 towards the supply of comforts for the foreign troops now in Shanghai.—Proposed by Mr. E. E. Clark and seconded by Mr. A. J. Welch.

That Messrs. E. E. Clark and F. W. Sutterle be re-elected directors of the company.—Proposed by Mr. H. Kadoorie and seconded by Mr. C. J. L. Stewart.

That the appointment of Mr. A. W. Burkill as a director of the company be confirmed.—Proposed by Mr. C. J. L. Stewart and seconded by Mr. D. H. Benjamin.

That Messrs. Lowe, Bingham and Matthews be re-elected auditors to the company.—Proposed by Mr. C. S. Shackleton and seconded by Mr. H. Kadoorie.

This concluded the business of the meeting.

THE CONSOLD. RUBBER ESTATES, LD.

Annual General Meeting

The annual general meeting of the Consolidated Rubber Estates, Ld., was held yesterday in the offices of the secretaries and managers, Messrs. Burkill & Sons, 2 Canton Road. Mr. E. T. Byrne presided, supported by Messrs. A. W. Burkill, G. M. W. Hummel, J. R. Moodie and Hugo Reiss (directors) and Mr. E. A. Prince, secretary, and shareholders representing 66,450 shares.

The chairman, after the notice convening the meeting had been read, said:—

Gentlemen:—The report and accounts having been in your hands for some time, I will, with your permission, follow the usual course and take them as read.

I am pleased to congratulate shareholders on what may be considered an excellent year's working and it may interest you to know that the profit for the year under review is the highest earned by the Company since it was formed in 1914 and exceeds last year's earnings at Tls. 75,941. With regard to the Accounts, you will note that Exchange Fluctuation appears in the Balance Sheet for the first time. In the past it has been customary for most Shanghai Companies to include profit or loss on exchange in the Profit and Loss Account but at the suggestion of our Auditors who pointed out that any profit or loss on exchange was merely a book adjustment and not a realized profit, it has been decided to treat this account in future as an Exchange Fluctuation Reserve Account.

From the Report before you it will be noted that the crop for the year exceeded last year's output by 306,261 lbs., this large increase is due to the larger exportable allowance during the year and to the fact that our estates were, at the end of the year, in an overproduced position to the extent of 108,610 lbs. which has been taken into the accounts at f.o.b. cost. This stock will be sold under the current year's licence and we expect to derive a fair margin of profit. Against this, however, we must look forward during the current year to a much lower average exportable allowance which will not only result in a lower output, but will, unless a substantial rise in the price of rubber takes place, affect the Company's earnings this year. It is for this reason that the Directors have adopted a conservative attitude with regard to the payment of the Final Dividend and are therefore recommending in the appropriation the placing of sum of Tls. 50,000 to Equalization of Dividend Fund which the Directors will not hesitate to draw upon when in their opinion it is considered advisable to do so.

Generally speaking the estates are in excellent order and there is very little for me to comment upon. In summarising the year's working our technical adviser, Mr. H. C. Pinching reports that the estates continue to be carefully and economically managed.

Before concluding, the Directors wish to express their appreciation of the good work done by the manager, Mr. Carmichael and the estate staffs and they feel sure that the proposed bonus will be readily agreed to by shareholders.

That is all I have to say, gentlemen, before putting the Resolutions to the Meeting, I shall be pleased to answer to the best of my ability any questions shareholders may wish to ask.

The Resolutions

That the report and accounts for the year ended December 31, 1926 as presented be accepted:—Proposed by Mr. E. T. Byrne and seconded by Mr. Hugo Reiss.

That the following recommendation as to the appropriation of the balance at credit of profit and loss account as presented be accepted:—Proposed by Mr. E. T. Byrne and seconded by Mr. A. W. Burkill.

Pay a final dividend of thirty tael cents per share (making 80 per cent. for the year)..	Tls. 112,500.00
Place to general reserve	25,000.00
Place to equalization of dividend fund	50,000.00
Pay bonus to estate staff	10,000.00
Write off buildings	11,399.55
Write off wells and water supply	775.83
Carry forward	6,423.56
Total	Tls. 215,098.94

That the appointment of Mr. A. W. Burkill as a Director of the company be confirmed:—Proposed by Mr. Chun Kee-wai and seconded by Mr. H. J. Clark.

That Mr. Hugo Reiss be re-elected a director of the company:—Proposed by Mr. J. G. Bell and seconded by Mr. H. Kadoorie.

That Messrs. Lowe, Bingham and Matthews be re-elected auditors to the company:—Proposed by Mr. H. J. Clark and seconded by Mr. Edward Bell.

C. S. Shackleton and seconded by Mr. H. Kadoorie.

This concluded the business of the meeting.

WATCH-REPAIRING
BRUNO HAUBE
Foreign Chronometer and Watch Maker.
Moderate Prices.
68 Kiangse Road, first floor.
Telephone Central 2323.
5489

SHANGHAI PACKING CO.
CAREFUL SERVICE OF EXPERT PACKERS
JAMES MAGILL & CO.
General Managers.
13 Ezra Road.
Telephone Central 1348.

WANTED TO PURCHASE

WANTED, A.B.C. 6th Edition Telegraphic Code, second-hand. Please write to 176-7 Seward Road. 5742

WANT to buy Orthophonic gramophone, Credenza. Telephone West 2553. 5605

MORTGAGES AND LOANS

SHORT term loan not exceeding Tls. 20,000 wanted. Attractive property and residence situated best residential quarter French Concession offered as security. Reply Box 1254. 4807

OFFICE CARS

WANTED, seat in office car from I.S.S. Building, Avenue Joffre. Telephone West 891. 4970

SEAT required in office car, Ya Yuen Road district. Please state terms and full particulars to Box 1346. 5715

MOTOR CARS & CYCLES

HAYNES limousine, six cylinder, for sale. Will accept reasonable offer for immediate disposal. Address Box 1355. 5766

FOR SALE, Morris-Oxford sports model, almost new condition. Owner driven. Advertiser leaving Shanghai. Address Box 1354. 5765

A GA five-six seater limousine. First class running order; condition like new. Tls. 850. Please address Box 1257. 5357

MAXWELL five-seater touring car, recently overhauled, painted and fitted with new hood. Tls. 400. Elliott, P. W. D. 5619

FORD sedan (two doors), in perfect condition for sale. Tls. 500 at once for cash. Address Box 1330. 5639

FIAT roadster, in new condition, large model. A bargain for Tls. 1,150. Address Box 1332. 5675

TUDOR Ford Sedan, owner driven, in perfect condition. Specially fitted Bosch magneto for easy starting. New battery, new tyres, one spare tyre, self-starter, all tools, cushion covers, etc. Tls. 1,000. Insurance transferred to buyer. Price for quick sale Tls. 500. Owner leaving. Address Box 1321. 6020

FOR SALE, Stutz motor car, roadster, Tls. 500. Eastman cinema camera, model A, motor or hand driven, includes tripod and case. Address Box 1350. 5545

FOR SALE, almost new Morris Oxford closed or open car. Mileage, 2,000 miles, (1926 model), 23 miles per gallon. Address Box 1296. 5578

KANEGEN & CO.
47 KASHING ROAD
Tel. North 3391
JAPANESE PACKER
5573

The Standard
The Popular British Car
Agents: EASTERN GARAGE
STAR GARAGE
4325

HARRIS TWEED
The Cream of Scotch Homespuns and Arisocrat of all Sportswear
DIRECT FROM THE MAKERS
Suit-Lengths Available in any Shade
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Samples Free on Stating Colours Desired.
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4 Avenue Edward VII
(Telegraph Building)
Tel. Central 5527
PROPERTY DEPARTMENT
PURCHASE and Sale of Land and Houses, Management of Properties, Chinese and foreign. Trust and Mortgages, Houses to let.
5698

SUPERFINE D.F. BUTTER
$1.25
AT ALL STORES

DR. JOHN GODDARD
OPTICIAN
83a Nanking Road, Shanghai
W. T. FINDLEY, M.D.

POSITIONS WANTED

Advertisements under this heading are accepted at the rate of two Mex cents per word per insertion, with a minimum charge of Tls. 0.50

STENOGRAPHER (male) seeks position in any capacity. Familiar with shipping and office work. Salary no object. Reply Box 1349. 5747

EXPERIENCED steno-typist with knowledge of coding, filing and general office routine, seeks position immediately. Address Box 1347. 5751

EFFICIENT Russian cook seeks situation. Good knowledge of Russian and English table. Has first class reference. 131 Route Vallon, Mrs. Loukiakoff. 5717

BRITISH lady, capable, experienced traveller, wishing to return Canada, offers services companion, nurse-companion, or take care of children, in return for passage. Would take similar temporary position in Shanghai. Address Box 1340. 5716

YOUNG German, trained mechanic for motor cars and trucks, with commercial training, wants position. Moderate wages. Willing to try without pay. Address Box 1335. 5721

RUSSIAN young lady, knowing music (piano) offers her services as a nurse. Address Box 1314. 5656

EFFICIENT lady stenographer, thoroughly familiar with all branches of office work, such as cabling, filing, mailing, open for engagement. Salary secondary consideration. For references address Box 1324. 5661

FOREIGNER (age 26) seeks situation as office assistant. Sound knowledge of English; stenography; accounts and office routine. Satisfaction assured. Address Box 1256. 5364

PORTUGUESE book-keeper-accountant, familiar with all forms of accounting, seeks immediate employment in any capacity. Hard worker and thoroughly dependable. Excellent references. Address Box 1297. 5578

POSITIONS VACANT

WANTED, (book - keeper - stenographer), Eurasian or Chinese. Only energetic man need apply. Velvet Ice Cream Co., 85 Szechuen Road. 5744

TYPIST, rapid and accurate, wanted immediately. Must be able to take dictation direct on to Underwood. Temporary work. Apply personally between 2 and 3 o'clock to-day. Albert C. Davis, Chun Wo Co., G.351 Tiendong Road. 5709

DEUTSCHE sekretaerin fuer Japan, mit vieljaehriger Erfahrung in Kurzschrift fuer Deutsch und Englisch, flotte Maschinenschreiberin, fuer sofort von deutschem Importhaus in Tokio gesucht. Angebote erbeten unter Box 1245 dieser Zeitung. 5288

CLERICAL assistant. A capable clerical assistant (foreigner) is required by a large industrial concern. Applications are invited only from men who have had sound training, and business experience. The position has good prospects to a man of initiative and ability. Applicants are required to give particulars of previous experience, age, and salary required. Original testimonials must not be forwarded. Address Box 1305. 5548

WANTED, junior assistant, conversant with export invoicing and shipping routine. One with previous experience in produce trade preferred. Reply, stating salary required, to Box 1304. 5544

LADY going England, Kashima Maru, sailing May 17, wishes to hear of passenger prepared to give assistance with three children. Phone Jennett, West 4562. 5553

WANTED, the Lower Liao River Conservancy will appoint a foreign engineer or surveyor with engineering knowledge to their staff. Applicants should have some knowledge of hydrographical surveying. Salary to commence at M.$450 per mensem with free house and medical attendance. First engagement to be for 12 months on probation after which period if found satisfactory the successful candidate would be considered as being in the regular service of the Conservancy. Applications with copies of testimonials and full particulars of previous experience to be forwarded to the Vice-President and Secretary, Liao River Conservancy Board, Newchwang. 5468

WANTED, young lady stenographer, typist, for general office work. Knowledge of cable codes essential. Reply stating full particulars as to qualifications, salary expected, etc., to Box 1269. 5389

LOST

LOST, two Delivery Orders for six cases woollens, No. 778/783 ex s.s. "Kamo Maru" marked OTO and two cases woollens, No. 3628/3629 ex "General Metzinger" marked A.L.S. These said Delivery Orders are now considered null and void. 5764

LOST, Bill of Lading, No. 22/6 marked "S" in double triangle for 185 bags of maize, ex s.s. "Belkyo Maru" from Dairen, voyage No. 38, which was issued from original Bill of Lading ex lot 685 bags. A duplicate having been applied for from the Osaka Shosen Kaisha, the said Bill of Lading has been cancelled. Tai Feng Co., (泰豐). 5564

LOST, Bill of Lading of ex s.s. "Yingchow," voyage No. 812 from Dairen. Bill of Lading No. 5 marked "T" in double triangle, 631 bags small green beans, issued in two parts, one for 315 bags and another for 316 bags. Two duplicates now having been applied for from Messrs. Butterfield & Swire, the last Bill of Ladings are cancelled. Tai Feng Co., (泰豐). 5563

LOST, Pass No. NR20356 calling for 500 packages of rape seed cake, marked in diamond ex s.s. "Suiyang Maru" from Hankow imported on March 16, 1927. Vessel No. 51/25091. And Pass No. NR20355 calling for 500 packages of rape seed cake marked in diamond ex. Registered Lighter No. 367 in tow of s.s. "Iyang Maru" from Hankow imported on March 16, 1927. Vessel No. 5/35614 consigned to Nisshin Kisen Kaisha. We hereby declared the same is to be null and void. The Nisshin Kisen Kaisha, 5574

EDUCATIONAL

FRENCH lessons by experienced lady teacher. Moderate price. Address Box 1273. 5509

DOGS

GERMAN Shepherd dog (Alsatian) for sale. Fine young dog, six months. Sire Gerwin von Riautal SZ322137, imported from Germany, 12 Grand Champions in five generation pedigree; dam by Klaus von Warnowtal, imported, pedigreed dog ex a daughter of Mr. Neumann's imported pair. Apply 122 Route Amiral Courbet. 5542

FOR SALE—Houses and Land

FOR SALE, large and distinctive residence on about 12 mow of land, located in the best residential section of the French Concession. Modern equipment and furniture, included in reasonable sale price. Refer to P/S 946, Asia Realty Co., 15 Nanking Road. Tel. Central 8222. 5414

FOR SALE or to let, with or without furniture, well constructed house of nine living rooms, two bathrooms, modern sanitation, central heating, garage, on approximately two mow of land. Great Western Road. Low price. Address Box 1361. 5549

WELL constructed residence, Dent Road, 1.4.2.4 mow land, garden, trees, garage for two cars, hall, dining and drawing rooms, office, five bedrooms, two bathrooms. Price very reasonable. China Realty Company, 76 Szechuen Road. Tel. Central 8288. 5377

NEW, small, cozy home, rapidly developing part French Concession. All modern conveniences, small garden, garage. Surprisingly inexpensive. China Realty Company. 5378

HUNGJAO Road near Great Western Road, three mow, excellently situated for subdivision. Apply China Realty Company. 5379

VACANT land for investment, nine mow, Great Western Road near Lincoln Avenue. Rapidly growing residential district. Price very cheap. China Realty Company. 5380

FURNITURE of small house, sitting, dining, two bedrooms for sale. Any reasonable offer accepted. House may be taken over if required. Apply 1516 Avenue Joffre. 5582

INVESTORS. You are interested in placing your capital where it will yield the best returns consistent with safety. The Asia Realty Company, 15 Nanking Road, telephone Central 8222 has a good selection of foreign and Chinese properties to offer to you. Your interests will have our careful and individual attention. 5412

PROSPECTIVE buyers of residential lots will find attractive offerings listed by the Asia Realty Company, 15 Nanking Road. Please telephone Central 8222. Price and plans given upon request, and inspection invited. 5413

APARTMENTS

TWO unfurnished rooms with private bathroom, to let at 370 Avenue Joffre. Rental, $100 per mensem. Address Box 1233, or in person at any time. 5737

TO LET, flat of two rooms, newly decorated and nicely furnished, verandah and bathroom attached also two big rooms with separate bathrooms. Apply 8 Carter Road. Tel. West 5028. 5735

TO bachelors: Advertiser (English) has fairly large house in International Settlement, Western district and desires to turn it into a bachelors' mess on share basis. Garage and tennis court. Address Box 1341. 5706

WELL furnished flat, Western district. Three rooms, modern bathroom, verandah, kitchen. Rent Tls. 130 inclusive. Also attic flat, furnished. Tls. 40. Phone West 557. 5691

TO LET, self-contained apartment in Ya Yuen Road consisting of three rooms with kitchen and servants' quarters and modern conveniences, central heating and cold and hot water service at Tls. 85 per month. Apply to E. D. Sassoon & Co., Ltd., 6 Kiukiang Road. 5442

THREE-ROOMED furnished apartment with bathroom, kitchen, storeroom, verandah, balcony, garden. Modern sanitation. Geyser. Telephone. Quiet location. Apply Meyns, 72 Route de Grouchy. 5631

FURNISHED two room, modern apartment with phone, gas range and all conveniences. Very central location, immediate possession, rent Tls. 70 per month. Phone West 4402. 5635

FOR RENT, I. S. S. Apartments four rooms flat 107. Apply premises 1552 Avenue Joffre. 5643

TO LET, furnished flat with bathroom suitable for three bachelors or married people. With board. Apply 489 Rue Lafayette near French Park. Box at the door. 5614

TO LET, nicely furnished flat or separate bedroom. Central heating, flush toilet, telephone. Apply 758 Avenue Joffre. 5651

FRENCH Concession, four rooms, bath, lavatory, kitchen, pantry and servants' quarters. Furniture practically new. Reasonable, inclusive rent. Address Box 1276. 5451

TO LET, suite of two rooms with bathroom in private family, board optional. 117 Route Vallon. 5552

TO LET, four-roomed furnished flat in I.S.S. Building, Avenue Joffre. Rent, including heating and rates, Tls. 130 per month. Address Box 1305. 5542

NO. 144 Seymour Road: Large, comfortably furnished suite of rooms, with verandah, bath, etc. Garage, tennis. Telephone West 3941. 5551

FLAT to let, three rooms, kitchen, bath and servants' quarters. All modern conveniences. Best part of French Concession. Apply E. Sassoon & Co., Ltd., 38 Edward VII. 5424

TO LET, French Concession, top floor private residence, completely furnished, five rooms, linen, silver, etc. Tls. 110 inclusive water, lamp, light. No children. West 1988. 5452

ROOMS WITH BOARD

TO LET, in private family, nice big furnished room (south) with private modern bathroom; verandah. Opposite French Park. Board optional. Address Box 1356. 5736

TO LET, furnished rooms with board at very reasonable rates. 19 Linda Terrace. 5748

FRENCH lady wishes to have paying guest; newly furnished room; modern conveniences. Opposite French Park. Write Box 1344. 5712

FLAT of two rooms; bathroom attached. Also single room. Close to Race Club. Mrs. J. Cameron, 14, 16, 18 Weihaiwei Road. 5730

TO LET, room with board, in private family (French Concession; bus and tram lines at hand). Suitable for one or two persons. Please address Box 1296. 5575

TO LET, central part of Avenue Joffre, comfortably furnished double and single rooms; excellent menu; price moderate. Apply Shamrock, 516 Avenue Joffre. Telephone West 836. 5338

VACANT, nicely furnished rooms with verandah, modern bathroom; also one flat furnished or unfurnished of two big rooms, kitchen, bath, with or without board. Excellent German cooking. 19 Kelmscott Gardens. Tel. West 2702. 5471

TO LET, from 8th instant, a good, well furnished bedroom for married couple or two friends. Excellent board and service. Terms reasonable. Apply 11 Yuen Ming Yuen Road, near Bund. 5663

NO. 304 Route Cardinal Mercier, nice, little room with modern bathroom. Food of the best. $190 per month. Telephone West 2544. 5657

FRONT room to let, suitable for bachelor or office girl, in private British family, West End Lane. $80 per month. Address Box 1319. 5623

BEAUTIFUL, newly furnished and well papered room south, with closed-in verandah, modern bathroom attached, first class French cooking. Apply 204 Rue Bourgeat (near French Club). Telephone West 2327. 5662

TO LET, nicely furnished rooms with bathrooms up to date. With board. Bus at the door. Apply 459 Rue Lafayette near French Park. 5615

VACANT, bed-sitting room with full board, 218 Rue Chapsal. 'Phone West 648. 5642

TO LET, in German family, two furnished attic rooms, with private bath attached. Full board. Vicinity Route de Grouchy. Address Box 1306. 5541

TO LET, in French Concession, one large bedroom, fully furnished, with bathroom attached, latest sanitary arrangements. With full board. Suitable for married couple or two bachelors. Telephone West 2173 or address Box 1312. 5589

COMFCETABLY furnished double room facing south with private bathroom, modern sanitation, tennis and garage. Also one single room. Mrs. Eriksen, 689 Rue Eatard. 5492

WELL furnished rooms, modern bathroom. Board if wanted. 202 Rue Chapsal, French Concession. Phone West 3079 from 12 to 3. 5363

COMFORTABLY furnished double bed-sitting room, facing south, with private bathroom and verandah; modern sanitation. 3 Yates Road. West 3872. 5300

ROOMS WITHOUT BOARD

TO LET, with breakfast only, large room with verandah (separate bathroom), garage. 487 Rue Lafayette, opposite French Park. From 12 to 2 and 6 to 8 p.m. 5739

TO LET, in British house, one double and one single room, facing south. Best part of French Concession, three minutes tram and 'bus. Telephone West 3532. 5708

TO LET, furnished room, facing south, with bathroom. Suitable for a bachelor. In Wongkashaw Gardens. Breakfast if desired. Address Box 1353. 5761

DOUBLE and single rooms, comfortably furnished. One apartment, living room, sleeping porch, kitchen, bathroom, modern sanitation. 260 Avenue Joffre. Tel. West 2455. 5692

A fully furnished room with bath at 96 Avenue du Roi Albert, for $40. 'Phone Central 8113. 5309

ROOM to let, furnished, with verandah bathroom (geyser). Apply 28 Kweaming Road (Wayside district). Telephone East 293. 5449

TO LET, large furnished rooms with bathrooms attached and geysers. Telephone North 1947. Apply 23 Young Allen Court. 5624

WANTED TO RENT

ROOM and board in Central or Carter Road district wanted by British gentleman. Address Box 1348. 5749

YOUNG German wants furnished room with board in English or American family. Address Box 1343. 5710

WANTED, unfurnished flat of three to four rooms with kitchen, bath, etc. Must be modern. Garage desirable. Locality Western or Central district. Address Box 1338. 5719

WANTED, furnished room with bath, without board in International Settlement, preferably down town. Address Box 1302. 5750

WANTED, for married couple, two or three furnished rooms with bathroom and kitchen. French Concession or Settlement. Reply Box 1337. 5729

BRITISHER requires furnished room with, without or with partial board. Address Box 1327. 5625

WANTED, by German bachelor, May 1, one or two furnished rooms with attached bathroom, with or without board. Has own servant. Address Box 1329. 5653

WANTED to rent, furnished flat: Three rooms, bathroom and kitchen. Address Box 1304 or telephone West 2144. 5525

HOUSES TO BE LET

TO LET, unfurnished, for short period or long lease, 688 Rue Lafayette. Three rooms ground floor, three bedrooms, two modern bathrooms, kitchen and servants' quarters. Rent Tls. 99. Telephone West 4782. 5746

TO LET, in the International Settlement, Western district, fully furnished seven-roomed house for two years. Garage, large kitchen garden and tennis court. Rent very moderate. Address Box 1342. 5707

TO LET, Edinburgh Road. Well protected, furnished house with spacious gardens and three garages. Possession May 1, next. Apply to Brandt & Rodgers, Ltd., 215 Szechuen Road. Telephone Central 1119. 5745

BAIKAL ROAD, near tram and 'bus: Six-roomed house, three bathrooms; two servants' rooms; garden; garage. Rent Tls. 70. Fittings to be taken over. Furniture optional. Address Box 1334. 5754

NO. 1375 Rue Lafayette, attractive modern house, five rooms, garden, Tls. 115. Apply to Foncière et Immobilière de Chine, 9 Avenue Edward VII. Central 7808. 5768

FOUR-ROOMED house, Route Mayen, with garden and garage. Tls. 80. Apply to Foncière et Immobilière de Chine, 9 Avenue Edward VII. Central 7808. 5769

WE have many houses, large and small, for rent in good residential sections of the Settlement. China Realty Company, 76 Szechuen Road. 5722

TO LET, Nos. 10, 14, 14a, 15 and 16 Yates Road. Three-storied foreign residences, each containing six good rooms, servants' quarters and stabling. Apply Lester, Johnson & Morris, 2 Siking Road. 5435

TO LET, No. 25 Great Western Road, vicinity Country Hospital, five rooms, two verandahs, two compartments, attic, three bathrooms, hot and cold water, modern conveniences, large garden and garage. Rent Tls. 150 per month. For further particulars apply Anglo-French Land Investment Co., Ltd., A. R. Burkill & Sons, Agents, No. 2 Canton Road. 5498

NO. 67 Route Vallon, detached residence, six rooms, three bathrooms, servants' quarters, tennis court, garage, modern conveniences. China Realty Company. 5538

NO. 12 Edinburgh Road, detached residence, six rooms, two bathrooms, attic, garage, garden, modern sanitation. China Realty Company. 5539

NEWLY built semi-foreign dwelling houses, known as "Fortune Terrace" near Dixwell Road on Yang Ka Pang Road, behind Japanese Garden. Rental Tls. 17 per month including water only. Electric light and gas installations. Apply to Lester, Johnson & Morris, No. 2 Siking Road. 5410

IMMEDIATE possession: Small foreign house; modern conveniences. Near French Club. Address Box 1285. 5472

TO LET, small house with garden and garage attached; modern sanitation; two bathrooms. Tls. 65. Western district. Fittings to be taken over. West 6767; 282 Route de la Tour. 5288

TO LET, five new small terrace houses. Dining room, drawing room, four bedrooms, two bathrooms, two servants' room, kitchen. Tls. 60 and Tls. 65. Garage Tls. 10. Route le Tour, opposite No. 384 off Route Lafayette. Address Box 1322. 5623

NO. 218 Rue Cardinal Mercier, newly decorated. Tls. 80 per month. 12 months lease to be taken over. Telephone West 1626. 5636

NO. 23 Kelmscott Gardens, unfurnished, vacant May 1. Fully screened. Six rooms, three bathrooms, garden. Telephone West 5039. 5647

FROM May 1, No. 898 Avenue Joffre, a very desirable residence with modern conveniences containing six rooms with servants' quarters, garage and small garden frontage. Apply R. M. Joseph, 74 Szechuen Road. 5629

DETACHED house to let in Edinburgh Road, for eight months from May 1. Well furnished; three rooms downstairs, three bedrooms, two bathrooms; good attics; modern sanitation; tennis lawn; garage. Enquire telephone West 2329, or Box 1318. 5654

ATTRACTIVE detached four-roomed house to be let. Modern sanitation, garage, small garden, bus passes door. Rent Tls. 85. 301 Route Père Robert, or phone after office hours West 4728 or address Box 1326. 5666

TO LET, May 1, Tifeng Road, six-roomed house. Furniture and fixtures to be taken over at reasonable figure. Replies to Box 1315. 5612

TO LET, No. 6 Verdun Terrace. Rent Tls. 65. Furniture and fittings to be taken over. Apply between 10 a.m. and 12 am. 5640

TO LET, from May, detached house near Temple Lane. Five rooms, bath, garden, garage. Rent very moderate. Address Box 1328. 5660

TO LET, six months or longer, Route Kleyer, seven-roomed detached house, two bathrooms. Nicely furnished. Tls. 150, including taxes, water, telephone, light, garage. Address Box 1295. 5580

TO LET, Western district: Five-roomed house, cool in summer. Fixtures and furniture may be taken over at reasonable price. Address Box 1291. 5584

TO LET, furnished or unfurnished, for two years from June 1, detached house, Western district: three large reception rooms, five bedrooms, three bathrooms, modern sanitary conveniences; two garages, stabling, watchman's house, roomy coolie quarters, etc. Grounds 13½ mow. Reply to Box 1308. 5569

TO LET, for 12 months, completely furnished six-roomed house with garage, situated in best part of French town. Please address Box 1211. 5588

TO LET, five-roomed house, rooms nicely papered, small garden, servants' quarters and flush. Front house. 644 Rue pere Froc (Rue de l'Observatoire). Fittings can be taken over. Rent Tls. 85. Apply on premises. 5492

HOUSES TO BE LET

FIVE-ROOMED semi-detached house, with enclosed verandah, to let in Dixwell Road. Fittings and furniture may be taken over. Address Box 1298. 5579

NO. 762 Avenue Joffre, two living rooms, two bedrooms, bathroom, kitchen and usual servants' quarters. Rent $70 per month. Apply Arnhold & Co., Ltd., Property Department. 4560

TO LET, furnished or unfurnished, No. 75 Route Ferguson, seven rooms, three bathrooms, kitchen, servants' quarters, garage, attractive garden. Particulars address Box 1281. 5494

ROUTE Cardinal Mercier opposite Cercle Sportif Français, four houses now in course of erection. Available May 1, 1927. Dining room, drawing room, three bedrooms, two bathrooms, modern sanitation. Garage. Apply Arnhold & Co., Ltd., Property Department. 5418

IN close proximity to Cercle Sportif Français, No. 255 Route Bourgeat. Dining room, drawing room, four bedrooms, three bathrooms, three box rooms, modern sanitation. Garage available March 1, 1927. Apply Arnhold & Co., Ltd., Property Department. 5417

TO LET, six-roomed house on 2 Avenue Joffre, three bathrooms, modern conveniences, garage and small garden. Furnished or unfurnished. Vacant April 15. Moderate rental. Address Box 1260. 5065

TO LET, from May 1, next the residence, 612 Rue Lafayette. Fully and nicely furnished, eight rooms, all modern convenience, garden, garage. Telephone West 2218. 5548

NO. 546 Rue Ratard: Five rooms, two bathrooms, two attic rooms, garden, garage. Tls. 135. Very desirable. Telephone Central 7008. 5182

TO LET, small and large houses in best part of Avenue Joffre with all modern conveniences. Rents from Tls. 70 and upwards. Apply to H. A. Somekh & Co., 16 Jinkee Road, Telephone Central 1660 and 1661. 4806

TO LET, nine-roomed detached house with large garden, tennis court, etc. All modern conveniences. Situated in the best part of French Concession. Rent Tls. 150.00. Apply E. Sassoon & Co., Ltd., 38 Avenue Edward VII. 5422

TO LET, detached house situated in the French Concession. Five rooms, two baths, kitchen. All modern conveniences. Rent Tls. 115. Apply E. Sassoon & Co., Ltd., 38 Avenue Edward VII. 5423

TO BE LET, from March 1, residence, No. 119 Route Amiral Courbet. Apply to Messrs. Moorhead, Hales & Robinson, 17 Yuen Ming Yuen Road. 5427

OFFICES, SHOPS, GODOWNS

OFFICES to let in "Interasia" Building, 9 Avenue Edward VII. Central 7606. 5767

SMALL godown to let, Tls. 30 per month. Apply to Wakefield & Co. (China), Ltd., 20 Szechuen Road. 5705

SHOWROOM space for rent, with large plate glass windows and attractive exterior. Suitable for motor car showroom, high class grocery store or butchery. Conveniently located on Avenue du Roi Albert. Apply Asia Realty Company, 15 Nanking Road. Central 8222. 5415

OFFICES to let in the Telegraph Building, No. 4 Avenue Edward VII. Apply to Davies & Brooke, No. 4 Avenue Edward VII. 5429

TO LET, a basement godown at 12 Rue du Consulat. Rent Tls. 40. Apply A. C. Patel & Co. 5051

OFFICES and godowns in the building on corner of Canton and Kiangse Roads. Apply to: Augustinian Corporation, 10 Yangtzepoo Road. 4774

NO. 74 Szechuan Road. To let, superior modern office accommodation. Third floor: 1,500 square feet. Fourth floor 2,200 square feet. Can be subdivided to suit tenants. Apply Arnhold & Co., Ltd., Property Department. 4827

GODOWN to let on Soochow Road. Fireproof construction. Apply David Sassoon & Co., Ltd., 38 Kiangse Road. 5421

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

COMPRADORE (Chinese) wanted for lucrative business in Shanghai. Present political situation beneficial to success of proposed business. Substantial return guaranteed. Responsible party. Write at once Box 1325. 5633

DANCING

MADAME GUIGNARD. Individual tuition $5 per hour. Apply Studio, 11a Kiukiang Road, between 2 and 8 p.m. Telephone West 2358. 5304

FOR SALE—Miscellaneous

FOR SALE, one "Puxsy" cooking stove, in good condition. Address Box 1339. 5710

FOR SALE, Mautrie grand piano, in good condition. $1,000 or offer. On view 75 Avenue du Roi Albert. 5741

BOUND volume with index of first year's issue China Journal of Science and Arts. What offers? Address Box 1310. 5537

SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS

Three tael cents per word for each insertion. Minimum charge Tl. 0.50.

"Position Wanted" advertisements, two tael cents per word per insertion. Minimum charge for first insertion, Tls. 0.50.

Charges Payable Strictly in Advance.

Replies to Box Numbers should be addressed care of "North-China Daily News," unless otherwise stated.

In applying for positions advertised COPIES of references and NOT ORIGINALS should be sent.

IN CAP AND BELLS

"Casings for American 'Hot Dogs'" is the title of an article in a local weekly. Sounds like an irreverent reference to summer uniforms for the "Devil Dogs."

* * *

On George the Second's first Ash Wednesday in England, when the King's Crower entered the hall where the King was supping, and, emulating the cock's clarion, announced that it was 10 o'clock, the Prince, by reason of his unfamiliarity with the English language and customs, suspected a Jacobite insult, and tried to assault the Crower. From that time on, an ancient custom was abandoned. The duty of the King's Crower was to crow the hours of the night, every Ash Wednesday, in the precincts of the palace, the practice being an allusion to the story of Peter's denial. The Crower managed to maintain a place in the Royal Household, on full pay, until 1822 though his occupation was gone.

* * *

There is one spot in the United States where the mention of Mary Pickford, the antics of Charles Chaplin, and the super-human feats of Douglas Fairbanks arouse not a single thrill. This is the city of Brookline, Massachusetts, Boston's exclusive suburb. There isn't a cinema in the town.

* * *

The National Institute of Industrial Psychology is said to have invented a time-saving language consisting of the names of things abbreviated to signs and initials. We are amazed to learn of the existence of such an Institute, implying, as it does, the surrender of British business to the flapdoodle of efficiency experts. Complications must ensue if the suggested language is adopted, confusion with existing initials already liberally strung after names. Thus, "P.P.B.T.M.W." intended to mean "Please pass Bill the monkey-wrench," is bound to conflict with the designation, "Past President of the British Thimble-Manipulating Women," an honoured organization of sempstresses. Again, the L.R.A.M. which is so laboriously acquired by students of music, in the shop will signify, "Let Albert remove the toast." In addition to such mysteries as F.O.B., C.I.F., and F.A.S., there will be N.B.F., with all its sinister implication. As to signs, we foresee too much thumbing of the nose.

* * *

The forestry department of the University of California is preparing a section of a giant redwood for shipment to China. The appropriateness of the gift, under present conditions, recalls the visit of a California village librarian to the British Museum. He had heard much about the wonders of the Library of the Museum, and national pride was piqued. The phenomenal array of books was a revelation to him. On the day of his departure, he effusively thanked the custodian who had placed himself at his disposal throughout the visit. "I'll admit that you have Squeedunk beat for books," he acknowledged, "but"—here pride asserted itself—"if you ever come over our way, I'll show you some of the damndest biggest trees you ever saw."

* * *

The following is attributed to Mr. Hilaire Belloc, and is listed among the notable sayings of the week.

There is a question propounded to me on the windows of scullauses and on the printed sheets thrust into my hand by very poor men hired to distribute such things. It is put in these terms: "Are you prepared to meet your God?" The anver is simple. No.

There have been rumours of Mr. Hilaire Belloc's exclusiveness ever since one or two minor prophecies of his at the beginning of the War came true.

* * *

Marvellous, the profundity of these statesmen. Senator Borah has gone on record to the effect that it is a grave mistake for the Chinese to riot and pillage; that it tends to alienate their friends. None of us had considered it in that light.

* * *

It seems that bizarre shop signs are not confined to the Orient. A notice in a Manchester wine merchant's window reads, "All the bottles in this window are simply specimens of what we sell and are worthless. . ." This commercial candour might be adopted locally to advantage.

* * *

Next, as to nystagmus, which is a spasmodic movement of the eyes, rotary, or from side to side, and which affects miners and others who work in a dim light and in a stooping position. The following dialogue took place in the House of Commons recently:

Mr. Forrest (L.—Batley): Has the attention of the Secretary of State for the Home Department been called to a compensation case in Yorkshire in which it is stated that nystagmus was improved by excessive drinking? Has he any reliable information as to the effect of stimulants on this malady?

Sir William Joynson-Hicks: I have no knowledge of the case mentioned by the hon. member, but I would refer him to the findings of the Miners' Nystagmus Committee of the Medical Research Council who deal with this subject on page 50 of their first report. It appears that while very large doses of alcohol have a transient effect in lessening for an hour or so the oscillations of the eyes, the influence of alcohol, generally speaking, is markedly harmful and delays recovery.

Our own observation in cases of Shanghai nystagmus bears out the findings of the Medical Research Council. The night before the Curfew ordinance took effect, we were watching a gentleman afflicted with the local form of this malady at one of our amusement resorts. His eyes had been rotating for an hour, first towards Vera Vodkaskaya and then Sonia Sayitwithchampagne. The alcohol he consumed at regular intervals aggravated the oscillation of the eyes instead of minimizing it.

* * *

Our heart goes out to William May, an elderly man of no fixed abode, who was sentenced to one day's imprisonment at Christ church, Hampshire, for begging a can of hot water. We have almost suffered the same penalty for a similar request. Under the Vagrancy Act, it appears to be an offence to beg for hot water, but not to ask for cold. The same rule applies at many hotels.

AUDAX.

MR. FORD'S EARLY PARTNERS

Vicissitudes and Windfalls

Ottawa.—Fresh light upon the story of the Ford Motor Co. and the fortunes derived from it has recently been thrown by the proceedings of an Inland Revenue Board at Detroit, especially with regard to the minority stockholders who, in 1919, sold their holdings to Henry Ford for $12,500 per share.

Henry Ford, who was working for an electric light company, built his first horseless "buggy" in 1892, but it did not run until the next year. At that time two brothers, Horace E. and John F. Dodge, were running a machine shop in Detroit, and they turned out Ford's first cars, except the wheels and bodies, under contract.

Satisfied that there was a public demand for his car, Ford decided to float a company, and for this purpose a small group of people, whom he had induced to back his venture, met him in a tiny law office in Detroit, in 1903. Besides Ford himself, they consisted of two young attorneys, two mechanics (the Dodges), a carpenter, a coal dealer in a small way, a bookkeeper, three shopkeepers, and a banker, who, by accounts, was the most reluctant of the lot to join. When the company was launched its assets were placed at $28,000, of which only $900 was cash, but it was capitalised at $100,000, 1,000 shares of $100 par value being issued. Ford took 255 shares, and Malcolmson, the coal dealer, an equal amount, while the Dodges were allocated each 50 shares in part payment of a contract to turn out 650 Fords at $250 apiece. Gray, the banker, took 105, the lawyers, the carpenter, and two of the shopkeepers took 50 each, the bookkeeper, who is now Senator Couzens, of Michigan, took twenty-five, and the other shopkeeper took ten.

From its start the Ford Company prospered wondrously, but, despite its success, some of the shareholders soon dropped out. Malcolmson, the coal dealer, who had been appointed Treasurer, conceived the idea that he could go one better than Ford, and accordingly he sold his holdings to the latter for $200,000, and started the Aero Motor Company, which failed hopelessly in a few years. Strelow, the carpenter, became enamoured of a gold mine in Canada and, having sold his 50 shares to Ford for $25,000, lost every cent of it. A few years ago, a man who had known Strelow, reported having seen him in a line of men waiting to be hired as labourers at the Ford plant. The three shopkeepers, when the business expanded and huge profits began to roll in, simultaneously developed the notion that the pace could not last, and sold their 110 shares to Couzens for an unknown price.

Couzens, who is Canadian-born, had been a book-keeper on a small salary before he became business manager of the Ford Company, and he borrowed on a note to make his original investment of $2,500. He had probably to pay quite a stiff price for the shares of the three shopkeepers, but his gains were prodigious. In the 16 years between 1903 and 1919 he drew out in dividends more than five million dollars, and in 1919 was paid by Ford 35 million dollars for his stock. Eackham, one of the lawyers, was a neighbour of Ford, and, against the strong advice of his banker, handed over "in fear and trembling," as he now recalls, $5,000 which he had raised by mortgaging some properties. He drew out over two million dollars in dividends before he sold out for $12,500,000. A similar sum was realized by Anderson, the other lawyer, who had borrowed $5,000 from his father to make the investment.

The other original shareholders are now dead. The two Dodges could not get along with Ford, and set up a rival establishment to turn out the Dodge car, but they kept their Ford stock, and each received $12,500,000 for it. Gray, the banker, had died before the sale to Ford took place, but from his 105 original shares his four heirs divided $26,250,000 between them.—"The Observer."

TRADE UNION POLICY

Causes For Disquiet: Tactics of the Minority Movement

Some of the more acute and active minds in the trade unions are at present examining carefully and anxiously the situation of their movement, not only as it is left after the upheaval of last year but in relation to wider issues of policy. Others are engaged in the same task in a less direct and purposeful manner, without realising quite so clearly the need for adaptation to radically changed circumstances in industry, both domestic and international. Still others, mainly the aggressive and ceaselessly energetic leaders of the Minority Movement, are carrying on an offensive against all the officials of the movement who can be charged with moderation or willingness to compromise with the existing industrial system to get the best possible out of it for the workers while it lasts.

The result at the moment is a confusion of thought so widespread and obscure that he would be a bold prophet who would predict what will ultimately come of it. Leaving aside various subsidiary matters on which there is difference of opinion, it may be said that the broad question which the movement as a whole has to decide is how far the fighting attitude towards employers shall be modified by co-operative effort where the employers themselves make this possible by an enlightened industrial policy. Some of the unions have already settled the matter in favour of co-operation where the conditions are congenial, without abandoning the right to use the weapon of stoppage in certain circumstances.

Transport Workers

Notably among these unions may be reckoned the transport workers, the iron and steel workers, and the boot and shoe operatives. There are others not quite so conspicuous, but the three groups mentioned may be taken as typical of unions in which a fairly clear and definite tendency has developed during the past few years. Fighting psychology has been modified. The fact that the industrial world does not stand still, that far-reaching mechanical changes and international competition have made many old ideas fallacious, and that these changes call for adaptation and flexibility of policy both on the part of employers and workers, has been clearly realized. Mr. Bevin, Mr. Pugh, and Mr. Poulton, with the aid of able assistant officials, have succeeded in convincing the majority of their members of the soundness of this policy for these particular industries, if not for the trade union movement as a whole.

The Railways

The position in the railway unions is not quite so clearly marked. The recent mental evolution of Mr. Bromley has brought him much more closely into line with Messrs. Thomas, Cramp, and Walkden in the advocacy of a policy of co-operation. But on the official side, particularly in the subordinate grades, something of the old spirit of antagonism to the trade unions still lingers in contract to the recent attitude of the general managers. On the other hand, a strong rebel element among the workers expresses itself in constant opposition to the policy of the union leaders, and the immense difficulties with which the companies have been faced during the years of depression, culminating in the disastrous effects of last year's stoppage, have provided the exploiters of discontent with arguments for an extreme combative policy. For this reason the agreement on the restoration of the guaranteed week by stages is much more significant and important than it appears on the surface.

Engineering

In the engineering industry, apart from relations established between employers and workers in particular works, no marked change from the attitude on both sides that has produced numerous disputes and widespread discontent in the past is yet discernible. The problems confronting this industry, more than in any other, demand a new and enlightened outlook if they are to be solved. They affect not only the relations between employers and workers, but a radical adjustment of the attitude of the various groups and grades of workers towards each other. The policy of the unions at the moment, in so far as a common aim can be agreed upon, is to demand higher wages as a preliminary to the discussion of questions affecting working conditions and workship customs. The policy of the employers is to make a new wages agreement conditional on a preceding settlement of other issues. In such a deadlock the advocates of a policy suited to changed conditions are few and almost without influence.

The Extremists

Into these confused currents of thought the ardent workers of the Minority Movement plunge with a purpose so direct and precise that no doubt about its character can exist. There must be no accommodation with "capitalism" in any form. Incessant struggles must be organized to overthrow the obnoxious system. Present sufferings endured in conflicts do not count beside the ultimate rewards to be gained in the shape of the workers' domination over industry. Therefore every cause of discontent must be exploited, not to remove it within the system but to strengthen the fighting mood. Definitely revolutionary action is not openly avowed, but it is obvious that the aims could not be attained by the methods advocated except finally in a revolutionary situation.

The movement is specially active in the engineering works, but at the moment its most intense propaganda is concentrated in the mining centres, where the men are only just reaching the stage at which they can begin to think clearly about the events of last year. The scheme for the establishment of a single national miners' union which would have for one of its principal objects the seizure of the coal industry "without compensation and with workers' control," has been launched as a bold offensive against the moderate leaders in the districts.

In the unions many leaders who see clearly that Minority Movement tactics and policy can bring nothing but continued futile strife and misery hesitate to combat it openly because of the fear of a charge of disloyalty to the movement and of a public exposure of the fact that the cherished "unity" does not exist. The extremist leaders profit by this state of affairs, which makes it doubtful whether in the near future a practical, constructive, and realistic policy will be worked out for industrial labour.—"The Observer."

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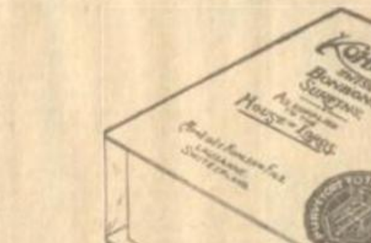

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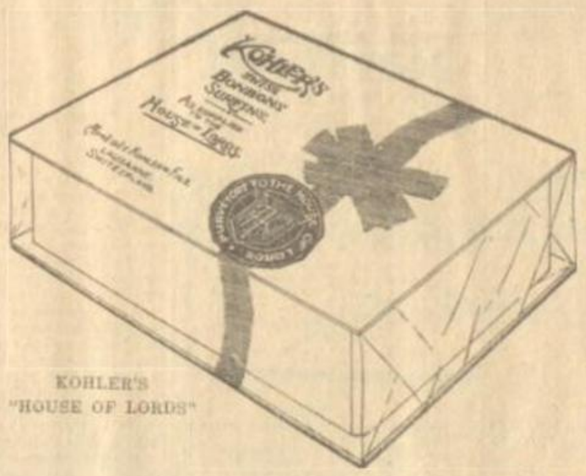

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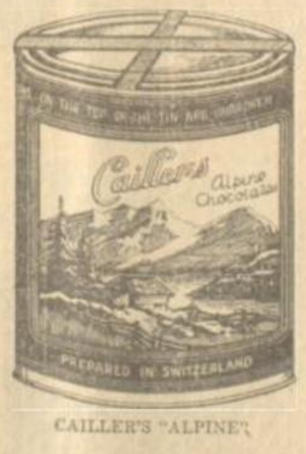

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Yuen Tah	113 Broadway
Luen How	123 Broadway
Wee Wee Co.	69 N. Szechuen Road
Shintoroku	K.2267 Boone Road
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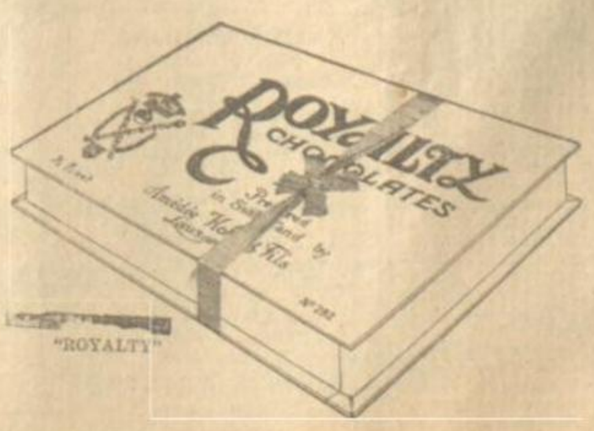

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North-China Daily News

Tsz-ling-se-pao-yu-han-kung-sze 字林西報有限公司

Registered at the C.P.O. SHANGHAI, WEDNESDAY, APRIL 6, 1927 Every Morning Except Sunday.

SUMMARY OF THE DAY'S NEWS

To-day's Doings.

AUCTIONS:—L. Moore & Co., Saleroom, 10. Noel, Murray & Co., Saleroom, 10. Shanghai Horse Bazaar Co., Saleroom, 5. Philatelic Society, Palace Hotel, 5.15.

BADMINTON:—R.W.A., 2 to 9.30.

CHESS:—International Chess Club, Union Club, 5.30.

DANCING:—Tea Dance, Astor House Hotel, 5 to 7. Tea Dance, Little Club, 4.30 to 9.

MEETING:—Union Church Ladies' Society, 3.30. Foreign Y. W. C. A. Language Class, 5. P.W.A. Drawing Class, 5.30.

CINEMAS:—Apollo "Prince of Pilsen," 3 and 5.30. Odeon: "Lovers in Quarantine," 1, 3 and 5.30. Embassy: "Sensation Seekers," 2 and 5.30. Peking: "My American Wife," 3 and 5.30. Isis: Temporarily Closed. Pearl of Orient: "Thief in Paradise," 3 and 5.30. Cartoons: "The Last Card," 3.30 and 5.30.

Foreign Telegrams.

LONDON and Melbourne will be in direct continuous communication by wireless shortly (p. 16).

A NEW Bill for dealing with trade disputes and trades' unions has been introduced into the House of Commons (p. 11).

FRANCE has reiterated her refusal to take part in the proposed disarmament conference (p. 16).

THE number of millionaires in the United States has more than doubled of recent years (p. 16).

SUIT has been filed in the United States Courts against 46 oil companies (p. 16).

Chinese Politics, etc.

A LOT more questions have been asked and answered in the House of Commons with regard to the situation in China (p. 11).

THE Powers have not yet been able to reach an agreement as to what is to be done with regard to the present situation (p. 11).

THE first draft of the new brigade destined for China will leave England on Monday next (p. 11).

THE situation in Foochow is quiet, but tense (p. 16).

THE "Destruction Society" in Shantung is looting and killing in the salt area of the province (p. 16).

THE American School at Tungchow near Peking has been closed (p. 11).

REINFORCEMENTS are being hurried to the Shamsen, while demonstrations are being planned in Canton (p. 16).

LONDON and Washington are discussing the threat to Peking which is the newest phase of the present crisis (p. 11).

THE Japanese press is warning their nationals not to become too excited over conditions in China (p. 11).

FOUR new British gunboats have been ordered to the China station to relieve old "stagers" (p. 11).

THE Japanese first squadron at Tsingtao has left for Chefoo (p. 11).

MR. George Lansbury, M.P., is coming to China—to help her bear her troubles (p. 16).

Special Articles and Contributions.

BANDITS in Manchuria are having a high old time along the Sungari and the Yalu (p. 7).

THERE is a danger that France will become dependent for her supplies of petrol upon Soviet Russia (p. 7).

THE story of the end of Yuan Tsu-ming and how the Nationalists proved their superiority over them proves none too good reading (p. 7).

PARLIAMENT, with all its questions on the Chinese situation, is not as interesting as a motor accident, is the judgment of our own correspondent (p. 7).

Local News.

ARMED robbers are still as busy as ever in Shanghai (p. 12).

THE General Labour Union chooses all manner of meeting places in order to defeat the vigilance of the police (p. 15).

THE Moscow General Labour Union has sent quite an endearing missive to the local labour union (p. 15).

STARTLING events have occurred in connexion with the taking over of the local branch of the Russo-Asiatic Bank (p. 12).

MR. Rodney Gilbert discusses Japan's policy of giving way (p. 12).

THE members of the Royal Colonial Institute held a meeting yesterday afternoon and decided to send a cable to London expressing their views on the present situation (p. 15).

THE case in which an Arabian youth in charged with murder was continued in H. M. Court yesterday (p. 15).

YESTERDAY'S Provisional Court cases (p. 15).

Editorial Comment, etc.

LEADING Articles: "Labour Party Extremes," "Under Which Flag?" (p. 6).

NAPAJOU'S Cartoon (p. 12).

AMERICAN Home News (p. 5); "In Cap and Bells" (p. 10).

World of Sport at Home (p. 14).

Correspondence.

"JAPAN and China," "Volunteers and Wages," "Two Salient Facts," "Curfew Breakers" (p. 4).

VESSELS CARRYING MAILS

INWARD

DUE SHANGHAI:—
Per N.Y.K. Kashima Maru ..Apr. 7
Per N.Y.K. Korea Maru .... „ 7
Per R.D.S. Pres. Taft ..... „ 8
Per O.S.K. London Maru .... „ 12
Per R.D.S. Pres. McKinley .. „ 14
Per R.D.S. Pres. Adams .... „ 19
Per N.Y.K. Shidzuoka Maru . „ 19
Per P. & O. Khiva ..... „ 21
Per N.Y.K. Shinyo Maru .... „ 23
Per C.P.S.S. Emp. of Asia .. „ 28

OUTWARD (Doubtful)

FOR EUROPE VIA SUEZ:—
Per R.D.S. Pres. Polk .....Apr. 7
Per P. & O. Khyber ..... „ 7
FOR JAPAN, CANADA, U.S.A. & EUROPE:—
Per N.Y.K. Tenyo Maru ....Apr. 6
Per R.D.S. Pres. Pierce ..... „ 8
FOR MANILA, AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND VIA HONGKONG:—
Per C.P.S.S. Emp. of Russia Apr. 7
Per R.D.S. Pres. Taft ..... „ 8

THE "BLACK" GUNMEN SEARCHING PEDESTRIANS IN CHINESE TERRITORY

A SCENE FROM THE LAST STAND OF THE NORTHERNERS AT NANKING

MORE GUNMEN. SECOND FROM THE RIGHT: A "TOUGH GUY"

SOME IDEA OF THE CONGESTION AT THE POST OFFICE WHICH DOES NOT APPEAR TO BE INCREASING IN EFFICIENCY

REFUGEES FROM UP-RIVER ON THE WHARF. NOBODY MET THEM AND THEY HAD NOWHERE TO GO

OTHER REFUGEES OBVIOUSLY IN A BETTER MOOD

REGULAR TROOPS, GUERILLAS AND THE RESULT

Photos by Ariel L. Varges, Far Eastern Correspondent for the International Newsreel Corp., of New York.

NO DECISION BY POWERS

Possibility of Delivery of Identic Notes: Question as to Whether Nationalists Shall be Given Time to Comply with Demands

GROWING CLOUD IN THE NORTH

Dependence on Strong Action on the Yangtze for Safety in the North

London, Apr. 4.

Apparently the Powers concerned have not yet been able to reach a decision in regard to action to be taken as a result of the Nanking outrages. It is still uncertain whether a joint note or separate notes will be presented although there is full agreement with regard to the exaction of reparations and an apology from the Cantonese authorities.

Discussions are still progressing as to whether a period for compliance should be set and what action should be taken in the event of non-compliance.

It is learned that Britain has no objection to the presentation of separate notes as all three would be in identical terms. The note or notes would probably be presented to Mr. Eugene Chen but it is not decided to whom the demands shall be addressed.

The draft note which has been the subject of discussions was prepared by the diplomats in Peking and its terms are not likely to be seriously altered.—Reuter.

THE THREAT IN THE NORTH

Factors Contributing to Danger of Foreigners Beyond the Yangtze

Peking, Apr. 5.

The threat to Peking, which London and Washington are discussing, might come from more than one direction.

First of all, there was formerly a fear that Marshal Wu Pei-fu's large and ill-disciplined armies in Honan might join the South and participate in a drive on Peking along the Peking-Hankow Railway.

The recent Fengtien successes in Honan, in which Marshal Chang Tso-lin's troops proved vastly superior to their opponents in fighting force, has removed this danger.

Another possible threat is Marshal Feng Yu-hsiang, regarding whom there have been alarmist rumours, mostly spread by Kuomintang emissaries for propagandist purposes to serve their own ends.

Reports that Marshal Feng's troops are passing through Fengchowfu (Shansi) and nearing Kalgan and that the Marshal himself has been to Kalgan and Chihchiachuang (the junction of the Shansi and the Peking-Hankow Railways) are all quite baseless.

Marshal Feng Yu-hsiang might attempt an advance against the Peking flank through the north west of Honan or northward, *via* Kalgan, but at present General Liu Chen-hua (famous in the long siege of Sianfu last year) is guarding north west Honan, while the Shansi Tupan, General Yen Hsi-shan, is watching north Shansi together with certain Mukden military men.

Importance of Hsuchowfu

There is no sign that Marshal Feng Yu-hsiang has made any real move and he is not likely to do so as long as the Shansi General, Yen Hsi-shan, continues his policy of not allowing outside troops to pass through Shansi.

There remains the possibility of a Cantonese drive along the Tientsin-Pukow Railway.

Marshal Chang Chung-chang has large, well-equipped forces at Hsuchowfu, which could easily withstand the Southerners if he were willing to fight, but in view of his collapse at Shanghai and at Nanking with practically no fighting some quarters doubt his ability to withstand an attack.

So long as Marshal Chang Chung-chang holds Hsuchowfu, foreigners in the North are safe, but should his defence break down through treachery or the work of plain-clothes Southerners behind the lines, first Tsinanfu and then Tientsin would be endangered.

Should this occur, Marshal Chang Tso-lin's powerful, undefeated forces would be compelled to withdraw from Peking as the only line of communication to Manchuria is then congested it would render the through Tientsin. If the line were evacuation of foreigners extremely difficult and the arrival of the Southerners might lead to a repetition of the Nanking outrages here.

Much, therefore, depends on the celerity and firmness with which the Powers deal with the situation on the Yangtze, as strong action there would do much to assist the forces of law and order in North China.—Reuter.

(Continued on Page 16.)

THE FIGHT AGAINST STRIKES

Important New Measure Introduced Into the House of Commons

MEASURE TO PROTECT PUBLIC SERVICES

London, April 4.

The Attorney General to-day introduced the Trade Disputes and Trade Unions Bill in the House of Commons, which adopted the first reading.

The object of the bill is to amend the law relating to trade disputes and trade unions, to regulate the position of Civil Servants and employees of public authorities, in respect of membership of trade unions and similar organizations, and to extend Section V of the Conspiracy and Protection of Property Act of 1875.

The bill stipulates that any strike having any object besides furtherance of a trade dispute within the industry in which the strikers are engaged is illegal if designed or calculated to coerce the Government or to intimidate a substantial portion of the community. It lays down a penalty of two years' imprisonment for instigators or participators. It forbids intimidatory picketing and prohibits picketing of non-strikers' residences, the penalty being a fine of £20 and three months' imprisonment.

The bill if passed would make it illegal henceforth to require a trade unionist to contribute to any political fund unless he had specifically agreed to do so in writing, and provides that the political funds of trades unions are to be kept separate from the ordinary funds.

Civil servants would be forbidden to belong to trade unions which cater for non-Civil Servants or are affiliated to an organization or federation whose membership is not confined to persons employed under the Crown or having political objects.

Finally local and other public authorities would be forbidden to make employment conditional upon membership of a trade union or in any other way in favour of a trade unionist.

The bill lays down a penalty of a fine of £10 and three months' imprisonment for a breach of contract of service with a local public authority.

The bill would not apply to North Ireland.—Reuter.

MEXICO City, Apr. 5:—According to advices received by the Mexican War Department, seven members of the band which murdered the American, Wilkins, have been executed at Guadalajara after court martial.—Reuter

THE NEW CRISIS AT HANKOW

Japanese Admiral's Firm Reply to Nationalist Suggestions

HE COULD DEFEND AND WOULD

Shanghai, April 5.

A Hankow message under date of 1 a.m. April 5, received by the local Japanese navy, states:—

"One hundred and twenty-nine blue-jackets were sent ashore yesterday from the destroyers Tokitsukaze and Amatsukaze for the protection of the Japanese Concession. The total number of the Japanese blue-jackets who are now on shore is 310 men, who are under command of Lieut. Commander Okano, captain of the gunboat Hira. The Concession is quiet at present. It has now transpired that the six missing Japanese sailors are held by Chinese. Some of them are said to have been wounded. The Japanese authorities are now negotiating with the Chinese authorities for the release of the sailors. The Japanese residents who had been missing were safely taken aboard a Japanese ship yesterday, while those Japanese at the Tai An Cotton Mill are expected to leave there at 1 o'clock this afternoon. The Japanese residing outside the Concession who have not yet been evacuated number about 30 persons."—Toho.

PREGNANT WITH DANGER

Cool Handling by the Japanese Admiral

According to the official bulletin from the U.S. Consulate-General, issued yesterday, and dated April 4, in Hankow, the situation in that port is pregnant with danger, and all women and children have taken refuge on ships in the harbour, the men standing by, ready to leave at a moment's notice. It is understood that most women and children are now *en route* to Shanghai, many having arrived yesterday.

It is officially believed that the riots and attempted demonstration, handled so coolly and adequately by the immediate action of the Japanese Admiral, was premeditated and pre-arranged. Coolies stopped their work and assisted the mob. When the Chinese general in command offered to protect the Concession, the Admiral said that he was able to do so, and would.

Despatches of April 4, from Chungking state that the French at that point have been instructed to evacuate. Most Americans are out, but a number have elected to remain at Chengtu, the provincial capital and at Yochow. The

(Continued on Page 16.)

WANG CHING-WEI DECLARES HIMSELF

Joint Declaration with Chairman of the C. P. to Prove There Is No Breach Within the Kuomintang

THE USUAL PROMISE NOT TO ATTACK SHANGHAI

In order to allays the talk of a split in the Kuomingtang, Mr. Wang Ching-wei, chairman of the Central Executive Committee of the Kuomintang, and Dr. Chen Tu-shiu, chairman of the Chinese Communist Party, have issued a joint statement denying these rumours. The statement says in part:—

"Though the citizens' revolutionary movement had been making considerable progress, there are still certain enemy elements who are attempting to take advantage of our weak points to prevent us from attaining final success. It is therefore necessary, especially at the present time, that we should remain united.

"We hereby declare that the Communist Party frankly and honestly recognises and acknowledges that the Nationalist Party and the Three Citizens' Principles laid down by our late leader, President Sun Yat-sen, are the central spirits of the Chinese Nationalist movement. Only those who are opposed to the progress of the movement and who seek to bring about the downfall of the Kuomintang and the elimination of the Three Principles will think of a split. The Communist Party, no matter how misguided some of its members may be, has not cherished and will not cherish such a foolish idea, which will only bring about laughter from our enemies, the counter-revolutionaries, the militarists and the Imperialists.

Modelled on Russia

"According to the constitution of the International Communist Party, the membership qualification is confined to the non-possessing classes. This principle already has been adopted and enforced in the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics. The question now arises as to whether the situation which exists in one country, with its economic, social and political conditions, will be suitable in another and whether the same principles enforced in one country should and can be applied to another. Unlike other people, the Chinese are an oppressed race, and, therefore, in China a union is needed not only of the non-possessing classes but of all oppressed people in the revolutionary fight and in the struggle against the counter-revolutionaries.

"It is significant that, although each party, the Kuomintang and the Communist Party, have their respective ultimate aims, the majority of their members should have shown to each other such a great amount of good-will in the hope of living up to the fundamental spirit of real co-operation. Members of the Kuomintang who understand the Communist revolutionary theories and the Communist attitude towards the Kuomintang will not for a moment doubt that it was the policy of our late President in seeking for and securing co-operation with the Communist party.

Detrimental Rumours

"The Nationalist movement has now extended its influence to Shanghai, the last resort to which the foreign Imperialists are clinging, and this expansion has naturally aroused the attention of all counter-revolutionaries. With a view to staying the advance of the Nationalist movement and in the hope of severing the friendly relations now existing between the Kuomintang and the Communist Party, the counter-revolutionaries and the foreign Imperialists are actively disseminating rumours detrimental to the Nationalist cause.

"Some people allege that the Communist Party is about to organize a labour government for the purpose of destroying the Nationalist Army and to attack the foreign Settlement and the French Concession of Shanghai in order to bring about international complications. Others allege that the Kuo-

(Continued on Page 12.)

MORE HORRORS OF NANKING

The Assaults on Foreign Women

Evidence of outrages in the Nanking case are coming to be so overwhelming that comment is wholly superfluous. The only way to present the facts convincingly is to present them in bald detail without attempt at artistry.

Pertaining to the matter of outrageous attacks upon women, it is learned that two young married women, delivered of babies within forty-eight hours of the Southerners' attack upon foreigners, were found in their beds in hospital by the "Nationalist" crusaders and that the latter attempted violation.

One woman of seventy-two years, who was apoplectic, was thrown out of bed, stripped naked and searched for valuables, while prostrated by shock.

An elderly missionary, rescued from the Bund by an American landing party, seemed half demented in his plaints against the Chinese at large until it was finally discovered that he had witnessed the violation of American women by uniformed savages.

CANTONESE GENERAL AND BODYGUARD ON BRITISH VESSEL

Arrival in Shanghai from Hankow: Strong Guards on Duty to Send Them Back to Woosung

Among those arriving yesterday on the C.N.S. Whangpoo was General Carlton Sze of the 11th division, 33rd Cantonese army, his body guard and about 55 soldiers of the Cantonese army. General Sze's entrance into Shanghai was quite spectacular and his exit under a strong guard of British bluejackets was equally spectacular.

Those who went to the China Merchants Lower Wharf yesterday morning to meet their friends from Hankow, who were taking refuge in Shanghai, were surprised to see that the ship tied up in mid-stream for some time instead of coming alongside the wharf.

Their surprise was stimulated when they saw a company of Sikh and Chinese police, also officers of the defence and foreign police officers enter the premises. Shortly after this, however, the Whangpoo came alongside and the ship was put under strict guard.

From the steerage were herded the cohorts of General Sze, some of them wearing the olive drab of the Cantonese soldier, while others were dressed in the blue of coolies.

Officers and passengers (the Whangpoo also brought along about 40 foreign refugees) said that the Cantonese had boarded the ship in Hankow and paid their way to Shanghai for the most part, while a number of them were brought aboard in baskets in which were said to be cabbages.

It was impossible for the officers to refuse them passage, but a detachment of British sailors was put aboard the ship as an escort and the offices of the company in Shanghai were notified.

It is said that a number of the

(Continued on Page 16)

Wang Ching-wei Declares Himself

(Continued from Page 11)

mintang military leaders will soon disarm the uniformed pickets and drive the Communist members from the party.

The Usual Protestations

"The highest committee of the Kuomintang has formally notified the world that the Kuomintang will not, at any cost, destroy the Labour Unions or drive the Communist members from the party, as the latter are friendly disposed towards them. In the event of any misunderstanding arising, it is possible that these can be settled in an amicable manner. On the other hand, the Communists love order and peace just as does any other party or person, and they have strongly supported the policy of the Nationalist Government with regard to the rendition of the foreign concessions and they still are strongly of the opinion that these should be taken back by peaceful negotiation rather than by force.

"The General Labour Union of Shanghai have also defined their aims and made a definite statement to the effect that they will make no attempt to attack the Settlement or the French Concession. They go further by saying that they welcome the co-operation of other classes, apart from the labourers, in the administration of local affairs. In face of these facts, therefore, there is no ground for the counter-revolutionaries and Imperialists to spread rumours.

Down With Counter-Revolution

"Brethren, our enemies are attempting not only to stay the advance of the Nationalist movement by force of arms but they are employing Red methods to terminate the so-called Red movement. We should, therefore, put aside all former jealousies, disregard all malicious rumours and respect each other as brothers and members of either party. In doing so, the counter-revolutionaries will never be able to find any breach between us and they can never hope to bring about the downfall of our Nationalist movement. They can never succeed in staying the advance of the Nationalist movement. They can never overthrow the Communist Party or the Kuomintang and we will triumph for ever."

GEN. CHIANG AND WANG CHING-WEI

The New Force in the Field: Efforts for Compromise With the C. P.

WILL CHIANG TAKE THE STRONG LINE?

BY GEORGE E. SOKOLSKY

The return to China of Mr. Wang Ching-wei seems not to be solving the internal problems of the Kuomintang. Mr. Wang's position within the party is not generally known to foreigners and therefore an explanation going back some distance may be necessary. Of all the followers of Dr. Sun, Mr. Wang has perhaps enjoyed the greatest personal popularity. He is an orator of some importance and writes a fine literary style. Until the reorganisation of the Kuomintang, he never held public office and there has never been any suggestion as to his integrity. He is not a man of wealth. It was undoubtedly because of personal qualifications, the fact that old and young men respected him, that Mr. Wang was elected Chairman of the Kuomintang. After 1922, when the Communists joined the Kuomintang and after Mr. Borodin became a factor in the party, Wang Ching-wei's influence has generally been thrown in the direction of the C.P.'s although even with regard to this, there has not been a question of personal motive but rather honest conviction that the Kuomintang can best succeed with C.P. assistance. Mr. Wang's efforts have always been in the direction of compromise. Largely through the influence of General Chiang Kai-shek, Mr. Wang found his position untenable in Canton and accepted exile in Paris. He was forced out because of his C.P. leanings.

Chiang Kai-shek's Position

General Chiang Kai-shek, however, did not long continue his antagonism toward the Russians even if he never patched up his quarrel with the Chinese C.P.'s. After May, 1926, he welcomed back Russian assistance with the result that while he was at the front fighting and gaining territory, the C.P.'s were free to steal the machinery of the Kuomintang, to occupy all the key positions in the party and in the Government and finally to call a plenary session in Hankow, which in effect, voted him out of political existence. It is stupid for Kuomintang leaders to suggest that General Chiang Kai-shek has not been punished and expelled for his breaches of the Kuomintang regulations since he arrived in Shanghai. The fact also remains that he has broken every decision of the Plenary Session: he has appointed his own officials in Shanghai; he has acted with regard to foreign affairs and has expressed opinions with regard to foreign policy; he has signed himself as Commander-in-chief and not as a member of the military council; he has negotiated with right and centre wing leaders with regard to party affairs; he has ordered his lieutenants to disarm the C.P. armed civilians and his troops have shot upon these disturbers of the peace and have killed some.

These infractions of party rules alone prove the split, no matter how words may be used in the Chinese press to lull the masses into a belief that all is peace. And Hankow has not dared openly to do much against General Chiang Kai-shek. It may be regarded as almost certain that were Hankow not afraid, all the ministers of the Nationalist Government and their hordes of Russian advisers would have been in Shanghai before now. Only the Minister of Finance, Mr. T. V. Soong, has come here and his political position is still something of mystery.

The Question of Compromise

Just as after last year's coup against the Communists, General Chiang Kai-shek found himself outwitted by the sudden return of Borodin, who arrived in Canton and forced General Chiang to accept his terms or give up the Northern Expedition, so now, General Chiang finds that the Communists have brought back Mr. Wang Ching-wei, against whose popularity General Chiang cannot fight without greater support from the genuine Kuomintang membership.

Mr. Wang and Mr. Chen Tu-shiu, leader of the Communist Party of China, have now issued a joint statement in which they appeal to the members of the Kuomintang and of the C.P. to find a common ground and not to split the party and the public accepts these assurances as though there were anything genuine in Mr. Chen's assurances not to attack the Settlements, not to send an armed mob to seize Lunghua, not to seduce the Nationalist Army. This joint statement is a defeat for General Chiang Kai-shek, for he cannot, from any political standpoint, brook a reunion of the Kuomintang with the C. P. The first split, in March, 1926, weakened him because he compromised. A second compromise now would kill him. If the C. P. triumph by a patched-up peace, he will be out on his ear and back in Ningpo before Hankow has time to make merry over the success of their latest political effort.

C. P. Recognized at Hankow

Whether General Chiang Kai-shek succeeds in maintaining his position here or not is only incidental to the general question as to whether the Kuomintang or the C. P. is to be the Nationalist Government of China. The Plenary Session in Hankow definitely recognised the C.P.'s mastery by its resolutions and appointments. So far as the facts are apparent on the surface, the Nationalist Army has disregarded the resolutions of the Plenary Session. Furthermore, between General Chiang Kai-shek and the Communists there can be no peace: they have frankly expressed their opinion of each other and it is hardly conceivable that they can again return to a position of co-operation. Similarly, General Chiang and Borodin have reached a period to their efforts to work together and it is impossible for them to live under the same heaven.

WANG CHING-WEI'S RETURN TO DUTY

Colourless Telegrams to C. P. and Chiang Kai-shek

Mr. Wang Ching-wei, chairman of the Central Executive Committee of the Kuomintang, who has just returned to Shanghai from Europe, *via* Siberia, has despatched the following telegrams:—

"To the Central Executive Committee of the Kuomintang and the Nationalist Government at Wuhan:—I, Chao-ming, have, in accordance with your orders, returned to China and arrived in Shanghai on the 1st instant. How shall I act? I am patiently awaiting your reply and instructions."

"To the members and branches of the Kuomintang throughout the country:—I, Chao-ming, have, in compliance with your wishes and your incessant letters and telegrams, now returned to the land of our ancestors and am resuming my duties. I arrived in Shanghai on the 1st instant. During the last few months, the Nationalist movement has been making considerable progress, at the rate of 1,000 *li* a day, because of the strenuous efforts of the members of the Kuomintang. I feel obliged to continue the revolutionary work and can assure you that, with your assistance and co-operation, I shall exert the best of my endeavours to achieve final success."

"To Gen. Chiang Kai-shek:—I have read your telegraphic message and am ashamed to say that I have not done my bit as I should have done. Since March, last year, when I went abroad and left my post on sick leave, I have not been working together with you to tide over the difficulties relating to the anti-Northern expedition, or to share with you the responsibilities. Now that I have been urged to return to China and resume my post at once by your good self and by my fellow members, I promise to do my best as a member of the Nationalist party to carry out my share of the revolutionary work. You certainly have applauded me in your telegram. In my work, I hope to be able to receive your co-operation, your advice and your guidance."

Mr. Chen Chi-tsoi has been appointed chairman of the Financial Commission of Kiangsu by Gen. Chiang Kai-shek in place of Mr. Chen Teh-hui, who has been unable to take over office.

THE N.Y.K. Orient-California mail liner Tenyo Maru is due to arrive at Woosung from Hongkong this afternoon and will be despatched for San Francisco via the usual ports to-morrow morning. The tender for this steamer will leave the Customs Jetty at 8.30 a.m. to-morrow. In view of the many passengers, non-passengers will not be allowed on the tender.

CAT AND MOUSE IN CHAPEI

General Chiang Kai-shek is reported to be taking strong measures against the Communist bravoes

CHINA IN THE HOUSE OF COMMONS

Britons Warned to Leave the Interior Since November: Not More Than Two Hundred Remaining Inland

NOT CANTONESE BUT OTHER BRIGANDS

London, April 4.

Replying to a number of questions from Labour Members in the House of Commons to-day, Sir Austen Chamberlain, the Foreign Secretary, said that no negotiations were proceeding concerning the future position of British nationals at Nanking, from which city all foreigners had been brought out and where the attitude of the Nationalists towards foreigners was becoming increasingly truculent.

According to the Consul-General's report, the Foreign Secretary continued, the general Chinese belief was that only three civilians had been killed in the bombardment and that the damage to Chinese property was infinitesimal. The intermittent bombardment lasted 70 minutes. About 76 shells were fired from H.M.S. Emerald and about the same number from two American destroyers.

According to the latest information, Sir Austen Chamberlain went on, three Britons, one American, one Frenchman and one Italian were killed. One American and two or three Japanese were wounded.

Nothing could be further from the truth, the Foreign Secretary said, than Mr. Chen's assertion that 100 Chinese had been killed for every foreigner.

Britain was consulting the United States, Japan, France and Italy as regards Nanking, Sir Austen declared.

The Hidden Hand

Replying to a Conservative, Sir Austen said that he had no evidence to fix the responsibility for the recent events at Nanking and elsewhere on particular Soviet agents, but anti-foreign—and particularly anti-British—feeling had undoubtedly been encouraged and stimulated from Moscow.

The Foreign Secretary said that the situation at Hankow was easier, but a further crisis was approaching and steps were being taken to reduce the number of British nationals there to a minimum. The United States was evacuating her nationals as soon as possible.

Warned Since November

As regards Shanghai, the Foreign Secretary said he understood that a Communist Government had been provisionally established outside the Settlement. Indeed, he had reason to believe that there were two Chinese Governments more or less established.

As regards British nationals in the interior of China, Sir Austen Chamberlain pointed out that they had been warned to withdraw from time to time since November. All who disregarded this advice were warned to do so at their own risk and responsibility. He thought that there were not more that 200 Britons still in the interior.

The Foreign Secretary asked notice of a question as to whether a warning had been extended to British nationals at Nanking.

He replied in the negative to a question from Col. Wedgwood (Labour) as to whether the Britons who had been asked to leave included those at Tientsin.

As regards General Chiang Kai-shek's offer to assume responsibility for the Nanking outrages and to compensate for them, the Foreign Secretary said that he was not prepared to make a statement regarding the steps Britain might take after consultation with the other authorities.

Sir Austen Chamberlain said that the British had not undertaken to defend the French Concession at Shanghai, but, replying to inquiries from the French commander as to whether, if pressed, he could call for British assistance, Major-General Duncan had said that he would co-operate if the French line were endangered.

"I do not feel it my duty, as does, apparently, the hon. Member, to disbelieve every British representative," retorted Sir Austen Chamberlain amid loud Ministerial cheers, to Mr. George Lansbury (Labour), who urged the creation of an independent commission in view of the discrepancy between the statements of Sir Austen and Mr. Chen regarding Nanking.

Mr. Lansbury rose on a point of order amid Ministerial protests. A scene occurred on the discussion of private notice of a question regarding what Sir Austen Chamberlain termed the "libellous statements being circulated in Britain that incendiary shells destroyed half Nanking and killed over 2,000 Chinese."

The Other Brigands

Mr. Thurtle (Labour), who, in stressing Mr. Chen's declaration in dealing with the attack on foreigners and the looting at Nanking, said that he (Mr. Chen) had stated that "it was not Cantonese soldiers but other brigands and troops who borrowed Cantonese uniforms." The word "other" raised a storm of laughter.

Sir Austen Chamberlain remarked that if Mr. Chen had said it was not Cantonese troops who attacked and looted Nanking, he said what was contrary to facts.

Sir A. H. M. Sinclair (Liberal) emphasized that General Chiang Kai-shek had corroborated the foreign consuls' report, which was disputed only by Mr. Chen, who had not been within hundreds of miles of Nanking.—Reuter.

ARMED CRIME IN SHANGHAI

Between 8.30 a.m. on Monday, when the first was committed, and from 4.30 p.m. to 8.30 p.m., armed robbers made themselves liable to the law on nine occasions. In all 37 men, of whom 18 carried pistols, took part, getting for spoil clothing, jewellery and money to the total value of $1,565. Of the 10 police districts, seven were visited by vandals. There were three highway robberies, the remaining being committed indoors.

Two women came to grief in an alleyway, Sing Dong Kah Loong, in the early evening, when three men approached them. While two of them held their victims, the other took from them jewellery and cash amounting to $230. They raised an alarm, and, as the robbers did not shoot, the police believe that the weapon carried by one was a dummy. At 1352 Baikal Road about 7.20 o'clock at night, four armed men, obtained entrance by knocking on the door. The tenant's wife opened the door and they rushed in, intimidating them. They made off with $620.

There were no arrests, shots or injuries in any case.

BY the M.M.S. Amazone 320 French soldiers arrived yesterday in Shanghai.

Mr. Hsu Fu-cheng, former Speaker of the Senate and now chairman of the Chêkiang Special Provisional Government, arrived in Shanghai yesterday and at once conferred with Gen. Chiang Kai-shek.

JAPAN'S POLICY OF GIVING WAY

A New Conviction that Trying to Keep in with Chinese Reds Does Not Pay

EXPECTATION OF CHANGE COMING

BY RODNEY GILBERT

As a letter in our correspondence columns from F. L. P. indicated and as quite a few small news items emphasize, the Japanese communities in China are no better pleased with their Government's "conciliatory" policy than other nationals are with their own China policy. Chinese of all groups are watching the state of mind in Tokyo with exceptionally keen interest because they realise that if Japan abandons her "peace-at-any-price" policy and decides to take strenuous action, she is in a position to do so on a very large scale because of her once famous "geographical propinquity." Chinese of various factions are doing their best to keep in touch with Japanese opinion through consular men and influential commercial men and it is very interesting to get their impressions.

Unspeakable Humiliation

Through several such Chinese anxious inquirers we learn that the Japanese communities are most decidedly "fed up" with suffering unspeakable humiliation for the sake of a hypothetical trade advantage. We learn that the Japanese policy was to endure anything, to ingratiate themselves with all political factions through obsequious surrender, in the hope of outstaying the Occidental and then winning the greater part of the China market by undertaking China's regeneration single handed. This, our Chinese friends tell us, is now pronounced a dismally mistaken policy, because it is realized that where the alien in China is concerned, what injures one injures all. As a prominent local merchant put it, one man in a ship cannot sink while the ship floats but when the ship sinks all go down with her. It is realized that conciliation is sinking China's ship of state and that the lower she settles, under encouragement as it were, the nearer the dark waters are all the passengers—not to mention the wretched crew.

For Japan's perhistence in a policy which is now recognized by local Japanese of influence as a policy of scuttle, they put the heaviest burden of blame upon Mr. Saburi, our Chinese friends tell us. Mr. Saburi is one of the world's greatest tariff experts, but the Japanese seem to think that he is not a success as a manipulator of Chinese affairs, but that he has nevertheless carried great weight with his Government, in his present position as head of the Treaty Department of the Foreign Office, and has encouraged Tokyo to persist in the conciliation of "Nationalism" with disastrous results.

A Change Anticipated

From these and other expressions of opinion, our Chinese friends have got the distinct impression that the Japanese policy is going to stiffen at once, that if it does not the present Japanese Government will go down in defeat and that, within a few months, Japan will be leading the way in a drastic campaign against Boxerism.

Japanese press reports have it that the military and naval folk are agitating for bellicose measures while the civil officials are opposed to it. The Chinese do not have this impression. They believe that every Japanese civil official in China is as keen on a change of practice as the military; and perhaps the Japanese consul's sturdy stand against mob conquest in Hankow is an indication that their belief is correct. From an excited "Nationalist" sympathizer, who has been nosing about in Japanese circles for news, it was learned yesterday that the concentration of Japanese ships at northern ports meant that Japan was about to undertake the maintenance of order in Tsingtao, Tsinan, Tientsin and Peking, in the event of a panicky northern military collapse. He did not want to believe that this was true, so his conviction has to be taken all the more seriously.

Japanese Suffering in Nanking

In the Nanking horror, the Chinese say that the Japanese suffered abuses and outrages beside which those heaped upon Occidentals were trifling. Of this we have no confirmation from Japanese sources, but we do know that Japanese feeling over the incident is running very high and that this terrible affair, of which we shall never know the worst, the filthiest and the vilest, because all self-respecting human beings hate to tell of wrongs of a certain character, has served to convert a whole host of conciliatory Japanese to a state of mind bordering upon a vengeful fury and that this righteous wrath is being reflected in all manner of despatches to Japan.

It would sound crudely unchristian to endorse and praise such a spirit and say that we hope it persists; therefore we shall not say it. We cannot join in the Japanese criticism of the Tokyo Government because the nationals of Powers that live in conspicuous glass houses dare not throw stones. What we can most discreetly and piously hope is that all our Home Governments are stirring themselves, rubbing their eyes and blinking—even though sleepily—at the ghastly facts of this anarchic Chinese spectacle.

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REDS AT THE RUSSO-ASIATIC BANK

Building and All Assets Taken Over by Nationalists: A New Liquidator

The seizure of the Russo-Asiatic Bank, including assets, liquidation schemes, property, furniture and all, by the "Nationalist" Minister of Finance, Mr. T. V. Soong, ought certainly to stimulate interest in those who repose substantially upon the Bund, if in no others.

The very intricate liquidation problem is solved for Mr. E. S. Lucas, adviser to the Bank of China and liquidator of the local branch of the Russo-Asiatic Bank, by the fact that the "Nationalist" Government has dismissed him by mandate and has appointed Mr. Li Ming of the Industrial Bank of Chêkiang liquidator in chief and Mr. Percy Chu his assistant.

A "Nationalist" Mandate

The local branch of the Bank, which is by no means an independent unit but must be liquidated, if at all, in conjunction with all other branches in the Far East, if depositors and other interested persons are to be given a square deal, was claimed as a "Nationalist" asset some days ago. The liquidator in chief, Mr. Wang Chung-hui, was in Shanghai at the time—to all intents and purposes a refugee from Peking. Mr. S. E. Lucas was proxy for Mr. Sung of the Bank of China and there were no other real authorities except the imaginary Peking Government to whom anyone in the Bank could appeal for support against the "Nationalist" claim. The local liquidators therefore demanded from Mr. T. V. Soong some documentary evidence of his right to take over the assets and liabilities of the Bank in the name of the "Nationalist" Government, and on Monday he produced a mandate giving him the authority required; whereupon he appointed the new liquidators named above.

Mr. Lucas Dismissed

Yesterday a second mandate dismissed Mr. Lucas, who had meanwhile submitted his resignation to Peking after ascertaining that Mr. Wang Chung-hui was no longer effectively functioning.

It has been rumoured for some days that the Bank was to be converted into the Central (Communist) Bank of China and that Comrade Borodin was to occupy the palatially furnished quarters on the top floor. It would not be surprising if this were true, but there is now nothing to confirm these stories, with the possible exception of Mr. Soong's cancellation of the advertised auction of furniture. For the benefit of the Bank's creditors it was proposed to sell these expensive furnishings at auction, but the "Nationalists" evidently have some use for them—whence the rumours.

Title Deeds Held by Customs

The title to the Bund property itself is in the hands of the Chinese Maritime Customs—or at least the deeds are in the keeping of the Inspectorate General—as security for deposits; so neither land nor building can be mortgaged nor played with by the Red administration until a court of meticulous jurists sits on the question of the Customs mortgage. But the more important funds, credits, liquid assets and what not of the Bank seem to have been taken over by Dr. Sun Yat-sen's brother-in-law by the mere flourish of a sealed document from who-knows-who, whereby we have the Reds fully installed in our most respectable midst and may at any moment expect to see the sickle and hammer flying in fullest view of shipping.

JAPANESE PROPERTIES AT HANKOW LOOTED AND BURNT

Important M.B.K. Godown in ex-German Concession Among Them: Eugene Chen's Promises of Protection

BRITISH CONSUL EVACUATED FROM CHANGSHA

The situation at Hankow according to yesterday's reports remains unabated, and Japanese are still being evacuated out of their Concession. As a result of the riots which took place on Sunday and during which Japanese naval parties were compelled to fire upon the mob with machine guns, it is believed that actual numbers of casualties cannot be ascertained, but fairly reliable reports indicate that ten Chinese were killed and many wounded, and that the Japanese casualties include two killed, two wounded and seven missing, the latter believed to be held as hostages at the present time. The Japanese Country Club, Japanese Hospital and Japanese Wood Oil Godowns were looted and burnt the day following the riots. Yesterday evening came news that the large and important Mitsui Bussan Kaisha godown in the ex-German Concession had also been first looted then burnt. Armed parties from the Japanese gunboats now hold the Concession which is reported to be surrounded by Chinese soldiers.

So far there have been no disturbances in the British Concession, which has remained quiet although business is reported to be at an entire standstill and all British and American members of the community concentrated near the river front for possible evacuation should it be thought necessary. The American community which numbers 165 is expected to be reduced this week to about 30 or 31, only heads of firms remaining, and preparations are being made that those who do remain shall have accommodation on board gunboats. French, Swiss and Belgians numbering 100 are remaining in Hankow according to the latest reports.

At Kiukiang the community is reduced to 11 men and six elderly missionary ladies in the native city who refuse to leave.

The situation remains unchanged at Wuhu but signs are observed that some kind of a disturbance will shortly appear. General Wang Pu left on Monday for Nanking, rumour having it that he did not wish to meet General Chen Tiao-yuan who arrived the following day with over 2,000 troops and who is thought to be on his way to Pengpu to reinforce the Seventh Division already there under General Wang Ting-pei.

The Cantonese general Lee Chung-jen was expected in Wuhu *en route* to Pengpu. It is anticipated that the local situation may become strained at any moment now.

Information has been received from reliable sources in Nanking that on Monday and Tuesday Nationalist soldiers in uniform were seen taking property from foreign residences. As the anti-foreign feeling is strongly evident inside the city and a big demonstration was planned for Tuesday the situation is not regarded as improving in any way.

A Northern Counter-attack

Reliable information also has been received that on April 3, the Northern forces counter-attacked the Southerners in the neighbourhood of Kuantien, on the Tientsin-Pukow railway, and as a result of this extensive battle line 200 wounded have been brought into Nanking.

American missionaries who passed through Nanking from Chuchow on their way down to Shanghai reported there that the colonel in the 4th Division of the Second Nationalist Army and several other prominent officials, who had recently come from Nanking to Chuchow, had admitted their responsibility in the Nanking outrages and that these had been committed by Nationalist troops. Their attitude was one of extreme anxiety as to the action of the Foreign Powers in consequence, it is said. It is also believed that the Nanking outrages were deliberately planned by the Nationalist party from amongst the leaders who desired to discredit and overthrow General Chiang Kai-shek with a view to augmenting control of the party by Communists. A definite anti-Christian feeling is strongly marked in Nanking at the present time due to the Communistic influence.

Reports coming to Shanghai yesterday from the outports tended to show that, although there was a great deal of anti-foreign feeling at most places, the situation, aside from numerous demonstrations, was quiet. However, from most of the places refugees are getting out as fast as possible.

Amoy Closed by Seamen's Union

A despatch from Amoy states that pickets from the Seamen's Union have surrounded the Customs building and practically closed the port to trade. There have been no instances of anti-foreign violence.

All the Chungking communities who were in Ichang for a time have left for Hankow to be evacuated to Shanghai. All the French missionaries have left Shasi while from Changsha H.M. Consul has left on H.M.S. Woodcock.

FATAL ACCIDENT TO U.S. MARINE

Shot by Comrade When Unloading Pistol

The first accidental fatality among the Defence Forces occurred last night about 7 o'clock on the Bund, in the new cantonments under construction for the use of the U.S. Marines and sailors. A. J. Weir, of the engineers aboard the U.S.S. Pittsburgh, was accidentally shot by a comrade who was unloading his pistol.

The bullet entered the body over the heart. A boat was summoned at once and the wounded man taken to the flagship, but, when examined on being ship, he had died.

Deceased had been in the American Navy for nearly 18 months and came from Georgia, to where it is believed, his remains will be shipped. The authorities, although, according to information received from the flagship, are convinced that no foul play was intended, are holding a court of inquiry.

COMMUNISTS AGAINST GT. BRITAIN

New Call for Concentration of Forces and Strike

The Shanghai branch of the Kuomintang (*i.e.*, the Left Wing) has issued the following circular to its members:—

The British have declared martial law in the foreign Settlement of Shanghai and are continuing with their warlike movements. The Nanking outrage was committed by the British, with the result that thousands of innocent Chinese citizens were killed. We must therefore organize lecturing parties to deliver anti-British speeches. We must boycott British goods. All Chinese citizens in the employ of the British must declare a general strike.

TOKYO, April 5.—Mr. Arita, Consul-General at Tientsin, has been appointed Counsellor of Embassy at Berlin. He will be succeeded by Mr. Kato, First Secretary of Legation at Peking.—Reuter.

MEXICO City, Apr. 5:—The Mexican Foreign Office announces that the old treaties of amity and commerce with Britain, Belgium, Holland, Germany and France which have expired will be continued until December 31 in order to afford time for negotiation of new agreements.—Reuter.

$20,000 A MILE!

The next mile may cost you $20,000 or more—unless you are adequately insured.

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ACTIONS

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LIMITED
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Auctioneers, Valuers, Land Brokers
45 Kiangse Road Shanghai

IN FRONT SALESROOM
To-day, Wednesday, April 6, 1927, commencing at 10 a.m. and continuing at 2.30 p.m.

Excellent

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, BOOKS, SILVER WARE, PIANO, MOTOR CARS AND SUNDRIES

Comprising:—

Teak flat top desk, teak typewriter desk, teak revolving desk chairs, glass front book case, leather upholstered library chairs, ample tables, electric table fans, ELECTRIC SYREN, teak dining room suite, silver ware cabinet, OAK STAINED AND WHITE ENAMEL BEDROOM SUITES, iron and wooden double bedsteads, double spring couch, easy chairs, hall stand, ice chests, teapoys, overmantel, drawing room suite, linen cupboard, rattan furniture, BINOCULARS, OLD JAPANESE SWORD, telescope, picture glass, tortoise shell, fancy combs, gramophone records, crockery, glass ware, cutlery, cooking utensils and sundries.

ALSO

1 fine toned iron framed piano by Wernam
1 FINE TONED IRON FRAMED PIANO BY MOUTRIE
1 NINGPO INLAID BED AND ONE CUPBOARD
7 WHITE ENAMELLED LAVATORY TOPS
1 LARGE LOT SILVER WARE, 1 FINE MARBLE CLOCK
1 new Webster's International Dictionary
15 Volumes History of the World
1 FIAT 503 TOURING CAR, engine No. 4104842
1 LA LECORNE TOURING CAR, engine No. 7930
1 PEUGEOT CABRIOLET CAR, engine No. 92922

NOW ON VIEW.

IN MIDDLE SALESROOM
On Thursday, April 7, 1927, commencing at 10 a.m.

Useful

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, CLOTHING AND SUNDRIES

Comprising:—

BEDROOM SUITES, DINING ROOM SUITES, DRAWING ROOM SUITES, single and double iron and wooden bedsteads, roll top and flat top desks, book cabinets, books, pictures, perambulators, child's motor cars, electric fans and lamps, Axminster heating and cooking stoves, utensils, trunks, suit cases, geyser, overmantels, sewing machines, sofa, tables chairs, brass and glass wares, crockery, silver ware cabinet, filters, porcelain garden tools, mattings, hat stands, quilts, cushions, curtains, table clothes, teapoys, etc.

ALSO

A large assortment of gent's and ladies' clothing, etc.

NOW ON VIEW.

Having been favoured with instructions from

KARL F. MELCHERS, Esq.

will sell by Public Auction within the premises

NO. 157 BUBBLING WELL ROAD
On Monday, April 11, 1927, commencing at 10 a.m. and continuing at 2.30 p.m.

Superior and Artistic

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, PIANO, CURIOS, FINE ORIGINAL ETCHINGS AND SUNDRIES

(some furniture imported and some made by Messrs. Arts & Crafts)

ON VIEW SATURDAY AND SUNDAY, APRIL 9 AND 10, 1927.

Having been favoured with instructions from the CONCERNED, will sell by Public Auction within the premises

NO. 430 RUE RATARD
On Tuesday, April 12, 1927, commencing at 10 a.m. and continuing at 2.30 p.m.

Excellent

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, BABY GRAND PIANO, VICTROLA, FITTINGS AND SUNDRIES

ON VIEW SUNDAY AND MONDAY, APRIL 10 AND 11, 1927.

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AUCTIONS

NOEL, MURRAY & CO., LIMITED
(Incorporated in Hongkong)
Will sell at Salesroom
No. 11 HANKOW ROAD
To-day, Wednesday, April 6, 1927, commencing at 10 a.m.

Useful

Household Furniture and Sundries

Comprising:—

Mirror Back Hat and Umbrella Stands, Bevel Edged Wall Mirror in Gilt Frame, Wall Clocks, Double Spring Couches and Easy Chairs, Velvet Covered Double Spring Drawing Room Suite, Round Centre Tables, Pictures, Silk Lamp Shades, Golf Clubs, Bedroom Suites with Bevel Edged Mirrors, Large Wardrobes, Dressing Tables, Chest of Drawers and Wash Stands, Oak Wood Silver Ware Cabinet, Bevel Edged Sideboards, Collarettes, Extension Dining Tables and Chairs, Carved Wood 4-Fold Screen, Ice Chests, Card Table, E. P., Glass and Crockery Ware, Curtains, Double and Single Brass Iron and Wooden Bedsteads with Bedding, Children's Iron Cots and Tricycles, etc., etc., etc.

ALSO

1 30" Roulette Wheel and Table
1 "Fichet" Iron Safe

NOW ON VIEW.

5561

NOEL, MURRAY & CO., LIMITED
(Incorporated in Hongkong)
Having been favoured with instruction from the CONCERNED
will sell by Public Auction at the premises
No. 220 ROUTE FERGUSON
On Friday, April 8, 1927, commencing at 10 a.m.

The whole of the Superior

Household Furniture and Sundries

Comprising:—

Tientsin Carpets, Canton Matting, Cooper Fenders and Coal Boxes, Japanese Silk Embroidered 4-fold Screen, Revolving Top Book Stand, Roll Top Desk, Oak Wood Flower Stands, Double Spring Chesterfield Couch and Arm Chairs, Mahogany Stained and Unpolished Bevel Edged Mirror Door Wardrobes, Dressing Table, Double and Single Wooden Bedsteads with Bedding, White-painted Linen Cupboard, Dress Hanging Cupboard and Gentlemans' Chest Drawers, Pictures, Glass and Crockery Ware, etc, etc, etc.,

ALSO

1 "G.E." 16" Portable Electric Oscillating Fan 110 Volts
1 Portable Gramophone
1 Oak Wood Ice Chest

ON VIEW ON THURSDAY, APRIL 7, 1927.
Catalogues on the premises.

5727

UNION AUCTIONEERING CO.
Telephone Central 3747
Will sell at Salesroom
11a NINGPO ROAD
On Thursday, April 7, 1927, commencing at 10 a.m.

Useful

Household Furniture and Sundries

NOW ON VIEW.

5733

A BROKEN DOWN SYSTEM.
This is a condition for disease to which doctors give many names, but which few of them really understand. It is simply weakness—a break-down, as it were, of the vital forces that sustain the system. No matter what may be its causes (they are almost numberless), its symptoms are much the same; the more prominent being sleeplessness, sense of prostration or weariness, depression of spirits and want of energy for all the ordinary affairs of life. Now, what alone is absolutely essential in all such cases is increased vitality—vigour, vital strength and energy to throw off these morbid feelings, and as night succeeds the day this may be more certainly secured by a course of
THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY.
THERAPION No. 3
than by any other known combination. So surely as it is taken in accordance with the directions accompanying it, will the shattered health be restored
THE EXPIRING LAMP OF LIFE LIGHTED UP AFRESH.
and a new existence imparted in place of what had so lately seemed worn-out, used up, and valueless. This wonderful restorative is suitable for all ages and constitutions and conditions, in either sex; and it is difficult to imagine a disease or derangement whose main feature is weakness, that will not be speedily and permanently overcome by this recuperative essence, which is destined to cast into oblivion everything that has preceded it for this wide-spread and numerous class of human ailments. Sold by leading Chemists, return mail from Dr. LECLERC Med. Co. Haverstock Road, N.W. 5, London

AUCTIONS

THE SHANGHAI HORSE BAZAAR & MOTOR CO.
(Incorporated in Hongkong).
Have been favoured with instructions from
E. S. BENBOW ROWE, Esq.,
to sell at their Public Auction
To-day, Wednesday, April 6, 1927, at 5 p.m.

"VALENCIA." First class hunter and jumper, griffin last season, has carried 180 lb., regularly during the last hunting season. Owner leaving for Home.

5672

THE SHANGHAI HORSE BAZAAR & MOTOR CO.
(Incorporated in Hongkong).
Will sell at their Public Auction
To-day, Wednesday, April 6, 1927, at 5 p.m.

Lot No.
1 "DARK CHESTNUT PONY," very good jumper.
2 "DUN SUB GRIFFIN," E/1052, S.R.C. 1927 sub.
3 "GREY GRIFFIN," E/1113.
4 "GREY GRIFFIN," E/435, 13.1 Y. Class.
5 "CHESTNUT PONY."
6 "BAY PONY."
7 "DIABLE AU CORPS," late "Rayon D'or," late "Dunwell," Dun 12.3, twice winner and twice placed, in a sound condition.
8 "DIABLOTIN." White griffin, 13.1, never started in a race, in a sound condition.
9 "CASTOR." Chestnut, 13.3, "Z" Class, gone well through five hunts last season with heavyweight, believed sound, owner going on leave.
10 "MARS." Grey, 13.2, "Z" Class griffin, trained for the country last season, very promising, up to any weight, believed sound, owner going on leave.
11 "SILVERCROFT." Grey, 13.2, "Z" Class, very strong, excellent jumper, has been ridden across country all this season and is believed sound.
12 "GREY GRIFFIN." E/536, "Y" Class, quiet to ride, galloped three-quarter mile, 1.41, ridden by Mr. Pih on March 20, 1927, times taken by Mr. Gram, now is little go down.
13 "PHILIPPO." Grey, 13.2, heavy weight carrier, good jumper, should make good polo pony, in excellent condition.
14 "JOHN WILKES," thoroughbred Australian horse, black, son to one of the famous Champion, Trotters in Australia, very fast and strong.
15 "VALENCIA." First class hunter and jumper, griffin last season, has carried 180 lb., regularly during the last hunting season. Owner leaving for Home, the property of E. S. Benbow Rowe, Esq.
16 "OUTWARD BOUND." Dun, 13.1, "Z" Class, handy and fast, should make a good polo pony.
17 "POLITIC." Grey griffin, 13.1, quiet and strong.
18 "BAY GRIFFIN." E/765, 13.1, "Z" Class.
19 "BAY GRIFFIN.' E/45, 13.2, "Y" Class, excellent jumper, done one and a quarter miles, 3.00, sound.
20 "MOFFAT." Grey, quite good for polo.
21 "GLENCOE." Grey.
22 "KIKI." Dun, 13.0, S.R.C. 1927 sub.
23 "HYAGE." Dun, 13.0, under the name Beauty Dahlia as Hongkong griffin in 1925, won four races, four seconds and three thirds.
24 "HYWIND." Grey, 13.0, eight years old, excellent jumper and hunter, third in the Pleasant Quarters Cup last year, second in the one and a half miles Post Entry Stakes, Kiangwan.
25 "HYCOST." Chestnut griffin, 13.1, sound and strong, up to weight, good mouth, perfect manners, would be good polo pony.
26 "HAMBONE." Grey, 13.2.
27 "WHITE PONY."
28 "VOYRON." Black, 13.0, splendid polo pony, played polo several seasons.
29 "T.T." late "Northern Mountain," late "Wondering General." Grey, 13.0, I.R.C. Sub., won many races.
30 "LOT TWO." Bay, 13.3, S/125, S.R.C. sub., bold jumper, has been through paper hunts last season, easy mouth, good polo pony.

Also to be Sold.
SADDLES, BRIDLES AND BLANKETS."

5756

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THE MAP OF SHANGHAI

The only reliable map of Shanghai, designed by expert cartographers, is that published by the "North-China Daily News" (from Shanghai Municipal Council surveys). It covers the area bounded by:—

Hungjao Golf Club.	To the West
Woosung Road (The Point)	To the East
Rifle Range	To the North
Kiangnan Arsenal	To the South

Scale 1200-ft.=1-in. Size 60 × 24-in.

This map is in colours showing the various districts into which Shanghai is divided.

It is printed on map paper from copperplate engravings, and may be obtained either squared in 500-yard squares for military purposes, or without squares.

On map paper	Mex. $2 per copy
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17 The Bund, Shanghai

3665

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MARKET PRICES

The following prices are those obtaining in Hongkew Market on April 6, 1927.

Butcher's Meat		
Beef	per lb.	$0.20—0.40
Mutton	"	0.30—0.35
Pork	"	0.35—0.45
Veal	"	0.20—0.40
Fish		
Bream	per lb.	0.50—0.55
Cod	"	0.20—0.25
Mandarin	"	0.50—0.60
Mackerel	"	0.40—0.50
Pomfret	"	0.40—0.50
Salmon	"	0.30—0.35
Soles	"	0.25—0.30
Whitebait	"	0.30—0.35
Game, Poultry and Eggs		
Duck	each	1.00—1.80
Eggs	per doz.	0.35—0.40
Fowls	per lb.	0.40—0.45
Geese	each	1.50—2.00
Pigeons	"	0.25—0.30
Plover	"	0.15—0.20
Quail	"	0.25—0.30
Snipe	"	0.15—0.20
Teal	"	0.30—0.25
Turkey	"	0.60—0.65
Wild Duck	each	0.50—0.60
Wild Pigeon	"	0.15—0.20
Woodcock	"	0.50—0.60
Vegetables		
Artichokes	per lb.	0.04—0.05
Beetroot	"	0.05—0.10
Cabbage	"	0.10—0.15
Carrots	per lb.	0.06—0.07
Cauliflower	each	0.10—0.25
Mushrooms	"	0.80—1.00
Egg Plant	per lb.	0.15—0.20
Cucumber	"	0.20—0.25
Green Peas	"	0.10—0.15
Leeks	per bunch	0.03—0.04
French Beans	"	0.30—0.35
Onions	per lb.	0.10—0.12
Parsnips	"	0.10—0.15
Potatoes	"	0.06—0.08
do.	per picul	6.00—6.50
Spinach	per lb.	0.04—0.05
Tomatoes	"	0.20—0.25
Turnips	per lb.	0.04—0.05
Fruit		
Apples	per lb.	0.20—0.30
Bananas	"	0.05—0.10
Chestnuts	"	0.15—0.20
Coconuts	each	0.20—0.25
Grapefruit	"	0.20—0.25
Lemons	"	0.05—0.10
Mango	"	0.20—0.30
Oranges	per lb.	0.20—0.25
Pears	"	0.15—0.20
Pineapples	each	0.10—0.15
Pumeloes	"	0.15—0.20
Walnuts	per lb.	0.15—0.20
Grain and Flour		
Flour American	50-lb.	$3.75
Flour Canadian	50-lb.	$3.20
Flour Shanghai	50-lb.	$3.60
Rice	200-lb.	$17.50
Fodder		
Barley	114-lb.	$4.70
Bran	114-lb.	$3.80
Milk		
Foreign Dairies	per bottle	$0.25
Chinese Dairies	per bottle	$0.20
Fuel		
House Coal No.		$20.00 per ton
Stove Coal No. 1		$36.00 per ton
Firewood	$1.00 per 30 bundles	
Laundry		
Per 100 articles		$4.00—6.00

E. Kilner, Senior Chief Inspector.

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5569

CHINESE GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS

LUNGHAI AND PIENLO LINES

Time Table from October 15th, 1925

Pienlo: Kaifeng-Loyang (194 kms.)
Lunghai: 1st Operating Department: 2 sections: Loyang-Shanchow (141 kms.) Kaifeng-Haichow (Mar) 475 kms.
2nd In construction: Shanchow-Sianfu (230 kms.)

Km.	9	1	5	7	STATIONS		8	2 bis.	2	10
539	7.24				Haichow (Seaside)					18.04
413	14.20				Yuhho (Grand Canal)					10.32
	14.50									11.02
341	17.50				Suchowfu (connection with Tsinpu)				18.15	
		7.30								7.23
196		10.32			Shanhsienhsien				14.23	
		11.05							14.38	
65		14.02			Kaifeng			14.00	16.49	
		14.30							11.11	
0		16.10	8.53		Chengchow (connection with K'hsien)			11.40		
			9.20					12.30	9.20	
119			12.58		Loyang		13.25			
				7.45				7.55		
261				14.45	Shanchow (Y. river)		7.10			

SHANGHAI-HANGCHOW-NINGPO RAILWAY ABRIDGED TIME TABLE

Shanghai North to Zahkoo—Down (Main Line) Zahkoo to Shanghai North—Up

Stations		Pass. Local	Pass. Express	Pass. Express	Pass. Express	Pass. Express	Mixed Exp.	Local	Stations	Local	Pass. Local	Pass. Express	Pass. Express	Pass. Express	Pass. Express	Mixed Exp.	Local
		*			R.	& SH.	R.				*			R.		R.	
Shanghai N.	d.	...	8.05	9.15	13.30	15.35	18.30	...	Zahkoo	...	...	...	7.15	9.05	13.35	15.25	17.45
Jessfield	d.	...	8.21	9.32	13.46	15.51	18.46	...	Hangchow	d.	...	...	7.40	9.40	14.00	15.51	18.10
Soosawei	d.	...	8.27	9.40	13.53	15.58	18.53	...	Changan	d.	...	...	8.20	11.05	15.06	17.03	19.02
Lunghwa J.	d.	...	8.40	10.02	14.07	16.14	19.05	...	Yehtsah	d.	...	...	9.03	12.03	15.43	17.46	19.33
Shanghai S.	d.	...	8.55	9.50	13.45	15.44	18.40	19.55	Kashing	d.	...	7.35	9.44	12.57	16.32	18.25	20.15
Lunghwa J.	a.	...	8.54	9.49	13.59	16.04	18.59	19.54	Kashai	d.	...	8.06	10.08	13.35	16.59	(a)	20.41
Sungkiang	d.	...	9.20	11.00	14.53	17.08	19.45	...	Sungkiang	d.	...	9.15	11.01	14.48	17.58	...	21.20
Kashai	d.	...	10.00	12.07	15.48	18.10	20.38	...	Lunghwa J.	d.	8.47	10.21	11.41	15.35	18.47	...	22.26
Kashing	d.	7.40	10.40	12.49	16.23	18.35	21.10	...	Shanghai S.	a.	9.00	10.20	12.00	16.12	19.07	...	22.35
Yehtsah	d.	8.25	11.14	13.40	17.03	(a)	21.44	...	Lunghwa J.	d.	...	10.10	11.42	15.48	18.45	...	22.17
Changan	d.	9.18	11.49	14.32	17.44	...	22.19	...	Soosawei	d.	...	10.19	11.49	15.57	18.54	...	22.24
Hangchow	d.	10.34	12.45	16.00	18.55	...	23.15	...	Jessfield	d.	...	10.26	11.56	16.05	19.01	...	22.31
Zahkoo	a.	10.50	13.00	16.25	19.10	...	23.30	...	Shanghai N.	a.	...	10.40	12.10	16.20	19.15	...	22.45

Konzenchiao to Zahkoo (Kiangshoo Branch Line) Zahkoo to Konzenchiao

Konzenchiao	...	...	d.	7.05	9.30	11.45	13.58	17.30	21.50	Zahkoo	...	...	d.	8.15	10.35	...	15.10	18.35	22.55
Kenshangmun	...	...	d.	7.21	9.48	12.01	14.10	17.46	22.06	Hangchow	...	...	d.	8.34	10.54	12.58	15.26	18.58	23.18
Hangchow	...	...	d.	7.38	10.00	12.12	14.23	18.03	22.18	Kenshangmun	...	...	d.	8.48	11.06	12.31	15.46	19.11	23.31
Zahkoo	...	...	a.	7.55	10.20	(a)	14.40	18.20	22.35	Konzenchiao	...	...	a.	9.05	11.20	13.05	16.00	19.25	23.45

NOTE.—Trains marked with * are in connection with S.-H. L. Trains at Shanghai North. R. Restaurant.

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3355

THE WORLD OF SPORT AT HOME

London Cup-tie Enthusiasm: Rugby Results: The English Selections: Inter-Varsity Boxing: Death of a Great British Motorist

London, Mar. 9.

No wonder there is extraordinary keenness over the Cup Match. With three of her teams fighting in the sixth round of the Cup, London may be excused if she is taking more thought than usual about the financial benefits that reward a successful career in the competition for a not very impressive silver trophy of a nominal value of £25. Bolton Wanderers, the only club to have won the Cup twice since the war, have been concerned in the last eight sessions in 30 Cup ties that have realized the stupendous sum of £136,387 in gate-money. That works out at something like £4,500 a game; and though of course all this money has been shared in varying proportions with the Football Association and with the Wanderers' opponents, the Bolton club, which for many years was haunted by the spectre of poverty, has been definitely established on a sound basis, with liquid assets amounting to close on £30,000. In addition, it owns its ground, has spent well over £50,000 on its equipment, and has in its service players who, if they put on to the transfer market, would probably fetch upwards of £50,000 in fees. It was, of course, the Wanderers' good fortune to be concerned in the two Finals at Wembley that produced record gates, the gross receipts in 1923 being £27,776, and in 1926 £23,157.

Another club that has found Cup-ties very profitable since the war is Aston Villa; the 33 games it has figured in brought in £131,335 at the gate. Third on the list comes Cardiff City, with gross takings of £118,037, and next Tottenham Hotspur with £115,624.

Anyway, the Football Cup must come South—if, following custom in Association circles, Cardiff is accepted as a Southern club on Saturday. Wolverhampton, who alone of non-Southerners had a chance of figuring at Wembley, were eliminated by the Arsenal (2-1)—but London's hopes were damaged by the way in which Southampton and Cardiff City fought back at Millwall and Chelsea respectively. Neither of these games produced a single goal. The draws were fair; for, whereas the home teams were in the ascendancy in the first period, the boot was on the other foot subsequently. Reading won the day's honours (3-1), and so emphatic was their football at Swansea that many will regard them as having more than a sporting chance of lifting the Wembley prize. Facing wind and rain, Chelsea stormed away for half an hour at Stamford Bridge. The Cardiff halves—particularly Hardy, who was the best man on the field—worked like supermen, and, although Sloan and Keenor both came under the ban of the referee, vigour, pluck and skill kept the Welsh flag flying until their forwards got into stride. Millwall missed a penalty in the first half against Southampton, whose defence was good. The Arsenal won after allowing the Wolves to score first. On the replay Cardiff beat Chelsea 3-2 and Southampton Millwall 2-0 thus destroying the hope of an all-London Final.

The largest attendance (as was expected) was at Chelsea—over 70,000; at Highbury, nearly 53,000; at Millwall, 38,000; and at Swansea 23,000. Thousands of people never got into the Chelsea and Millwall grounds, and the traffic in the streets nearby was chaotic. It may be mentioned that last Saturday was one of if not *the* wettest of the season.

The Leagues

League results were important. Newcastle United, the League leaders, overwhelmed Everton by 7 goals to 3. Sunderland's once fair hopes of the championship are fading; they again fell (1-3) on Saturday, the much-improved Aston Villa side conquering them at Villa Park. Everton's defeat at Newcastle was a blow, for they are in danger of relegation; and their four new players, secured at a cost of about £20,000, may not save them. Leeds United, too, must look to their laurels, or they will be doomed to descend into the Second Division. It is so long ago as December 18 since they last tasted the sweets of victory. On Saturday they dropped a valuable home point to Leicester City (1-1). West Bromwich Albion do not appear to have much hope of evading relegation, but they struck a good blow against perverse Fate by drawing at Bolton (1-1).

The leading couple of the Second Division met at Middlesburgh, where Nottingham Forest put up a brave fight and were beaten by one goal (1-0). Hull City lost further ground in the promotion race by surprisingly losing at home to the revived Grimsby team (3-2.) Fulham, in danger of relegation, accomplished a smart performance by drawing at South Shields (1-1). Bristol City, leaders of the Southern Section of the Third Division, picked up a useful point at Exeter, (1-1), where few visiting clubs prevail. Although Brighton beat Gillingham and Swindon conquered Charlton (3-2 and 2-0 respectively), Bristol City's promotion position at the moment looks fairly secure.

Stoke City still lead the Northern Section. They drew at Barrow (0-0) and nothing short of a drastic loss of form can lose them promotion.

Inter-Services Tournament

The big match of the Inter-Services Tournament, that between the Royal Navy and the Army, was played at Twickenham and resulted in a narrow win for the Navy, a not unexpected result, for the Senior Service had been accepted as the more level and likely side. The score was 6-3.

Special interest was taken in the meeting of Blackheath and Richmond on the Rectory Field, for Voyce, the Gloucester player, was included in the visitors' 15 at the request of the Selection Committee. Blackheath, however, won, and won handsomely—17-8—after being in arrears at the interval. Northampton figured in a remarkable incident in a game with the London Scottish, the result being reversed (5-3.) Quite noteworthy was the success of the Old Alleynians over the O. M. T.'s—8-6—St. Bart's and Old Leysians shared 12 points, a result which represented a fine recovery by the former, while the Old Millhillians gained distinction by accounting for the Old Blues—5-3. In the "Junior International" the London Welsh started off in great style and won comfortably. Rosslyn Park began similarly against Guy's, who were disappointing, losing 3-11. Bradford won an exciting game against the Stewartonians by an odd point, (9-8) and quite as thrilling was the way in which Bristol drew level with the French team, Union Sportive Cognac (8-8). The Quins were decisively defeated by Leicester after a fine game, losing 3-11; the U. C. S. Old Boys suffered a big reverse at Gloucester, losing 8-18; and Bedford failed to make much of an impression on Coventry's fine record, the score being 6-16. The surprise of the day, however, was at Swansea, where the home 15 played in brilliant style, and at one time overran Cardiff The score was 16-13.

England's Rugby Fifteen

The English XV to meet Scotland at Murrayfield on March 19 is as follows:

FULL-BACK
K. A. Sellar, Royal Navy.
THREE-QUARTERS
J. C. Gibbs, Harlequins.
H. M. Locke, Birkenhead Park.
L. J. Corbett, Bristol (captain).
H. C. Catcheside (Percy Par).
HALF-BACKS
A. T. Young, Army.
H. C. C. Laird, Harlequins.
FORWARDS
J. S. Tucker, Bristol.
K. J. Stark, Old Alleynians.
E. Stanbury, Plymouth Albion.
R. Cove-Smith, Old Merchant Taylors.
W. E. Pratten, Blackheath.
G. Periton, Waterloo.
J. Hanley, Plymouth Albion.
W. W. Wakefield, Harlequins.

The result of the match will decide the International Rugby championship the Calrutta Cup and, probably, ship.

Only three changes have been made from the team who beat Ireland by the small margin of two points at Twickenham, and in each base the alterations concern the forwards. Those to go out are W.C.T. Eyres, D.E. Law, and P.H. Davies. Those to come in are N.E. Pratten, J. Hanley, and W. W. Wakefield. The inclusion of Wakefield was inevitable now that he has proved himself fit again, since injury alone has kept that great player out of the team. Nor is there anything surprising about the return of Hanley, except that the Selection Committee should have opened their eyes once again to his ability after dropping him so unaccountably from the Ireland match. He had previously shown himself one of the finest forwards on the field against Wales. The form of Pratten fully justifies his selection. He is the only new international in the side. There is wisdom in the idea of not changing the formation of the backs. L.J. Corbett and Locke, it is true, were decidedly disappointing as centres against Ireland, but the form of a single day is not sufficient to make or mar a reputation. That J.C. Gibbs has been retained, however, will cause much shaking of grave heads. England must be very short of wing three-quarters when a man must be chosen purely because of his speed.

Inter-Varsity Boxing

There was an exciting finish to the intervarsity boxing tournament at the Town Hall, Oxford, which the Cambridge team won by four victories to three. The teams were level, each with three wins, when Arbutnot and Weall boxed in the last event. At the end of the third and last round, as neither could claim to be superior, an extra round was ordered, and Weall, fighting as hard as he could, gained the verdict, thus winning the competition for Cambridge. So enthusiastic were the Light Blue students at Weall's victory that they carried him shoulder high from the ring to the dressing-room. Last season each side won four events.

Results

Bantam-Weights.—H. R. D. Clarke (Cambridge) knocked out C. R. N. Sastri in the first round.
Feather-Weights.—C. J. de Sarem (Oxford) beat J. Turner, the contest being stopped in the second round.
Light-Weight — D. Obeyesekere (Cambridge) outpointed J. A. Barton.
Welter-Weights.—J. P. Singer (Cambridge) outpointed H. L. O. Rees.
Middle-weights.—F. A. Richardson (Oxford) outpointed G. F. McHardy.
Light Heavy-Weights.—T. R. McCleery (Oxford) beat R. R. Armitage on a foul.
(Oxford) beat R. R. Ar.[illegible] ell H
Heavy-Weights.—J. L. G. Weall (Cambridge) beat A. D. Arbuthnot after an extra round.

The four-handed boxing competition between Brighton College, Tonbridge School, Lancing College and Westminster School, held at Brighton, was won by Brighton by a single point. Brighton's total was 19, Tonbridge following with 18, while Lancing scored 13, and Westminster 6. The fourhanded boxing competition at Cheltenham between Cheltenham College, Clifton College, Downside School, and Malvern College resulted in a win for Cheltenham with 14 points, Downside being second with 12, Clifton third with 10, and Malvern fourth with 6. Haileybury beat Dulwick by 4 bouts to 3.

Phil Scott's Win

Phil Scott beat Diener in a 10-round contest last night at the Sport Palace on points. The contest went the whole number of rounds. Scott showed superior skill from the first. From time to time Diener, following his expected tactics, made wild rushes with some effect, but in the seventh round he took a count of seven. At the end of the final round Scott was declared the winner. Diener was absolutely outclassed. A man who has watched Phil Scott's career closely said at the end of the fight: "This is the finest fight which Phil has put up in his whole career". At the end of the 10th round he was smiling without a mark or a scar, while his adversary bore the marks of a severe punishment. Diener was no match for him, though his performance in America had made his supporters place great confidence in him, and this afternoon the Berlin sporting Press was definite as to result of the contest. Germans take boxing very seriously. Not a whiff of tobacco smoke was allowed in the Sport Palace during the evening, and there was a great, one may say a reverent, silence in the ranks of the 12,000 spectators when the fight between Diener and Scott began. The announcement of Scott's victory was received with terrific applause.

Badminton

J. F. Devlin, the Irishman, retained the Men's Singles, the Men's Doubles with his compatriot G.S.B. Mack, and the Mixed Doubles with Miss E. G. Peterson at the All England Championships at the Royal Horticultural Hall, Westminster on Saturday, and so established a new record of having won all three titles for the second year in succession. It was a fitting tribute to his great skill, and the ease with which he beat A. E. Harbot, the Royal Air Force warrant officer, by 15-3, 15-7, against Devlin was a severe hanin the Singles Final, stamped him as a master of Badminton. Harbot is a left-hander, and an adept at the drop, but his inability to "kill" dicap. In service, too, there was a marked disparity, for Devlin's high delivery was always of splendid height and length. Harbot varied his service, using both the low and short, and the lob variety. The former was often pounced on by Devlin, and the return nearly always proved fatal.

Mr. G. N. Scott-Chad (Coldstream Guards) retained his title in the Army Rackets Singles Championship at Prince's Club, Knightsbridge, by beating Mr. J. P. Duckworth-King, of the same regiment, by 3 games to 1 (15-6, 6-15, 15-8, 15-6,).

The Boat Race

The Boat Race crews have left home waters and established themselves on the Thames for their intermediate spell of training, Oxford at Henley, with the Leander Club as their headquarters, and Cambridge at Richmond, the latter being unable to go to their usual quarters at Marlow owing to the lock alterations that are being carried out. Once before—exactly twenty years ago—the Light Blues tried Richmond for a change, and in 1908, when they were frozen out at home, they also spent a few days at the Pigeons, the beautiful little riverside hotel which has as host M. W. Giles East, the Royal Bargemaster, who has been their tidal adviser at Putney for forty-three years. Everyone concerned votes the change a great success.

The change of quarters had provided the crews with greatly changed conditions, there being exceptionally strong streams running as the result of the recent heavy rains. Cambridge seem to have adapted themselves more quickly than their opponents to the difference in the water, and look to be the best Boat Race crew at this state of the practice since the war. Their paddling is good, and they are well together. Oxford, on the other hand, failed to please the critics on their initial appearance at Henley, their work being written down as uneven and the stroke's finish as very dirty. There is, of course, plenty of time for developments, and the work of the crews will be keenly watched between now and the fateful date—April 2, anyway Oxford has done some good work on the Upper Thames. Changes are still taking place in the order of rowing in both crews Mr. F. I. Pitman after many years has resigned his position as Umpire and will be succeeded by LL-Col. Burnell.

Mr. J. G. Parry Thomas, greatest of British motor racing drivers was killed last week in an attempt to lower the world's fastest speed on the Pendine Sands. The offside driving chain to the back wheel of "Babs" his 400 h.p. racing motor car, snapped when he was driving at the fantastic speed of 180 miles an hour. It smashed through its protective covering as though it were a bit of butter, ripped off the windscreen, and severed the driver's head from his body. Then it wound itself round one of the back wheels and locked both of them as the axle was a solid one, and caused the car to somersault twice. One of the wheels was torn off and hurled into the air, and then "Babs" dug her nose in the sand, and catching fire became a heap of burning *débris*. Mr. Parry Thomas's body was dragged from the burning wreckage. The verdict at the inquest was one of accidental death, but it would not seem that the steel of the chain was at fault. Anyway the accident has removed from the motoring world one of the finest drivers, designers, and tuners who have ever existed. Although his efforts were devoted entirely to the extraction of speed from his cars, the effects which he demonstrated have been of inestimable value to other designers. Without his presence, Brooklands will scarcely be the same, as he could always be relied upon to produce something unusual in the way of driving skill or speed. Whatever may be the value of sprint records, all motorists will mourn the passing of one of the most intrepid of British drivers.

The Betting Tax

Bookmakers and backers at Lingfield last week were surprised when no starting price return was made over the Corinthian Steeplechase, in which Mr. C. A. Ringwood's Saunter beat Mrs. Fitch's Soothing Glass. This was the fourth race in a fortnight over which no betting return has been made, and the omission renders void all bets at starting price on the race and deprives the Exchequer of the 2½ per cent. duty on such transactions. The "Daily Mail," however, suggests that the bookmakers did do a considerable amount of business for the race and that the policy to make a return was not justified by events. All over the country there are still complaints as to the effect of the Betting Tax, and it is now fairly obvious that the Chancellor will have to alter it if he is to secure the revenue he desires.

An important move in connexion with the Betting Tax took place in London last Monday when on the formation of the first market on the Lincolnshire Handicap and Grand National it was announced that all bets made during the "call over" were to be free of tax to the backer. Some time ago a number of bookmakers offered to pay all the tax, but were forced to withdraw the concession. In some quarters it is thought that Monday's decision is due to the uncertainty as to whether bets made between members of a club are liable to taxation, but it is also rumoured that expectations of a revision of the Act are responsible for the movement. At this "call-over" Asterus was the favourite for the Lincolnshire and Lack Horner and White Park for the Grand National, but there is so much disparity of views among sporting critics that any prophecy about either race is quite unsafe at present.

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COLONIAL INSTITUTE AND CHINA

Scathing Criticism of Government's Present Policy in China

At the invitation of Mr. Campbell Henderson, Honorary Corresponding Secretary of the Royal Colonial Institute, Fellows of this institute met yesterday afternoon in the Board-room of Messrs. Scott Harding and Company Ld., 35 Peking Road, to discuss the present situation in China, exchange views, and consider what service they could render.

It was proposed, seconded and unanimously carried that Mr. L. E. Canning be requested to occupy the chair. Mr. Canning in a brief speech said that the objects of the present meeting were to support the resolutions sent to the Mother country by the British Chamber of Commerce and the China Association. The mercantile community entirely disagreed with the Government's policy in regard to the Hankow concession and it was desired that the Institute should communicate with the Council in London in regard to existing conditions in China.

The Fellows present then advanced their views on the situation and were unanimous in their denunciation of the weak attitude of H. M. Government in connexion with the handing over of the Hankow concession.

Cause for Anxiety

Mr. J. S. S. Cooper said:—This meeting has been called to consider what the Fellows of the Royal Colonial Institute can do to help in the present critical situation. That the situation is critical does not admit of doubt. Except in Shanghai where we have adequate defence, it is not too much to say that the safety of all foreigners on Chinese soil is in the balance. Their lives depend upon the policy of the Foreign Powers. As members of a British Institute, we cannot hope to influence the policies of Washington, Paris, or Tokyo, but we can try to influence that of London.

In last Saturday's newspaper was published a message which all of us read with relief—but that relief was marred by the inclusion of the words "The Chinese policy of the (British) Government is not changed." This policy has been directed towards:—

Non-interference in Chinese Politics,
Conciliation,
Recognition of China's legitimate aspirations.

Up to the present it has proved disastrous. It has failed in its avowed objectives. By giving way to mob violence and by submitting to the insults of the Chinese under Southern influence we have intervened most unhappily in the Chinese situation. We have discouraged the North, and we have made the way easy for the agitators who have spread even to Peking and Manchuria. We have conciliated nobody. We have not advanced, but rather retarded the so-called legitimate aspirations of the Chinese.

The Chinese Business Man

If any group in this faction-sundered country is fit to be called "the Chinese," surely it is the sober body of Chinese businessmen, industrialists and farmers. Our weakness has brought disaster after disaster upon their heads. In the British Concessions, where Chinese had been permitted to live, we were in the position of trustees for the persons and property of these Chinese. That trust we have betrayed also the trust of British and other foreign residents of the Hankow and Kiukiang Concessions.

Our futile attempts at conciliation have been directed towards winning the friendship of the worst elements in the country, at the expense of our own people and of the best of the Chinese. The policy has been "implemented," as the diplomats say, by a series of friendly advances. Each of these advances has been the signal for more outrageous demands, for more intolerable insults, and for more murderous attacks. The reason is not far to seek. In the minds of such as now control the Southern party, friendliness is merely a symptom of fear—and to take one injury lying down is to prove that there is no danger in inflicting a second. Nothing could show this more clearly than the prompt effect of Japanese forbearance at Nanking. The situation of Japanese residents in Hankow immediately became unbearable, and their evacuation is now reported.

The Folly of Forbearance

Surely it must be clear that the continuance of the declared policy of Great Britain towards China can only result in more and more violence, until the situation passes what is tolerable, and force must be used in the end. The longer we forbear, the greater will be the spread of belief that we are afraid, and the heavier will be the action necessary to correct the error. It is high time for the policy of Great Britain to be changed, and for the change to be made public. Until this is done we shall be submitted to those indignities, insults and injuries which are the lot of those believed to be afraid to hit back.

Let us therefore, as loyal Britons and as friends of the good in China, bend our efforts towards a complete reconstruction of British policy in China. No other action can amount to more than the mildest of palliatives.

Mr. J. S. S. Cooper's speech was most enthusiastically received. Speakers said that the Chinese never expected that Hankow would be handed over to them. The settlement and concessions in China were territory which the British and other nationals had built up in the course of scores of years on soil which was previously little more than mud flats. The British Government's policy must be changed and on the proposal of Mr. H. P. King and seconded by Mr. M. W. Pett it was decided to appoint a "draft committee," whose duty it would be to draft a cable to be sent to the Council of the Royal Colonial Institute with a request that the contents be transmitted to the British Government. The chairman, Mr. L. E. Canning, then proposed that Mr. J. S. S. Cooper, Mr. H. P. King and Mr. Campbell Henderson be elected as the "draft committee.' Mr. S. M. Gubbay seconded the motion and it was carried unanimously. The Committee then decided to meet to-day and agreed to present the proposed cable to a full meeting of Fellows on Thursday at 5.15 p.m. in the Board-room of Scott, Harding and Co., Ld.

The meeting then terminated with a vote of thanks to the Chairman. It is interesting to note that this is the first meeting of the Fellows of the Royal Colonial Institute ever held in China.

SEQUEL TO STREET BRAWL

Defendant's Story of a Stabbing Affray in H. M. Police Court

In H. M. Police Court yesterday before the Registrar, Mr. G. W. King, O.B.E., the preliminary hearing of the charge against Abdullah Murabe was continued.

Mr. E. T. Maitland, prosecuting for the Police, said that since the last hearing, Edward Bega, had died in the General Hospital and the accused had been formally charged with "murder."

Mr. Maitland went on to say that Bega was familiarly known to his associates as "Porto Rica" and Murabe was known as "Arab" and witnesses for the prosecution would refer to the parties by these names. On the morning of April 1 the accused, deceased and some others were drinking in a Chinese wine shop and afterwards a quarrel arose, in the course of which, accused told deceased that he was not wanted in their company. A fight ensued and accused was seen to stab Bega several times.

Dr. Austin D. Wall was then called and stated that he was a registered medical practitioner and that he examined the deceased at 11 a.m. on the morning in question, at the General Hospital.

He found five knife wounds in various parts of the body, the most serious one being a stab wound on the left side of the body between the eleventh and twelfth ribs which had penetrated the abdominal cavity. The patient died at 2 p.m. on April 2. An autopsy was made on Monday afternoon and it was found that none of the wounds had injured any vital structure. The heart and liver were found to be diseased. This disease was of long standing and the immediate cause of death was commencing pneumonia in both lungs.

A Healthy Man's Chances

Witness stated there was an operation performed on Friday in which the wound in the abdomen was explored to ascertain whether there was any injury to the intestines or other structures, and it was probable that the pneumonia was consecutive to the anæsthetic and was also contributed to by the stab wound in the chest, which impaired the movements of respiration and also the poor general condition of the deceased. A healthy man should have recovered from these injuries.

In reply to the Magistrate, witness said that it was necessary to perform an operation.

Paul Muller, aged 17 and unemployed, stated that he knew accused and called him "Arab" and deceased was known as "Porto Rica". The three of them were without funds and had been sleeping by a boiler on the Old Dock. He then stated what had occurred. He saw "Arab" stab "Porto Rica" and ran up and himself fought with "Arab". "Porto Rica" did not like "Arab" and Porto Rich" was my good friend, he said. "Porto Rica" was much stronger than the accused and had boxed at the Carlton. "Porto Rica" did not have a knife on the morning in question but he had seen him with a knife on previous occasions.

Fairly Common Incident

Mr. G. H. Parry, manager of Frank's Grill, then gave evidence. He said: I saw the fight which appeared to be a "free for all" affair. Until I saw the stabbing I did not take much notice as these incidents are fairly common in this locality. I then rushed up and got the knife away from the accused and called a policeman. We then all went to the Police station. I knew the deceased as "Panama Siki."

Detective Sub-Inspector H. J. Schmidt then said that accused had made a statement while in custody which was then read over to the accused by the Magistrate, and was as follows:—

"I came to Shanghai five months ago from Vladivostok. I was a coal trimmer and came to Shanghai from Vladivostok as a stowaway on a Russian steamer. During the five months I have been here, I have been unemployed. I have slept in the Public gardens, and on lighters and steam launches. I have been begging for my meals. I have known Bega (the deceased) three months and he was also a "beath-comber". He was always drunk and has assaulted me several times. We drank samshui in a Chinese shop and when we went out Bega wanted my hat which was a new one. Bega's cap was an old one. I refused to give him my hat and he started to fight me. He struck me twice and I took out my knife to defend myself. He was a bigger man than I was. Bega ran to the stall to get a knife and cut my clothing. I then stabbed him two or three times and the other boys interfered. Bega fell down. A foreigner came and took the knife away and I was then taken to the Police station."

The hearing was then adjourned until to-day at 10 a.m.

THAT ELUSIVE LABOUR UNION

Sunday's Secret Meeting on Board a China Merchants' Vessel

The General Labour Union is known to possess one of the most elusive directorates in China, and one which the local Police would dearly love to get into close touch with. That meetings of the heads of the Union are held frequently there is no doubt, but the time and place of the meetings usually remains a mystery.

We have it on good authority, however, that a largely attended meeting of the union, at which all of the directing heads were present, took place on one of the laid-up China Merchants' vessels on Sunday night. These vessels are, of course, Chinese property and, resting in the harbour, they are to all intents and purposes Chinese territory and, therefore, comparatively immune from interference by the Settlement or French police authorities.

At the meeting in question, communistic speeches of the most extreme character are stated to have been made, and one suggestion, when the question of raising money to pay unemployed seamen of the China Merchants came up for discussion, was the bright idea that the three vessels of the Company which are in possession of the Seamen's Union at Canton, should be sold and the proceeds given to the seamen! The suggestion was received with acclamation, even after one of the more sober-minded of the Chinese present had timorously suggested that it would be rather a near-sighted policy to sell the main instruments through the medium of which the seamen normally obtained a living.

Attempt to Defeat the Economic Circle

The following resolutions were passed at a meeting of the Shanghai General Labour Union, which was held on Monday under the chairmanship of a notorious Communist named Wang Shu-hua:—

1. That the General Labour Union should fundamentally reorganize the armed picket system and that instructions should be given to pickets to abide explicitly by the regulations issued by the Union with regard to the use of firearms.
2. That the General Labour Union should instruct the general public regarding the necessity of maintaining armed pickets.
3. That workers be instructed not to declare strikes or "down tools" at will, but they must act always in accordance with instructions and secure approval from the Union.
4. That employers should be prevented from raising their prices whenever wages are increased.

ONE DEAR COMRADE TO ANOTHER

Soviet Labour Union's Message to Its Shanghai Counterpart

Handbills were distributed in Chapei over the week-end, purporting to be correct translations of a telegram despatched from the Central Executive Committee of the Soviet General Labour Union from Moscow, bearing the date, April 3, 1927. From the meeting the workers took with them a supply of handbills to give their friends and disseminate the Soviet propaganda. The telegram, which concludes with "Long live the Chinese workers and peasants and the Revolutionary workers," follows:—

Dear Comrades of the Shanghai General Labour Union: We congratulate you, you proletarians of Shanghai, on the capture of Shanghai. You have fought bravely against all reactionary parties. We recollect our desperate fight against the reactionary parties and Imperialists in our country in former days.

Now Chinese labourers are encountering the same sort of enemies. Imperialists now are oppressing the Orientals just as they oppressed the Russians in the past. They are further attempting to suppress the revolutionary movement of the Chinese race by means of armed forces. However, as a result of the workers' uprising in Shanghai and the victories won by the Revolutionary army, the Chinese revolution cannot be suppressed and the Imperialists will soon be defeated by the revolutionary forces composed of workers and peasants.

We, who are representing 9,500,000 Soviet workers, offer you hearty and friendly congratulations.

The Soviet Labour Union and Chinese Labour Union are all under the 3rd International Labour Union. Therefore, the Labour Unions of these two nations should continue to co-operate and fight against the international Imperialists and all our oppressors.

NATIONALIST MOVE NORTHWARDS

Armoured Train for Tientsin-Pukow Railway

Yesterday a Nationalist armoured train which for some days past has been at Shanghai North Station, left for Nanking. It is understood that she will be ferried over to Pukow for use in the operations now being carried on at Pengpu.

The train is understood to be manned principally by Russians.

THE DELL SHIELD COMPETITION

S. R. C. v. Coldstream Guards

The following will represent the Shanghai Recreation Club against the Coldstream Guards "B" team in the Dell Shield Competition to be played at 5 p.m. sharp to-day, Police Ground, S. Emamooden, S. Moolem, G. A. Johansson, F. V. Read (Capt.) T. J. Aldeguer. Reserves: T. Allan and C. E. Marshall.

CHINA MERCHANTS' S.N. CO., LD.

Foreign Officers Taken Back Into Company's Service: Prospects of Early Sailings

We understand on excellent authority that at a meeting of the directors of the China Merchants' Steam Navigation Company, Ld., held on Monday, it was decided to take back into the Company's service all of the foreign deck and engineer officers whose services were temporarily dispensed with on January 21, in consequence of the enforced idleness of the Company's fleet owing to military and other seizures of the ships.

We are informed that the scale of pay will be that now in force on the vessels of the China Navigation Company, but that in the event of that Company reverting to the rates which obtained previous to the cut which came into effect on April 1, the China Merchants' Company will probably follow suit.

It will be remembered that when the China Merchants' decided to get rid of the services of the junior foreign officers in its employ, they were told that they had better seek other employment, as the Company had no desire that they should remain out of employment on the off-chance of the China Merchants' resuming sailings. Many of the officers whose services were thus dispensed with have since found other employment, but it is believed that the great majority will be available for re-employment by the China Merchants as and when their services are required.

The Company intends resuming sailings in all of its former services as soon as arrangements can be made. Most of the ships that are laid up in Shanghai will be unfit for service before considerable work has been done on them, but we understand that the str. Hsinming, which is probably going into dock to-day, will be ready to sail in a very short time. Other vessels will be placed in service as soon as they can be got ready.

PROVISIONAL COURT

Yesterday's Cases: A Chorister's Lost Cap

In the Provisional Court yesterday before Judge Loh, V. Krassikoff, a Russian, of no fixed abode, was sentenced to three days' imprisonment for soliciting alms. He stated that he was previously employed in a choir of a church in Russia and the reason why he was begging was because he had lost his cap and wanted to get a new one. There were six previous convictions against him.

Yang Pah-ting, unemployed, received a sentence of four months for stealing a wallet containing fifteen dollars from the person of Wong Ah-nyi.

Before Judge Li, twenty-seven bottles of milk were retained by the Court in a case in which Zau Kyung-kung, a milk coolie, was charged with delivering milk without a licence. The case was dismissed and a charge is to be preferred against the manager of the dairy.

Four unemployed coolies were charged with snatching a hand-bag containing some $30 from Miss Fairley, a British subject. The case was remanded for trial before British consular official.

One unemployed detective and two ex-soldiers were charged with committing an armed robbery on March 15 at 149 Amoy Road. The money and jewels stolen were valued at $15,000. Case adjourned.

Tsung Shan-sung, a stall-holder in Hongkew market, was fined $5 for selling a product as butter which was in reality margarine.

Woo Chang-zung received a sentence of two months' imprisonment for snatching a hand-bag from Miss Danuser, an American citizen, while she was proceeding along Museum Road at 5 p.m. on Monday.

Yih Yuen-soo, a shopkeeper, of Gordon Road was charged with selling foreign liquor to foreign soldiers. The accused holds a licence to sell Chinese wine. Inspector Maguire stated to the Court that the brandy and whisky were of very inferior quality and he would like to have them analyzed. The Judge, however, ordered that it be returned to the accused and fined him $5.

AN EXTRAORDINARY SUGGESTION

Proposed Naked Parade for Women in Hankow

The following is a rough translation of a notice which has been posted on several of the notice boards of the administrative buildings of the Nationalist Government at Hankow:—

All ladies and girls, you must know that women in general were formerly oppressed by the corrupt militarists and for a long time suffered cruel treatment. Now, the revolutionary troops, having been successful in their public service, have got rid of militarists of that kind and set our women free.

The Women's Association suggests having a naked body procession on May 1 for promoting the principle of freedom. If any one wishes to enter into this naked body procession, an examination of the body is necessary.

GEN. Chiang Kai-shek is understood to be contemplating a visit to Hangchow to conduct a personal inquiry into the trouble which broke out there last week between the labourers and the Home Defence Forces.

ASSOCIATION FOOTBALL

Latest League Results

London, April 4.

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Birmingham 6, Bolton 1.

Second Division
Southampton 1, Chelsea 1.

Third Division (Northern Section)
Doncaster 2, Halifax 0.
Ashington 6, Walsall 2.

—Reuter.

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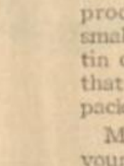

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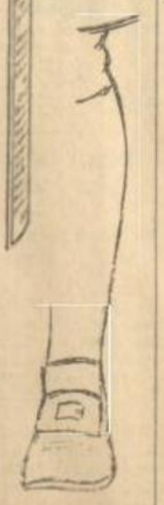

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No Decision by Powers

(Continued from Page 11.)

NEW BRIGADE LEAVING ON MONDAY

Destination at Present Unspecified

London, Apr. 4.

The first draft of the new British brigade for China will leave on April 11. No specific destination has been allotted to this brigade but it is possible that these troops will be employed to defend Peking and Tientsin.—Reuter.

RED SEIZURE IN FOOCHOW

Conservancy Offices Closed and Staff Dismissed

Foochow, Apr. 1.

A Chinese, said to be representative of the Provincial Committee of the Provincial Government, leading a party of armed soldiers, called at the Minkiang River Conservancy Bureau yesterday and seized all the documents and property of the Bureau.

Subsequently, a proclamation was issued in the name of Huang Yi-yun, the Chief of the Bureau, announcing that the Bureau has been held by order of the Political Committee in order to inspect all documents and property of the Bureau. The proclamation states also that all the members of the staff of the Bureau will be dismissed and the regulations hitherto put in force will be abolished.

The building of the Bureau is now occupied by the soldiers.

The local Consular Body has telegraphed to the Diplomatic Corps in Peking, asking the latter for instructions. The Consular Body at the same time requested the Chief of the Bureau to convene a general meeting of the councillors of the Bureau.—Toho.

Foochow, Apr. 4.

The situation here is quiet but tense, and the amount of anti-foreignism is difficult to guage. The Chinese navy is guarding the port well.—Reuter.

Foochow, Apr. 5.

Two communist agitators were shot here to-day and martial law proclaimed throughout Fukien.

A strongly worded proclamation has been issued with regard to the protection of foreigners.

Admiral Chen, General Tang Shu-ching and Mr. Ling Sik, Commissioner for Foreign Affairs, are exerting themselves strenuously to maintain law and order. The foreign community are prepared for evacuation but they are hopeful that they will be able to remain. —Reuter.

MORE TROUBLE FOR CHINA

Mr. George Lansbury Coming in June

London, Apr. 5.

The Labour, M.P., Mr. George Lansbury, is going to China in June, according to the Labour correspondent of the "Morning Post," as a member of the International Commission to the Pan-Asiatic Conference to be held at Canton.

Interviewed by Reuter, Mr. George Lansbury said that he had been asked to accompany a commission to be sent to the Pan-Asiatic Congress at Canton in June, but he had not said he would go. Rather than an unofficial body going, he said, he would prefer that the Governments concerned in the trouble with China should ask neutral Powers to appoint a commission to investigate the whole situation.—Reuter.

JAPANESE DESTROYERS FOR SHANGHAI

Tsingtao, April 4.

The Japanese First Squadron, with the exception of the cruisers Yura and Kinu, left this afternoon for Chefoo.

The destroyers 10, 12 and 18, belonging to the Sixteenth Flotilla, left for Shanghai this morning.—Reuter.

NEW GUNBOATS FOR CHINA

London, Apr. 5.

Four new river gunboats will proceed to China.

H.M. SS. Tern, Gannet and Seamew will relieve H.M. SS. Woodcock, Woodlark and Robin, respectively, while H.M.S. Petrel will be an addition to the China Station.

H.M. SS. Tern and Petrel will sail from London on or about May 21.—Reuter's.

AMERICAN SCHOOL CLOSED NEAR PEKING

Peking, Apr. 5.

The American School at Tungchow, eight miles east of Peking, has decided to close on April 7, and is communicating with parents asking where their children should be sent.—Reuter.

EVACUATION ALL ROUND

Peking, Apr. 4.

All foreigners who had been residing at Taiyuan, with the exception of the Japanese residents, have left the border of Shansi.

Exodus of Americans from this city is increasing in number, but the American Legation denies its issuance of instructions for the evacuation.

The majority of the families of the foreign missionaries here and of those foreigners connected with Peking Union Medical College and Hospital are evacuating this city to Peitaiho, Dairen, and Japan. —Toho.

ADMIRAL Yang Shu-chuang, commander-in-chief of the Nationalist Navy, left for Nanking by special train on Monday morning.

Cantonese General and Bodyguard on British Vessel

(Continued from Page 11)

men were armed, but when a search was made of the vessel yesterday no trace of arms could be found. Some of the officers are also said to have been "sporting" Sam Brown belts, but neither were these in evidence when the ship came alongside the wharf.

Shipped Back to Woosung

Under strong guard the boat was cleared of the Cantonese, who were corralled into a godown on the premises where they waited throughout the morning and most of the afternoon until the boat was cleared of her passengers and cargo, after which they were put aboard and taken to Woosung to be put ashore. A guard of British sailors was also put on board to keep guard during the trip down to Woosung.

Interviewed by a reporter of the "North-China Daily News" General Sze said that he had "merely come down to Shanghai on personal business." He admitted smilingly that the men in uniform were his bodyguard and that some were his personal servants, but said that those dressed in coolie clothes were former employees on the Kin-Hai Railway who were out of work and were on the way to their homes in Hangchow to procure more work.

Also in the party were several boys undoubtedly of the student class, Oxford bags and all, who when asked how they come to be on board the ship said that they were Cantonese. Further than this they would say nothing.

After seeing the Cantonese off at the wharf, the Chinese and Sikh police were loaded into rescue vans from the fire brigade and in the "Black Maria" and taken back to the stations while the officers wended their way back to the Wayside and Yangtszepoo stations debating the length of time it would take their *protégés* to get back to Shanghai from Woosung.

CHIANG KAI-SHEK'S REPLY

Attack on Shanghai C. P.

Martial law has been declared in Chapei since noon yesterday in all the area known as Shanghai and Woosung. General Chiang Kai-shek has ordered a thorough disarming of all bearers of arms in Chinese territory who are not properly enrolled in the Nationalist army.

Furthermore, all vessels except those leaving for foreign ports are to be searched for persons carrying arms.

It is understood that this is the first definite attack on the C. P.'s in the Shanghai area.

THE SURRENDER OF HANKOW

Criticized by Former Resident: Debentures felt Unsafe

London, April 5.

Speaking at a dinner at the Imperial Industries Club in London last night Mr. E. M. Gull, Joint Secretary of the China Association, criticized the Hankow Agreement. He said that it did not provide any safeguard for British capital invested there. The arrangements whereby the regulations under which the new bureau takes over the obligations of the former British municipality could be changed by a two-thirds majority were very weak. Furthermore, he said, the whole control rested entirely with the Chinese and even a decision of the ratepayers could be disallowed if the Chinese (Nationalist) Foreign Minister thought it infringed the sovereign rights or dignity of China. Mr. Gull emphasized that the effect of the agreement had been extraordinarily bad in China. Debenture capital was now felt, he said, to be very unsafe. He had recently heard, he concluded, that business houses in China would rather have been faced with a possible boycott than this agreement.—Reuter.

THE DISARMAMENT CONFERENCE

France Adamant in Her Refusal to Assist

Paris, Apr. 5.

France has sent to the State Department at Washington a Note reiterating France's refusal to participate in a naval disarmament conference on the ground that the League of Nations might thereby be weakened.—Reuter.

Paris, Apr. 5.

Replying to President Coolidge's invitation to join the naval disarmament conference the French Government reiterates that French participation, even to the length of appointing an observer, is impossible, as France, says the reply, cannot allow any weakening of the League of Nations, which is already dealing with the problem of disarmament, from which naval, land and air armaments, in the French Government's opinion, cannot be separated.—Reuter.

WARSAW, Apr. 4:—A syndicate of Polish and Upper Silesian foundries has signed a preliminary agreement for a loan of £4,000,000 for the purpose of modernising the foundries, with an American and Continental corporation closely connected with the Harriman and European interests. The syndicate will be under the control of an American group.—Reuter.

CONTINUED LOOTING AT NANKING

Cantonese and "Other Bandits" Busy in Foreign Houses

Peking, Apr. 5.

Despatches from Nanking dated April 4 state that Nationalist soldiers continue looting foreign premises wholesale, unchecked by the authorities.

Thirty soldiers looted the house of the Commissioner of Customs on the night of April 2.

The soldiers are using carriages and cars to remove the loot from British and American homes and refuse to allow civilians to participate in the looting.

Nationalist troops have occupied American property at Chuchow in Anhui.

The French authorities have instructed their nationals to evacuate Szechuan and other Southern provinces.

Hitherto 171 Americans have evacuated the Tsinanfu district. Most of the members of the staffs of British firms there have also left for Tsingtao.—Reuter.

PACK BATTERY FOR SHAMEEN

And Also a Detail of Punjabis

Shameen, Apr. 4.

A section of the Pack Battery and 20th Punjabis landed here this evening from Hongkong, disembarking from H. M. S. Moorhen.—Reuter.

Fair Promises in Canton

Canton, April 3.

The Committee of the Provincial Government and the Chief of the Public Peace Preservation Bureau made a declaration yesterday, prohibiting all sorts of demonstration in the districts where foreigners are residing, including Shameen. In the meantime, the Waichiaopu of the Provincial Government notified the Consular Body that the Government would assume the responsibility for protecting foreigners.

Judging from editorials of vernacular papers and other things, it appears that the Chinese authorities are trying, to some extent, to check anti-foreign incidents beforehand, at this most critical moment but apprehension is growing among foreigners who have been excited by the Nanking outrages. Some 180 King's Own Scottish Borderers arrived here by the man-of-war Tarantula and other ships and sentinels are taking their duty at the British bridge and other important points in the Concession.—Toho.

Canton to Demonstrate

Shameen, Apr. 5.

A demonstration will take place at Canton on April 12 to protest against "Imperialist oppression, the bombarding of Nanking and the burning of houses and villages near Bias Bay."—Reuter.

DESTRUCTION SOCIETY AT WORK

Incendiarism and Murder in Shantung Salt Area

Peking, Apr. 5.

The *Ta Tao Hui*, or the "Destruction Society," is looting and killing throughout the salt area of Shantung and along the coast to the south of Tsingtao.

Members of the society burnt down the Magistrate's yamen, salt offices and other buildings and killed numbers of the salt police and salt collectors.

Admiral-General Pi Shou-chen has sent troops against them and fighting is proceeding.—Reuter.

SUIT AGAINST OIL COMPANIES

Alleged Agreement to Fix Prices

Washington, Apr. 4.

The Government has filed a suit against 46 oil-refining companies including the Standard Oil Companies of New Jersey and Indianapolis, in which it prays for a decree adjudging that the system of cross licences and the "cracking" process agreement are unlawful, both constituting an agreement to fix prices.—Reuter.

MILLIONAIRES IN AMERICA

More Than Double Previous Number

Washington, Apr. 4.

That the number of persons whose incomes total $1,000,000 or more has doubled is shown by figures published by the Treasury. Two hundred and seven such persons paid income tax in 1926, an increase of 132 over last year's figure. Seven individual incomes exceed $5,000,000 a year.—Reuter.

ENGLAND-AUSTRALIA BY WIRELESS

New Beam Service to be Opened on Friday

London, Apr. 4.

London and Melbourne will be in direct and continuous wireless communication on April 8 when the Anglo-Australian beam service will be opened to the public.—Reuter.

WE are informed that "Gen." Kiang Tien-kuei, the self-styled commander of the "12th Division," consisting of the guerillas who were disarmed in Chapei during the week-end by Gen. Liu Tz, commander of the 2nd Division, has been arrested.

The New Crisis at Hankow

(Continued from Page 11.)

American gunboat Monocacy left on Monday, escorting the str. Chinan and the Soochow boat Meilun, both of which had on board British and American refugees.

At Ichang all Americans have taken refuge on the naval vessels.

Nanking reports have it that the Nationalists are having considerable trouble with Chen Tiao-yuan's troops in Anhui, as they have not been paid and are inclined toward mutiny.

On Monday the Seamen's Union interfered with coolies from the United States Consulate on Kulangsu and forced sampan men not to transport them to the Amoy side of the harbour. The Consul informed the Chinese naval authorities, who promised to take the situation in hand, providing in the meanwhile boats for use by Consular employees. The action of the Union is understood to have been taken because the Consulate refused to sanction exorbitant demands presented by the Union.

Destroyers for Hankow

Shanghai, Apr. 5.

Destroyers No. 10 and No. 18 belonging to the 16th Flotilla will leave here early to-morrow morning for Hankow, while the coast-defence ship Yakumo, with a landing party of 500 on board, is expected to arrive here from Yokosuka at about 5 o'clock Thursday afternoon.

Destroyer No. 16 belonging to the 16th Flotilla sailed from Chefoo to-day for Shanghai.—Toho.

PRESS COMMENT IN JAPAN

Warning to Japanese to Avoid Undue Excitement

Tokyo, April 5.

While strongly condemning the disorderly conduct of the Chinese at Hankow, the vernacular papers are almost unanimous in warning their nationals to avoid undue excitement.

The *"Asahi"* considers that Japan should not deal with General Chiang Kai-shek alone and expresses the opinion that the Foreign Office is badly misinformed regarding the internal situation.

The *"Hochi,"* defending the Government, thinks that continuance of a calm attitude "affords the only possible chance of bringing the Cantonese to their senses," and opposes the military party's alleged advocacy of strong action.

The general opinion appears to be that as the present situation is largely the outcome of civil war, disturbances are inevitable; moreover, as unlike in the instance of the Boxer trouble—it would be difficult to fix the responsibility for the outrages, armed intervention would only aggravate the seriousness of the situation without sufficient compensatory advantages, unless it is carried out on a very large scale, which is considered undesirable.—Reuter.

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S.S. "Gogra" from Bombay and Ports

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

CONSIGNEES of cargo ex the above vessel are hereby notified that ship damaged packages only will be examined at the Shanghai & Hongkew Wharf, Co., Ltd.'s Pootung Wharf, on Friday, April 8, 1927, at 9.30 a.m., by Messrs. Paulsen & Payes-Davy, Surveyors. Please note it is necessary to produce Bills of Lading and Original Shipper's Invoices at the examination.

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ARRIVALS

Per str. Malwa, April 5. From London.—Lt.-Comdr. Morrision, Lt.-Comdr. Hoskyn, Surg Lt. Henderson, Mr. Jarvis, Mr. Sparks, Mr. and Mrs. Deeks, Mr. A. Cameron, Mr. Davis, Mrs. M. Carter, Miss R. Jones, Mrs. Chewood-Aikon, Mr. W. Park, Rev. F. Tocher, Rev. Griffiths, Mr. E. Fuller, Rev. H. Payne, Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Edgar, and two children, Mr. Spence, Mrs. Sun and child, Mr. Inch, Mrs. W. S. Davis, Mr. F. Cochrane, Mr. G. Wensley, Mr. G. Glover, Surg.-Lt. Levy, Mr. Quin, Mr. Binden, Mr. J. J. Woollen, Mr. Ayris, Miss M. Christmas, Miss and Master Waddell, Miss Farrell, Mr. Nash, Mr. R. S. Matthews, Miss A. Roberts, Mr. E. Muirhead, Mr. Worcester, Mr. and Mrs. Saker, Miss Silby, Dr. R. E. Cameron, Mr. W. R. Davison, Mr. A. A. Simoes, Mr. H. Davidson, Mr. and Mrs. Dudley-Read, Baron J. Guillaume, Mr. H. C. White, Mrs. Mackenzie, Mr. Sudgery, Misses Whitley, Col. H. Aspinall, Mrs. Demitryer, Mrs. Duncan-Campbell, Mr. G. Osborne, Mr. Surrey, Mr. and Mrs. Taylor, Mr. J. T. New, Mr. Graham, Brash, Mr. Wheen, Mr. S. Beilin, Mrs. Goldstein, Mrs. M. Mason, Mr. and Mrs. Warnke, Mr. Hendershot, Mr. Munson, Mr. Cooke, Mr. Rudaux, Mr. Monteagle, Mr. Starr, Mrs. Yzantorich, Miss Gutiehhez, Mr. Gheroni, Mrs. Palmer, Mrs. Alexander, Mrs. and Miss Fowle, Mr. J. Johnson.

Per str. Tungwo, April 5. From River Ports.—Mrs. Schwartz, Mr. H. J. Swasey, Mrs. Jennings and child, Mrs. Prise and two children, Mr. Johansen, Mr. Carlsen, Mr. Paterson, Mrs. Fowler, Mrs. I. V. Green, Mrs. N. Baker, Miss Sternberg, Mr. and Miss Boen, Three French Naval Ratings, Dr. Buths, Mr. Hamp, Mr. and Mrs. J. Stroanne and two children, Miss Elkeshog, Mr. Mansell, Mr. F. V. Pike, Mr. McGilchrist, Mrs. A. Fraser, Mrs. Vakstrom, Mrs. Clufa, Mrs. Maslenkowa, Mrs. Kilen, Miss Hoff, Mr. P. M. Valder, Miss Annie Holm, Mr. and Mrs. M. H. Valderhang and infant, Miss Caroline Oudal, Mr. and Mrs. Werdal and three children, Mr. and Mrs. Ronning and three children, Mr. and Mrs. Andersen and eye children, Mr. and Mrs. Klyve and four children, Dr. N. Fedde, Miss Olive Hednefield, Miss B. Evensen, Miss Peterson, Mr. and Mrs. T. W. Kennington and five children, Miss H. Stocks, Miss Harriet Barton, Miss Grace Rusen, Mr. Powell, Mr. Captain, Mr. Boulton, Mr. Gardiner, Mr. Karlbeck, Mr. Hodgins, Mr. Beach, Mr. Smith, Mr. and Mrs. A. Mair, Miss Smith, Miss M. Corner, Mr. M. Shepherd, Mr. E. A. Sadler, Mr. W. Potts, Mr. S. Haughten, Mr. C. G. Edwards, Mr. H. Fisher, Mr. G. P. La Rue, Mr M. Campbell, Mr. R. H. Glazier, Mr. J. Jensen, Miss B. C. Rowe, Miss E. E. Hershey, Miss T. E. Silvenus, Rev. and Mrs. A. W. Lee, Mr. and Mrs. L. Tomkinson, Bishop and Mrs. Huntingdon and three children, Deaconess K. E. Phelps, Rev. and Mrs. E. J. Lee and three children, Dr. and Mrs. M. C. Tetlzus and child, Dr. and Mrs. R. J. Meade and child, Miss E. Tuetler, Miss M. S. Capien, Miss L. S. Stroman, Miss A. H. Gregg, Miss E. L. Cummings, Miss A. Geerling, Miss M. Connell, Miss S. M. Beard, Miss R. Goldsborough, Miss L. Piegres.

DEPARTURES

Per str. Hsin Peking, April 4.—For Ningpo.—Mr. McGavin, Mr. J. E. Shoemaker, Mr. Gimbel, One Naval Rating, Mr. Zaccarins.

Per str. Kamo Maru, April 5.—For Europe.—Rev. G. Byrne, Mrs. Hung and two children, Mr. and Mrs. C. Mancini, Mr. H. Kudara, Mr. R. Schwanke, Mrs. Ingrid Olesen, Mr. and Mrs. Melville, Miss Melville, Master Melville, Master J. W. Price, Mrs. W. J. Black and child, Mr. Chas. Asmer, Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Allen and son, Mr. and Mrs. T. F. Laughland and child, Mrs. H. March and two children, Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Brown and three children, Mr. R. Willcox.

Per str. Tatung, April 6.—For River Ports.—Mr. G. S. S. Gordon, Mr. N. Kostereg, Mr. Evans, Mr. Filipovsky.

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HONG LIST, 1927

(Published by the North-China Daily News & Herald, Ld.)
900 Pages Crown Quarto (10½" by 7½")

The Hong List, which includes the changes in Hong Staff effected at the commencement of the year, contains the following information:—

SHANGHAI HONG LIST.—All foreign and many Chinese firms, institutions, consulates, missions, etc., in Shanghai, with staffs, arranged alphabetically.

SHANGHAI WHO'S WHO.—An alphabetical list of 11,500 business men and women of Shanghai, with their office addresses.

TRADE DIRECTORY.—A list of all Shanghai firms under their professional or trade headings.

AGENCIES.—Agencies held by Shanghai firms are listed alphabetically, with the firm's name after them.

STREET DIRECTORY.—A list of the streets of Shanghai in English and Chinese, with the occupants of all foreign and many Chinese houses, offices and stores.

RESIDENTIAL DIRECTORY.—A complete list of the foreign residents of Shanghai, arranged alphabetically, with their private addresses.

RAILWAYS.—A list of the Central and Northern Railways of China, with their foreign and Chinese staffs, including those resident in Shanghai.

MERCHANT MARINE OFFICERS.—An alphabetical list of merchant marine officers on coast and riverine steamers trading to and from Shanghai.

FOREIGN NAVAL FORCES.—A list of the foreign naval vessels and officers stationed at Shanghai and on the Yangtsze.

DIPLOMATIC AND CONSULAR.—A list of all the diplomatic and consular officials in China.

OUTPORT HONG LIST.—A list of 36 China cities and outports, with foreign firms and institutions, and their staffs.

OUTPORT WHO'S WHO.—An alphabetical list of some 10,000 foreign residents in China, compiled from the Outport and Railway Sections of the work.

OUTPORT MISSIONARIES.—Classified alphabetically by provinces. Under the names of the provinces are given the towns where missions are established, with list of residents. This is divided into two sections: (1) Protestants; (2) Roman Catholics. Mission Institutions, such as Colleges, Schools, etc., are listed under the respective ports in which they are located.

MISSIONS WHO'S WHO.—An alphabetical list of missionaries of each denomination compiled from the previous sections.

GENERAL.—National and Bank Holidays, Postal Information, Shanghai Harbour Regulations, Foreign and Chinese Calendars, Exchange Tables, etc.

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"KASHIMA MARU"	May 17
"HAKONE MARU"	May 31
"SUWA MARU"	June 14
"FUSHIMI MARU"	June 28
"HAKOZAKI MARU"	July 12
"HAKUSAN MARU"	July 26
"KITANO MARU"	Aug. 9
"HARUNA MARU"	Aug. 23
"KAMO MARU"	Sept. 6

To Genoa, Marseilles and Liverpool
*"LIMA MARU" ..... Apr. 7

To London, Rotterdam and Hamburg
*"TOYOOKA MARU" .... Apr. 19

To Bombay
"TAMBA MARU" ..... Apr. 7

To Hongkong
"KOREA MARU" ..... Apr. 8

To South Africa and South America (East Coast) Ports (from Hongkong)
"KANAGAWA MARU" .. Apr. 23

To South America (West Coast) Ports (from Kobe)
"ANYO MARU" ..... May 11

To Honolulu and San Francisco via Nagasaki, Kobe and Yokohama

	Leave Shanghai
"TENYO MARU"	Apr. 7
*"KOBRA MARU"	Apr. 21
"SHINYO MARU"	May 6
*"SIBERIA MARU"	May 19
"TAIYO MARU"	Mar. 25

*Omitting Nagasaki.

To Seattle via Victoria, B.C. (from Kobe)
"SHIDZUOKA MARU" .. May 6

To New York via San Francisco and Panama
*"TOBA MARU" ..... Apr. 26
*"LISBON MARU" ..... May 5
*"TSUYAMA MARU" ..... May 19

To Australian Ports via Manila (from Hongkong)
"AKI MARU" ..... Apr. 23

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"SHANGHAI MARU" .. Apr. 9
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"SHANGHAI MARU" .. Apr. 17

To Moji and Kobe
"IKOMA MARU" ..... Apr. 9
"YAMASHIRO MARU" .. Apr. 13
"MAYA MARU" ..... Apr. 16

To Kobe and Yokohama
"KASHIMA MARU" .... Apr. 9

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HECTOR	Apr. 30	Marseilles, London, Rotterdam and Glasgow.
"IDOMENEUS"	May 2	London, Rotterdam and Hamburg.

LIVERPOOL SERVICE

NINGCHOW	Apr. 12	Genoa, Havre, Liverpool and Glasgow.

NEW YORK SERVICE

EUMAEUS	May 4	Boston, New York and Baltimore.

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S.S. "TAMING"	Weihaiwei and Dairen Friday, 8th at 3 p.m.
S.S. "YINGCHOW"	Newchwang and Dairen Sunday, 10th at daylight
*S.S. "NANKING"	Chefoo and Tientsin, Sunday, 10th at daylight

Southern Ports

*S.S. "KIUKIANG"	Amoy, Hongkong, Canton, Saturday, 9th at daylight	Steamers connect at Hongkong with Company's sailings to Haiphong Hoihow, Bangkok and Singapore.
S.S. "SHANTUNG"	Swatow, Amoy and Canton, Tuesday, 12th at daylight	

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S.S. "HSIN PEKING" Ningpo, Wednesday, 6th at 5 p.m.

* These steamers have a limited passenger accommodation only.

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*DEVANHA	6,900	W. A. Norman, R.N.R.	—	Apr. 12
MALWA	11,000	T. C. E. Dayas	Apr. 5	Apr. 26
*KHIVA	9,000	C. P. Cooper, O.B.E., R.N.R.	—	May 10
MOREA	11,000	E. J. Thornton, R.N.R.	May 3	May 24
KASHMIR	9,000	R. H. Stringer, O.B.E., R.N.R.	May 16	June 7
MANTUA	11,000	G. G. Randall	May 30	June 21
KALYAN	9,000	R. Mallalieu, R.N.R.	June 13	July 5
MACEDONIA	11,000	H. W. Potter, R.N.R.	June 27	July 19
KASHGAR	9,000	L. L. Williams	July 11	Aug. 2
RAWALPINDI	16,600	C. M. Redhead, D.S.O., R.N.R.	July 25	Aug. 16
KARMALA	9,000	B. J. B. W. Cornewall-Jones	Aug. 8	Aug. 30

*Calls at Hull. †Calls at Dunkirk.

To Bombay via Hongkong, Straits, etc.

	Tons	Captain	Due Shanghai	Leave Shanghai
DELTA	8,000	F. Sudell, R.N.R.	Apr. 4	Apr. 22
NELLORE	7,000	A. H. Hignett, R.N.R.	Apr. 18	May 7

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AMAZONE	Apr. 4		" Apr. 23
CHENONCEAUX	Apr. 15	Monday, Apr. 18	" May 7
ATHOS	Apr. 29	" May 2	" May 21
D'ARTAGNAN	May 13	" May 16	" June 4

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†S.S. ARGUN MARU" .. Apr. 19
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S.S. LA PLATA M." Apr. 20
FOR HONGKONG AND CANTON
S.S. "ALELI MARU" .. Apr. 9
FOR FORMOSA via FOOCHOW
S.S. "KISHU MARU" .. Apr. 5
S.S. "FUKUKEN MARU" Apr. 18
FOR TSINGTAO, TIENTSIN and DAIREN
S.S. "SEIKYO MARU" Apr. 12
S.S. "KISHU MARU" .. Apr. 24
FOR KOBE VIA DAIREN
†S.S. "ANDES MARU" .. Apr. 23

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12.00 noon	11.00 a.m.
5.00 p.m.	1.30 p.m.
7.00 p.m.	6.00 p.m.
9.00 p.m.	8.30 p.m.
Thursday, April 7	**Thursday, April 7**
9.00 a.m.	8.00 a.m.
10.30 a.m. (Last Tender)	10.00 a.m.

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		From Shanghai
*T.S.	"SAARLAND" Genoa, Rotterdam, Hamburg	Apr. 10
*S.S.	"EMIL KIRDORF" Genoa, Antwerp, Rotterdam, H'burg	Apr. 27
†‡S.S.	"HESSEN" Rotterdam and Hamburg	May 10
†S.S.	"PREUSSEN" Genoa, Rotterdam, Hamburg	June 9
*S.S.	"RAMSES" Genoa, Rotterdam, Hamburg	July 4

OUTWARD BOUND

		Due Shanghai
†S.S.	"HESSEN"	Apr. 13
S.S.	"SCHEER"	Apr. 17
†S.S.	"PREUSSEN"	May 9
†S.S.	"TIRPITZ"	May 22
*S.S.	"RAMSES"	June 5

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PRESIDENT LINCOLN	Friday,	May 13
PRESIDENT CLEVELAND	Friday,	May 27
PRESIDENT PIERCE	Friday,	June 10

Thereafter Fortnightly Sailings on Fridays

TO SEATTLE AND VICTORIA via KOBE AND YOKOHAMA
"THE EAST SHORT ROUTE"

PRESIDENT PIERCE	Saturday,	Apr. 9
PRESIDENT TAFT	Saturday,	Apr. 23
PRESIDENT GRANT	Saturday,	May 21
PRESIDENT MADISON	Saturday,	June 4

Thereafter Fortnightly Sailings on Saturdays

TO EUROPE AND NEW YORK
VIA HONGKONG, MANILA, STRAITS, COLOMBO
SUEZ—PORT SAID—ALEXANDRIA
NAPLES—GENOA—MARSEILLES
Thence to BOSTON and NEW YORK

PRESIDENT POLK	Friday,	Apr. 8
PRESIDENT ADAMS	Friday,	Apr. 22
PRESIDENT GARFIELD	Friday,	May 6
PRESIDENT HARRISON	Friday,	May 20
PRESIDENT MONROE	Friday,	June 3

Thereafter Fortnightly Sailings on Fridays

TO HONGKONG AND MANILA

PRESIDENT POLK	Friday,	Apr. 8
PRESIDENT TAFT	Saturday,	Apr. 9
PRESIDENT McKINLEY	Friday,	Apr. 15
PRESIDENT ADAMS	Friday,	Apr. 22
PRESIDENT GARFIELD	Friday,	May 6

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51

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AND
GENOA AND NORTH CONTINENTAL PORTS

OUTWARD BOUND

		At Shanghai
S.S.	"LUDWIGSHAFEN"	Apr. 8
*S.S.	"SAARBRUECKEN"	Apr. 9
S.S.	"SCHWABEN"	Apr. 30
*S.S.	"COBLENZ"	May 7
S.S.	"PFALZ"	May 24
*M.S.	"FULDA"	June 6

HOMEWARD SAILINGS

		From Shanghai
*S.S.	"SAARBRUECKEN"	Apr. 20
S.S.	"LUDWIGSHAFEN"	May 8
*S.S.	"COBLENZ"	May 24
S.S.	"AACHEN"	May 27
S.S.	"SCHWABEN"	June 2
*M.S.	"FULDA"	June 21
S.S.	"DESSAU"	June 25
S.S.	"BERENGAR"	July 7
*S.S.	"TRIER"	July 19
S.S.	"PFALZ"	July 24
S.S.	"FRANKEN"	July 29

*These steamers have accommodation for about 100 passengers in the Cabine-Class and 140 Middle Class.

The other steamers (freighters) can carry a limited number of passengers.

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General Agents.

VESSELS DUE TO ARRIVE

Ships are shown under the port at which last reported. The first date against a ship's name is the date of departure (or when the ship has not left the probable date of departure) from that port. The second date shown when the vessel is due at Shanghai. Vessels sailing from all ports of the world are given and any further information from Shipping Companies for insertion will gladly be received.

Vessel marked* may be expected to be carrying mails.

EUROPE, etc.

From LONDON

Benrinnes Mar. 12 May. 4
Glentara Mar. 19 May. 5
Mirzapore Mar. 26 May. 14
Kashgar* Apr. 7 May. 16
Carthaginian Apr. 7 May. 16
Bentemond Mar. 16 May. 21
Glenfalloch Apr. 16 May. 26
P. Shire Apr. 30 June 12

From LIVERPOOL

Kut Companian Mar. 25 Apr. 25
Antolycus Mar. 19 Apr. 25
Tenshima Mar. 11 Apr. 29
Ripenor Mar. 25 May. 1
Asama Mar. 26 May. 1
Phemius Apr. 9 May. 9

From ROTTERDAM

Pregenus Mar. 24 May. 5
Cubiana Mar. 31 May. 7

From DUNKIRK

Min Mar. — May. 1

From OSLO

Tugela Mar. — Apr. 26

From BREMEN

Friesland Apr. 6 June —

From HAMBURG

C. Legion Feb. 26 Apr. —
Athi Mar. 31 May. 20

From ANTWERP

Fushimi* Apr. 3 May. 19

From MARSEILLES

D'Artagnan* Apr. 3 May. 12

From NAPLES

Suwa* Apr. 4 May. 5

From GENOA

Oldekerk Mar. 30 May. 8
Bachaon Apr. 1 May. —

From PORT SAID

Schwaben Mar. 25 Apr. 30
Mure* Apr. 2 May. 2
Aachen Mar. 31 May. —

From TRIESTE

Venetia Mar. 14 May. 7

From SUEZ

Glenlee Mar. 19 Apr. 19
O. Cardiff Feb. — Apr. 20
Dromed Mar. 24 Apr. 29
Andros Mar. 22 Apr. 25
Tokushima Mar. 25 Apr. 25
China M. Mar. 29 Apr. 29
Japan Apr. 3 May. 7

From ALGIERS

Taiwan Mar. 14 Apr. 29

From BOMBAY

Nellore Mar. 29 Apr. 18

From DJIBOUTI

Athos* Apr. 2 Apr. 29

From PENANG

Jacques* Apr. 4 Apr. 15
Brenneder Feb. 20 Apr. 23

From COLOMBO

Hessen Mar. 27 Apr. 13
Khiva* Apr. 4 Apr. 21
Hebrus* Apr. 6 Apr. 21

From SINGAPORE

Glaucus Apr. 2 Apr. 19
Nakanogawa Mar. 31 Apr. 12
Sardinia Apr. 5 Apr. 14
Swiss Apr. 5 Apr. 15
Chenonceaux Apr. 6 Apr. 15
Scotland Apr. 6 Apr. 16
Scheer Apr. 7 Apr. 17
Schiedam Apr. 7 —

From BATAVIA

Tilaroea Apr. 2 Apr. 14
Tjikarang Apr. 23 May. 9

From SOERABAIA

Tjisondari Mar. 25 Apr. 19

From MANILA

Idarwald Mar. 24 Apr. —

From HONGKONG

Hector Apr. 3 Apr. 6
Anshun Apr. 4 Apr. 7
Marvelbell Apr. 4 Apr. 7
Kashima Apr. 4 Apr. 7
Asama Maru Apr. 5 Apr. 11
Ludwigshafen Apr. 5 Apr. 9
Tenyo* Apr. 4 Apr. 7
Bententh Apr. 5 Apr. 8
P. Pierre* Apr. 5 Apr. 8
Kendal Apr. 6 Apr. 9
Saarbrucken Apr. 6 Apr. 9

AMERICA AND JAPAN

From NEW YORK

Belfast M. Feb. 10 Apr. 12
W. Castle Feb. 26 Apr. 25
W. Point Mar. 12 Apr. 29
P. Harrison* Mar. 31 May. 11
Peleus Mar. — May. 20
Forresbank Feb. — May. 29
Takanko Mar. 19 May. —
Havana Mar. 31 June. 9

From BALBOA

P. Garfield* Mar. 25 May. 3

From NEWPORT NEWS

C. Castle Mar. 14 May. —

From SAVANNAH

Boelsema Mar. 26 May. —

From GALVESTON

TexLambe Feb. 24 Apr. —
Editor Feb. 28 Apr. —

From SAN FRANCISCO

W. Chopaka Mar. 16 Apr. 13
P. Jefferson* Apr. 2 Apr. 22
Kikuzan* Mar. 30 Apr. 25
Hamburg Mar. 27 May. 4
Siberia* Apr. 12 May. 3

From PORTLAND

Wawalona Mar. — Apr. 15
W. Cadron Mar. — Apr. 22
W. Cayute Apr. — May. 3

From SEATTLE

P. McKinley* Mar. 29 Apr. 14
Shinanko* Mar. 29 Apr. 19
Alabama* Apr. 12 Apr. 27
Yokohama* Mar. 31 Apr. 27

From VANCOUVER

E. Asia* Apr. 9 Apr. 23
Chipoka Mar. 15 May. 18

From HONOLULU

P. Adams* Apr. 2 Apr. 19
Siberia* Apr. 4 Apr. 23

From YOKOHAMA

Tamba Mar. — Apr. 6
Amagi Apr. 1 Apr. 7
Florida Mar. — Apr. 7
Lima Apr. 3 Apr. 8
P. Taft* Apr. 4 Apr. 8
Devonia* Apr. 5 Apr. 9
Ava Apr. 9 Apr. 19

From OSAKA

Yamshiro* Apr. 5 Apr. 19

From KOBE

Korea* Apr. 5 Apr. 7
G. Metzinger* Apr. 5 Apr. 7
Saarland Apr. 1 Apr. 9
Ningchow Apr. 5 Apr. 9

From MOJI

Izuma* Apr. 4 Apr. 6
London* Apr. 1 Apr. 12

From NAGASAKI

Shanghai* Apr. 6 Apr. 7

COAST AND RIVER PORTS

From VLADIVOSTOCK

Onderkerk Mar. 30 Apr. 10

From DAIREN

Sakaki* Apr. 5 Apr. 8

From TAKU

Hkeemur Apr. 2 Apr. 11

From TIENTSIN

Fansang Apr. 5 Apr. 7

From TSINGTAO

Sakaki Apr. 6 Apr. 6

From HANKOW

Kungwo Apr. 8 Apr. 11

From KIUKIANG

Lunsha Apr. 5 Apr. 7

From CANTON

Fuoshing Apr. 4 Apr. 9
Hanseong Apr. 6 Apr. 11

From AMOY

Tilawa Apr. 5 Apr. 8

From SWATOW

Tilawa Apr. 5 Apr. 7

From NINGPO

H. Peking Apr. 3 Apr. 6
Ningsiang Apr. 5 Apr. 6
Yungchih Apr. 5 Apr. 7
H. Ningchao Apr. 6 Apr. 7
Ningshih Apr. 6 Apr. 7

HONGKONG FROM AUSTRALIA

From MELBOURNE

Arthura Mar. 7 Apr. 4

From SYDNEY

Tanda Apr. 17 May. 7

VESSELS DUE TO-DAY:—Hoston, Hsuna Maru, Tsuba Maru, Sakaki Maru, Hsin Peking, Hsin Ningchao, Yungshin.

YANGTSZE SAILINGS

CHENKO, Apr. 8. HANKOW and PORTS.—The s.s. Lombo will sail from Hunt's Wharf on Friday, the 8th instant, at midnight. For Freight or Passage apply Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd., General Managers, L.C.S.N. Co., Ltd. (Telephone No. Central 241). 5372 8-4

KUNGWO, Apr. 12. HANKOW and PORTS.—The s.s. Kungwo sails as above from Hunt's Wharf on Tuesday, 12th instant, at midnight. For Freight or Passage apply Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd., General Managers, L.C.S.N. Co., Ltd. (Telephone No. Central 241). 5775 13-4

NORTH COAST SAILINGS

DAIREN M., Apr. 6. TSINGTAO and DAIREN.—Dairen Kisen Kaisha steamer Dairen Maru will leave from the Whangpoo Wharf on the 6th instant, at 9 a.m. Through Bills of Lading granted to principal points in Manchuria. For Freight and Passage apply to Dairen Kisen Kaisha, No. 1 The Bund (Telephone No. 4297 and Central 4298). 5384 6-4

SHANTUNG, Apr. 6. TSINGTAO.—The C. N. Co.'s s.s. Shantung leaves Watung Wharf on Wednesday 6th at 2 p.m. Has limited passenger accommodation. For Freight or passage apply to Butterfield & Swire, French Bund (Tel. C. 4881). 5373 6-4

NORTH COAST SAILINGS

TINGSANG, Apr. 8. CHEFOO and TIENTSIN.—The s.s. Tingsang sails as above from Hunt's Wharf on Friday, the 8th instant, at daylight. For Freight or Passage apply Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd., General Managers, L.C.S.N. Co., Ltd. (Telephone No. Central 241). 5321 8-4

TAMING, Apr. 8. WEIHAIWEI and DALNY.—The C. N. Co.'s s.s. Taming leaves on Friday 8th at 3 p.m. Has limited passenger accommodation. For Freight or passage apply to Butterfield & Swire, French Bund (Tel. C. 4881). 5373 8-4

FOOSHING, Apr. 12. TSINGTAO.—The s.s. Foosbing sails as above from Hunt's Wharf on Tuesday, 12th instant, at daylight. For Freight apply Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd., General Managers, L.C.S.N. Co., Ltd. (Telephone No. Central 241). 5502 12-4

SEIKYO M., Apr. 12. TIENTSIN and TSINGTAO.—The O.S.K.'s s.s. Seikyo Maru will be despatched from O.S.K. Wharf on 12th instant. For Freight or Passage apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha, No. 2 Canton Road (Telephone No. Central 4234). 5502 12-4

FAUSANG, Apr. 12. CHEFOO and TIENTSIN.—The s.s. Fausang sails as above from Old Ningpo Wharf on Wednesday, 13th instant, at 10 a.m. For Freight or Passage apply Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd., General Managers, L.C.S.N. Co., Ltd. (Telephone No. Central 241). 5521 13-4

SOUTH COAST SAILINGS

HSIN PEKING. NINGPO.—The C. N. Co.'s s.s. Hsin Peking leaves French Bund on Wednesday 6th at 5 p.m. Has good passenger accommodation. For Freight or passage apply to Butterfield & Swire, French Bund (Tel. No. C. 4881). 5481 6-4

EMPRESS OF RUSSIA. HONGKONG and MANILA.—April 7. R.M.S. Empress of Russia, Capt. A. J. Hosken, R.N.R., will leave China Merchants' Eastern Wharf at noon on Thursday, April 7, 1927. Tender "Alexandra" leaves Customs Jetty with outgoing passengers and hand baggage at 10.30 a.m. on Thursday, April 7, 1927. For Bills of Lading and Passages apply at the Offices of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, No. 4 The Bund (Tel. C. 4881). 5772 7-4

KOREA M., Apr. 8. HONGKONG via KEELUNG.—N.Y.K. Korea Maru sails from China Merchants' Lower Wharf. For Passage or Freight apply to N.Y.K., No. 31 The Bund (Tel. C. 4781). 5136 8-4

DELI M., Apr. 9. SWATOW, HONGKONG and CANTON.—The O.S.K.'s steamer Deli Maru will be despatched from O.S.K. Wharf on 9th instant. For Freight or Passage apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha, No. 2 Canton Road Telephone No. Central 4234). 5586 9-4

KIUKIANG, Apr. 8. AMOY, HONGKONG and CANTON.—The C. N. Co.'s s.s. Kiukiang leaves French Bund on Saturday, 9th instant, at daylight. Through Bs./L. granted for Bangkok, Haiphong and Straits. For Freight apply Butterfield & Swire, French Bund (Tel. C. 4881). 5774 8-4

KWONGSANG, Apr. 13. SWATOW, HONGKONG and CANTON.—The s.s. Kwongsang sails as above from Hunt's Wharf on Wednesday, 13th instant, at daylight. Through Bills of Lading to MANILA, HAIPHONG, SANDAKAN, STRAITS and CALCUTTA. For Freight apply Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd., General Managers, L.C.S.N. Co., Ltd. (Telephone No. Central 241). 5522 13-4

FOREIGN SAILINGS

TAMBA M., Apr. 7. BOMBAY via HONGKONG, SINGAPORE, PENANG and COLOMBO.—N.Y.K. Tamba Maru sails from N.Y.K. Upper Buoy. For Freight apply to N.Y.K. 31 The Bund (Tel. C. 4781). 9879 7-4

YENYO M., Apr. 7. HONOLULU, SAN FRANCISCO via NAGASAKI, KOBE and YOKOHAMA.—N.Y.K. Tenyo Maru sails from Wosung. Meeting tender leaves Customs' Jetty at 2.30 p.m. on Wednesday, and despatching tender at 8.30 a.m. on Thursday. Heavy luggage will be received into lighter at the Peking Road Jetty between 9 and 11 a.m. on Wednesday, the 6th. For Passage or Freight apply to N.Y.K. (Tel. C. 4781). 5135 7-4

KHYBER, April 8. MARSEILLES, LONDON, HULL, DUNKIRK and ANTWERP via HONGKONG, SINGAPORE, PENANG, COLOMBO, SUEZ and PORT SAID.—The P. & O. S. N. Co.'s s.s. Khyber, Captain C. Hester, R.N.R., will be despatched from Shanghai on or about Friday, April 8, 1927, for Marseilles, London, Hull, Dunkirk and Antwerp direct via Suez and the usual ports. The tender will leave the Customs Jetty on Friday, April 8, at noon to convey Passengers on board. Heavy luggage will be received into lighter at the Custom Jetty between 2 and 3 p.m. on Thursday, April 7. For further particulars concerning Freight or Passage apply to Mackinnon, Mackenzie & Co., Agents, No. 1 Canton Road (Telephone Nos. Freight Central 2069, Passage Central 2098). 5328 13-4

LIMA M., Apr. 9. GENOA, MARSEILLES, LIVERPOOL via SINGAPORE and PORTS.—N.Y.K. Lima Maru sails from N.Y.K. Upper Buoy. For For Freight apply to N.Y.K. (Tel. C. 4781). 11120 9-4

GENERAL. MARSEILLES via HONGKONG, METZINGER, Apr. 9. SAIGON, SINGAPORE, COLOMBO, DJIBOUTI and PORT SAID.—The M. M. Co.'s mail steamer General Metzinger will be despatched from the South Manchuria Railway Whangpoo Wharf, on Saturday, April 9, 1927, with mail passengers and cargo for Marseilles and ports of call. Passengers may embark direct at the wharf on Saturday, April 9, 1927. Heavy luggage must reach the Company's godowns No. 9 French Bund on Friday, April 8, 1927, not later than noon. For freight passage and general information please apply to Messageries Maritimes Agency, No. 9 French Bund (in the lane) (Telephone Nos. Central 221, 222 and 223). 4418 9-4

SAARLAND Apr. 10. GENOA, ROTTERDAM and HAMBURG.—The str. Saarland will be despatched on April 10, 1927. For Freight or Passage apply to Hamburg-Amerika Linie Filiale Schanghai, No. 3 Canton Road (Telephone Nos. Central 2097 and Central 2098). 5328 10-4

CAPITAINE, FAURE, FAST VOYAGE to CASABLANCA, Apr. 12. HAMBURG, ROTTERDAM and DUNKIRK.—The M. M. Co.'s steamer Capitaine Faure will be despatched from the M. M. Buoys on April 12, 1927. For freight please apply to Compagnie des Messageries Maritimes No. 9 French Bund (in the lane) (Telephone Nos. Central 221, 222 and 223). 4259 12-4

OUDERKERK, Apr. 12. GENOA, ROTTERDAM, AMSTERDAM, BREMEN and HAMBURG.—The Holland East Asia Line steamer Onderkerk will be despatched from Shanghai for Genoa, Rotterdam, Amsterdam Bremen and Hamburg on April 12, 1927. Optional Bills of Lading issued to all United Kingdom ports: Optional and Through Bills of Lading to all North Continental ports, including Belgium. For freight and particulars apply to the Java China Japan Line, General Agents, Brunner Mond Building, No. 41 Szechuen Road (Telephone Nos. Central 8755, 8756 and 8757). 4295 12-4

NINGCHOW, Apr. 12. GENOA, HAVRE, LIVERPOOL and GLASGOW.—The Blue Funnel Ningchow will sail from Shanghai April 12th, Butterfield & Swire, Agents (Tel. C. 4881). 4756 12-4

AFRICA M., Apr. 14. VICTORIA, B. C., and SEATTLE via KOBE, YOKKAICHI and YOKOHAMA.—The O.S.K.'s steamer Africa Maru will be despatched from Steveston on April 14, 1927. For Freight or Passage apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha, No. 2 Canton Road (Telephone No. Central 4234). 4996 14-4

FOREIGN SAILINGS

DEVANHA, Apr. 12. MARSEILLES, LONDON, HULL and ANTWERP via HONGKONG, SINGAPORE, PENANG, COLOMBO, ADEN, SUEZ and PORT SAID.—The P. & O. S. N. Co.'s s.s. Devanha, Captain W. A. Norman, R.N.R., will be despatched from Shanghai on or about Tuesday, April 12, 1927, for Marseilles, London, Hull and Antwerp direct via Suez and the usual ports. The tender will leave the Customs Jetty on Tuesday, April 12, 1927 to convey Passengers on board. Heavy baggage will be received into lighter at the Customs Jetty between 2 and 3 p.m. on Monday, April 11, 1927. For further particulars concerning Freight or Passage apply to Mackinnon, Mackenzie & Co., Agents, No. 1 Canton Road (Telephone Nos. Freight Central 2069, Passage Central 2516). 5194 12-4

RHEXENOR, Apr. 16. MARSEILLES, CASABLANCA, LONDON, ROTTERDAM, HAMBURG and HULL.—The Blue Funnel Rhexenor will sail from Shanghai April 16. Butterfield & Swire, Agents (Tel. C. 4881). 4418 16-4

TOYOOKA M., Apr. 19. LONDON, HULL, ROTTERDAM and HAMBURG via PORTS.—N. Y. K. Toyooka Maru sails from N.Y.K. Upper Buoy. For Freight apply to N.Y.K. (Tel. C. 4781). 8880 19-4

KATORI M., Apr. 19. MARSEILLES, LONDON, ANTWERP and ROTTERDAM via HONGKONG, STRAITS, CEYLON and PORTS.—N.Y.K. Katori Maru sails from N.Y.K. Lower Buoy. For Freight or Passage apply N.Y.K. 31 The Bund (Tel. C. 4781). 627 19-4

TJISAROEA, Apr. 21. BATAVIA, CHERIBON, SEMARANG and SOERABAIA.—The Java China Japan Line steamer Tjisaroea will leave Shanghai on 21st instant, taking through cargo to all ports of the Netherlands Archipelago. For freight and further particulars apply to the Java China Japan Line, Brunner Mond Building, No. 41 Szechuen Road (Telephone Nos. 8755, 8756 and 8757). 5370 21-4

EMPRESS OF RUSSIA. VANCOUVER, B.C., via NAGASAKI, KOBE, YOKOHAMA and VICTORIA, B.C.—The R.M.S. Empress of Russia, Capt. A. J. Hosken, R.N.R., will leave Shanghai on Saturday, April 23, 1927. For Through Bills of Lading to Canada, United States, Atlantic Coast Ports via Panama and Europe also Passages, apply at the offices of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, No. 4 The Bund (Tel. C. 4881). 2771 23-4

TOBA M., Apr. 28. NEW YORK via SAN FRANCISCO and PANAMA.—The N. Y. K. Toba Maru sails from N.Y.K. Upper Buoy. For Freight apply to N.Y.K. (Tel. C. 4781). 8180 28-4

CHENONCEAUX, May 7. MARSEILLES via HONGKONG, Maiden Trip. SAIGON, SINGAPORE, COLOMBO, DJIBOUTI and PORT SAID.—The M. M. Co.'s mail steamer Chenonceaux will be despatched from the South Manchuria Railway Whangpoo Wharf, on Saturday, May 7, 1927. For freight passage and general information please apply to Messageries Maritimes Agency, No. 9 French Bund (in the lane) (Telephone Nos. Central 221, 222 and 223). 4415 7-4

ATHOS, May 21. MARSEILLES via HONGKONG, Maiden Trip. SAIGON, SINGAPORE, COLOMBO, DJIBOUTI and PORT SAID.—The M. M. Co.'s mail steamer Athos will be despatched from the South Manchuria Railway, Whangpoo Wharf, on Saturday, May 21, 1927. For freight passage and general information please apply to Messageries Maritimes Agency, No. 9 French Bund (in the lane) (Telephone Nos. Central 221, 222 and 223). 4414 21-4

AUSTRALIAN PORTS

ARAFURA, Apr. 8. SYDNEY and MELBOURNE, &c., via JAPAN, HONGKONG, &c.—The Eastern & Australian S. S. Co.'s Arafura will be despatched from Shanghai on or about April 8, 1927, taking cargo for all Australian and New Zealand Ports. For Freight and Passage, etc., apply to Mackinnon, Mackenzie & Co., Agents, No. 1 Canton Road (Telephone Nos. Freight Central 2069, Passage Central 2516). 2214 8-4

AKI M., Apr. 23. TOWNSVILLE, BRISBANE, SYDNEY, MELBOURNE via HONGKONG, MANILA and PORTS.—The N.Y.K. Aki Maru sails from Hongkong Through Bills of Lading issued per connecting steamers. For Freight apply N.Y.K. (Tel. C. 4781). 4316 23-4

VESSELS DISCHARGING

MALWA. The P. & O. S. N. Co.'s steamer Malwa from London and Ports.—This steamer is now discharging all her cargo (except Opium and Munitions of War) at the Shanghai & Hongkew Wharf Co.'s Ltd.'s Hongkew Wharf. Consignees are requested to send in their Bills of Lading for countersignature and take immediate delivery of their cargo. Consignees of "Bulk" cargo will further be required to send their representatives to the wharf to verify the weights of such cargo whilst it is being landed. All claims against this steamer must be sent in not later than 15 days after completion of steamer's discharge or they will not be recognised. All risk of fire at the wharf and godowns to be borne by the consignees of the cargo. —Mackinnon Mackenzie & Co., Agents. 5536 6-4

DELTA. The P. & O. S. N. Co.'s steamer Delta from Bombay and Ports.—This steamer is now discharging all her cargo (except Opium and Munitions of War) at the Shanghai & Hongkew Wharf Co. Ltd.'s Hongkew Wharf. Consignees are requested to send in their Bills of Lading for countersignature and take immediate delivery of their cargo. Consignees of "Bulk" cargo will further be required to send their representatives to the wharf to verify the weights of such cargo whilst it is being landed. All claims against this steamer must be sent in not later than 15 days after completion of steamer's discharge or they will not be recognised. All risk of fire at the wharf and godowns to be borne by the consignees of the cargo. Mackinnon Mackenzie & Co., Agents. 5546 6-4

DAKAR MARU. The N.Y.K.'s s.s. Dakar Maru Voyage No. 12 Home from Liverpool via ports is now discharging at the N. Y. K. Wayside Wharf. Consignees are required to send in Bills of Lading for countersignature and take immediate delivery of their cargo. All risk of fire at Wharf and Godowns to be borne by consignees. Damaged cargo will be examined on Thursday, April 7, 1927, at 2 p.m. 5597 6-4

CITY OF WELLINGTON. The Ellerman & Bucknall Steamship Co.'s steamer City of Wellington from Europe via Ports.—This steamer is now discharging her cargo (except Prohibited Articles and Dangerous Goods) at the Shanghai & Hongkew Wharf Co.'s Pushing East Wharf. Consignees are requested to sent in their Bills of Lading for countersignature and to take immediate delivery of their cargo. Consignees of "Bulk Cargo" are requested to send their representatives to the wharf to verify the weight of such cargo whilst being landed. All risk of fire at the Wharf and Godowns to be borne by Consignees of cargo. All claims against this steamer must be sent in before the April 21, 1927, or they will not be recognised. Damaged cargo will be examined on Thursday, April 7, 1927, at 9.30 a.m. Bills of Lading must be produced at the examination. Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd., Agents. 5398 6-4

ANNAM. The motorship Annam from Copenhagen, Oslo, Gothenburg, Hamburg, Rotterdam, Antwerp and Dunkirk via Ports.—This vessel is now discharging her cargo to China Merchants' Central Wharf. Consignees are requested to send in their Bills of Lading to exchange for delivery order(s) and to take immediate delivery of their cargo. All claims against the ship must be sent within three days after completion of ship's discharge or same cannot be recognised. Examination of ship's damaged and broken cargo by Messrs. Paulsen & Bayer-Davy will take place at the above wharf on Saturday, the 9th instant, at 9 a.m. All risk of fire at the wharf and godowns to be borne by the consignees of the cargo. Agency of the East Asiatic Co., Ltd., No. 1 Canton Road (Telephone No. Central 3215). 5082 7-4

POST OFFICE MAIL NOTICES

Date and Destination	For	Ordinary	Registered
WEDNESDAY, APRIL 6.			
Tsingtao	Kwangsang	10.30	10.00
Tsingtao	Shantung	11.30	11.00
Ningpo and Wenchow	Hsin Peking	15.00	14.30
Japan Honolulu and U.S.A.	Yenyo Maru A	17.00	16.00
THURSDAY, APRIL 7.			
Hongkong Canton Manila Aust. and N.Z.	E. of Russia	9.00	8.30
S. Ports Aust., N. Z. Straits India and Europe via Suez	Khyber A C	13.00	10.00
Hongkong and Canton	Khyber A	12.00	11.30
Ningpo	Hsin Ningchao	15.00	14.30
Ports Aust., N.Z. Straits India & Suez	Pre. Poik	16.00	15.30
Hongkong and Canton		16.00	15.30
Chefoo and Tientsin	Thuscar	16.00	15.30
Tsingtao and Tientsin	Tanshan M. A	16.00	15.30
FRIDAY APRIL 8.			
Dairen	Taming	17.30	17.00
Japan via Nagasaki	Shanghai Maru	15.00	14.30
Ningpo and Wenchow	Hsin Peking	15.00	14.30
Hongkong Canton Manila Aust. and N.Z.	Pre. Taft	16.00	15.30
Japan Canada U.S.A. and Europe	Pre. Pierre A D	16.00	14.30
Dairen Korea U. S. S. R. and Europe (Marked via Siberia)	Sakaki Maru	16.00	15.00
Tsingtao	"	16.00	15.30
Amoy Hongkong and Canton	Kiukiang	16.00	15.30
SATURDAY, APRIL 9.			
Foochow	Hanan	11.30	11.00
Ningpo	Hsin Ningchao	15.00	14.30
Newchwang	Yungchow	16.00	15.30
Chefoo and Tientsin	Nanking	16.00	15.30

Remarks.—Mail matter should be posted at Sub-Offices well ahead of the specified closing time at the Head Office in order to catch mail collections from Sub-Offices.

"*Via Siberia*".—Mails for Europe via Siberia are temporarily despatched via Dairen according to the sailings of steamers of Dairen Kisen Kaisha (Times of closing are shown).

A Provisional time—subject to alteration.
B Parcel mail (for U.S.A.) closes at 12.00 on 9th.
C Parcel mail (for Straits settlements, G. Britain and other countries if conveyed per British packet and postage paid accordingly) will be accepted up to 12.00 on 6th.

ARRIVALS

Date	Name	Tons	Captain	Flag	From	Where berthed	Consignees
Apr 4	Totomi Maru	2005	Maeda	Jap	Japan		N Yuen Kaisha
" 5	Hsin Ningchao	2151	Chrick	Chi	Ningpo		Ningchao S N Co
" 5	Yuhsing	871	Morimoto	Chi			Shawhsing S S Co
" 5	Amazone	2939	Gabillagues	Fr	Marseilles	WW	M Maritimes
" 5	Yuta	1139	Okuda	Chi			Shawhsing S S Co
" 5	Ningpo			Chi			
" 5	Whangpo	1975	Mather	Br	River Ports	CNWP	B & Swire
" 5	Hunan	790	Andersen	Br	River Ports		B & Swire
" 5	Tungwo			Br	River Ports	HW	S M & Co Ltd
" 5	16-12 T. B. D.			Jap	Cruise		
" 5	16-10 T. B. D.			Jap	Cruise		
" 5	16-15 T. B. D.			Jap	Cruise		
" 5	Tingsang	1232	Baker	Br	Chefoo	ONW	J M & Co Ltd
" 5	Jortuna Maru	485	Shoda	Jap	Japan		Suzuki & Co
" 5	Pre. Polk	6160	Ahlin	Am	U.S.A., etc	HDW	Robert Dollar Co
" 5	Marutoshi M	4321	Kanita	Jap	Japan		N Yuen Kaisha

DEPARTURES

Date	Name	Tons	Captain	Flag	Destination	Cargo	Despatched by
Apr 4	Sogro Maru	598	Tigil	Jap			Suzuki & Co
" 4	Rajula No 6			Br	Cruise		
" 4	Ningsheo	1926	Morrey	Chi	Ningpo	General	Ningshao S N Co
" 4	Ningshih	1746	Ellassen	Chi	Ningpo	do	San Peh S N Co
" 4	Hsin Peking	1784	MacDowell	Br	Ningpo	do	S & Swire
" 5	Fuhing	1060	Chu	Chi	River Ports	do	San Peh S N Co
" 5	Changsa	1476	Pinderton	Br	River Ports	do	J M & Co Ltd
" 5	Tsotsang Maru	1349	Sosoka	Jap	River Ports	do	N Yuen Kaisha
" 5	Yokyang Maru	4384	Horie	Jap	River Ports	do	N Yuen Kaisha
" 5	Ainwa M N 74	906	Kawamota	Jap	Dairen	do	Mei Shun S S Co
" 5	Tachi Maru	1972	Nishimura	Jap	River Ports	do	N Yuen Kaisha
" 5	Hai Hsing			Chi	Cruise		Customs
" 5	Remo	6881	Camelli	Ital			L P S N Co
" 5	Nagasaki Maru	2256	Umemoto	Jap	Japan	do	N Yuen Kaisha
" 5	C. of Wellington	5629	Cory	Br			J M & Co Ltd
" 5	Hsin Tsungtah	546	Smith	Chi	Hankow	do	Ch. I. & T. Co
" 5	Tsangtah	475	Blown	Br	Hankow	do	Ch. I. & T. Co
" 5	Dairen Maru	1682	Yamamoto	Jap			N Yuen Kaisha
" 5	Kinko Maru	1261	Miyata	Jap	Kaohsiung	do	O Shosen Kaisha
" 5	Lily Heing	746	Rasten	Br	Cruise		Customs
" 5	Albert Vogler	2116	Tiemeyer	Ger	Hamburg, etc	do	All Chinese Lines
" 5	W. Montana	5451	Thorton	Am			Ad. Oriental Line
" 5	Hsin Ningchao	1131	Ulbrick	Chi	Ningpo	do	Ningchao S N Co

VESSELS AT WOOSUNG—Kintuan Lt. Vessel, Chingun Chi Tran. OUTSIDE WOOSUNG SPIT BUOY—Dauntless and Carlisle Br. Crs.

MERCHANT VESSELS IN HARBOUR

Harbour Section	Name	Tons	Captain	Flag	Date	From	Consignees
	Ainwa M N 25	986	Miura	Jap	Apr 2	Dairen	D Kisen Kaisha
	Annam			Den	Apr 4	Hongkong	East Asiatic Co
	Bellerephon	5715	Collins	Br	Apr 2		S & Swire
CNWP	Changsha	1440	Terrible	Br	Mar 16	Nenkiug	S & Swire
	Changwo	696	Smith	Br	Mar 11	River Ports	J M & Co Ltd
WTW	Chihli	1143	Kettlewell	Br	Mar 14		S & Swire
WW	Chunthe	7340	Hinow	Chi	Mar 30	Cruise	Customs
WTW	Chosan	1758	Byrne	Br	Apr 2		S & Swire
WW	Dairen Maru	3022	Suzimoto	Jap	Apr 4	Dairen	D Kisen Kaisha
	Dardanus	4739	Sundell	Br	Apr 4	London, etc	M Mackenzie & Co
NYKW	Fengyang Maru	2980	Kunikazi	Jap	Mar 23	River Ports	N Kisen Kaisha
	Fuji Maru	637	Kawai	Jap	Apr 4	Tientsin	Schai Trans Co
	Georgy	777	Cshakow	Rus	Mar 21		Sovtorgoflot
	Glenlee	4170	Kennell	Br	Apr 5	London, etc	Glen Line
KLTW	Hanan	816	Stewart	Chi	Dec 11	Wenchow	S M S N Co
	Hatkwang	501	Bontilla	Br	Jan 22	Chinkiang	A Petroleum Co
	Hunchun Maru	1245	Takeo	Jap	Mar 28	Tientsin	N Kisen Kaisha
	Harold Dollar	2923	Kealy	Br	Dec 27	Hongkong	Robert Dollar Co
KLTW	Heian Maru	924	Hagiwara	Jap	Apr 2	Japan	N Yusen Kaisha
	Hainfung	1356	Smith	Chi	Dec 11	Chefoo, T'tsin	O M S N Co
	Hsinchi	1596	Hobson	Chi	Dec 11	Foochow	O M S N Co
KLTW	Hsinkong	1969	Newberry	Chi	Nov 23	Canton	O M S N Co
KLTW	Hsinning	1434	Davis	Chi	Dec 4	Chefoo T'tsin	O M S N Co
	Hsin Ningshin	1089	Weldemann	Chi	Jan 27	Tientsin	San Peh S N Co
KLTW	Inone	826	Johnsen	Chi	Nov 23	Chinwantao	O M S N Co
NKKW	Irene Maru	814	Nishimura	Jap	Mar 14	River Ports	N Kisen Kaisha
KMAW	Katoling	1401	Rae	Br	Apr 2	Shuwangtao	Kailan Admin
WSW	Kasuga Maru	2125	Murakami	Jap	Apr 2	Japan	N Yusen Kaisha
	Kwangtsun M	1439	Kamei	Jap	Apr 2	Japan	M S Kaisha
	Kingsa	3141	Ross	Chi	Mar 30		C M S N Co
	Kiangching	1151	Chu	Chi	Apr 4		C M S N Co
	Kiangtsin	2101	Maxwell	Chi	Dec 21		O M S N Co
	Kiangking	2376	Spiltz	Br	Jan 7	River Ports	O M S N Co
	Kiangping	1722	Fosbin	Chi	Mar 23		San Peh S N Co
	Kiangshun	3141	McDavis	Chi	Dec 30		C M S N Co
	Kingtu	1151	Chu	Chi	Apr 2		C M S N Co
HW	Kingwo	284	Bellyer	Br	Mar 29	River Ports	J M & Co Ltd
WTW	Kinkiang	1228	Miller	Br	Apr 4		B & Swire
	Kochi Maru	1755	Ketayama	Jap	Apr 3	Japan	Y K K Kaisha
	Kuan Maru	1401	Shiratori	Jap	Apr 4	Hongkong	N Yusen Kaisha
HW	Kutwo	1924	Pettigrew	Br	Mar 11	River Ports	J M & Co Ltd
KLTW	Kwangchi	316	Tong	Chi	Dec 6	Wenchow	O M S N Co
HW	Kwongsang	1429	Robertson	Br	Apr 3	Swatow	J M & Co Ltd
KLTW	Kwangtah	1336	Copp	Chi	Nov 23	Canton	O M S N Co
	Lessing	972	Deckwyr	Br	Jan 27	Tientsin	J M & Co Ltd
	Likin		Sobel	Chi	Feb 16	Cruise	Customs
KYLW	Meinyi	1733	McEwan	Br	Jan 31	River Ports	J M S N Co
NKKW	Lushan Maru	1507	Yasukawa	Jap	Apr 1		N Kisen Kaisha
	Malwa	2953	Randall	Br	Apr 4